MEN AND MEASURES

CONSIDERED POLITICALLY AND PRACTICALLY.

The Charge: Against the Governor of Arkansas-The

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., January 4.-A rather sensational phase has been developed in the investigation of the alleged deficit in the accounts of the late Treasurer Churchill, now governor. It appears that State Treasurer Woodruff has denied Governor Churchill access to the records of the treasurer's office for the purpose of preparing an explanation of the supposed discrepancy as reported by the investigating committee. The governor reported this fact to the committee, and was nformed that he could have access to the records, but would be restricted to the examination of certain items wherein a discrepancy is charged. It is understood that Governor Churchill declined the offer and informed the committee that unless he was allowed a full and fair showing he will submit the whole matter to a judicial investigation. Thus the case is at a standstill. Senator E. C. Mitchell, a member of the investigating committee, who has been absent on account of illness, is expected to reach the city to-morrow, when it is believed some satisfactory arrangement between the committee and governor and his friends will be made whereby the matter can be settled and laid before the public. The discrepancy is now placed at nearly \$200,000. Public opinion here is decidedly in favor of Governor Churchill, and his statement of the apparent deficit is awaited with mingled curiosity and

There are fifteen bondsmen, among whom are some of the wealthiest men in the state. A number of them met in the governor's office at 11 o'clock this morning and informally discussed the situation. All agreed that Governor Churchill was justified in refusing to accept the proposition of the committee unless all the records were placed at his disposal, so that his explanation could be full and

A prominent citizen informed your corres pondent to-night that in two items alone the governor was entitled to a credit of some thing like \$150,000. The credits are \$40,000 in warrants paid out to members of the legislature in 1875, which warrants have been mislaid or stolen, but the money paid upon them was receipted for, as can be proven by the legislators. The other item is divers bonds of various counties, redeemable at the state treasury, which were so redeemed, but through an error no credit was given the state treasurer. The full amount of these bonds is placed at about \$100,000. There are other items which it is claimed will cover the fulk amount of the deficit.

Governor Churchill and his friends are quite confident that, with a fair showing, he will be able to satisfactorily account for every dollar of the missing funds. To-morrow he will appear before the committee, and if existing differences are adjusted will take the iniatory step in his explanation. Several days will be required to give it in detail.

GENERAL GRANT AND FITZ-JOHN PORTER New York, January 4.-It was made known in the city yesterday that General Grant had recently reached the conclusion that General Fitz John Porter was a greatly injured man, and that the conviction and dismissal of the latter from the army was an act of flagrant injustice. It was further said that General Grant had expressed these views friends, and it was surmised that he either had addressed, or in tended to address, an earnest appeal to Pres ident Arthur for the prompt restoration of

General Porter to his proper rank in the army.
A reporter called upon General Grant at his residence on East Sixty-Sixth street and asked him if these statements were true. "Yes, sir," answered the general, "those statements are correct, with the exception that I have not said anything about General Porter's restoration to the army. I am anxious to see justic done to General Porter's reputation as a sol-dier, but the question of his being restored to the army is something that I have nothing to

"How came you to satisfy yourself that in justice had been done to General Porter?" the

reporter asked.

Well, as you probably know," was the re ply, "I had fully made up my mind that the judgment of the court-martial was a just one. Recently, however, at the request of General Porter, I have read over all of the testimony in the case, and also the orders and reports of the confederate officers who were at the second battle of Bull Run. As I progressed in my reading I became very much interested in the case and found that the facts were very different from what I have hitherto believed. I am of the opinion that had all of the testimony and documents now available been brought before the court-martial there would have been no verdict against General Porter. The orders of the confederate generals show Porter said it was and not where the courtmartial was led to believe it was. For 19 years I have believed that the finding of the court was a just one and warranted by the facts. But now I see that I am in error, and the fact that for 12 years, when I was general of the army and president of the United States, I had it in my power to do General Porter justice and did not, makes me feel under obligations to do all that I possibly can to remove the odium and disgrace from him

How long is it since you became convinced

, within the last two months. I finished reading the testimony about three weeks ago, and since then I have expressed my convictions unreservedly to some of my friends. I did not expect, however, that anything would be printed in the newspapers about the matter. I communicated my condusions clusions, after investigating the matter, to General Logan, who, as a warm personal friend of mine, I desired to understand clearly my position. I think that General Porter is entirely innocent of the charges made against him, and am thoroughly satisfied that in General Pope's campaign he did his duty to the very best of his ability."

"Have you written to President Arthur about this case?"

"Have you written to Fresident Action about this case?"
"I must decline to say anything on that subject. What I do or say will all be made public in due time and through the proper channels. I shall write out my views and append my signature to them, and it is quite likely that my statement will in the course

of time find its way into print. I cannot tell you when that statement will be prepared."
"Do you believe that General Porter will be reinstated in the army?"
"I think justice should be done him on the facts as they exist. He has been greatly wronged, and there is scarcely any reparation that can entirely compensate him for the

wronged, and that can entirely compensate him for the that can entirely compensate him for the many year of misrepresentation and humiliman jon. a ion. Secourse, the first step to be taken, providing the government can be brought to see the matter in the same light that I do, is to restore to General Porter his good name and give him back his reputation as a soldier, so that neither himself nor his family need longer suffer humiliation and dishonor. Ultimately he may be restored to the army, but that is a point that I do not care to talk about.

about."
"What do you think, general, of the rule that a soldier should always obey orders?"
"Sometimes it may become the duty of a soldier to disobey orders. For instance, a commanding general may send an order to a subordinate who is a long distance off. He may not be fully acquainted with the condi-tion of affairs at the place where his subor-dinate is, or during the transmission of the order circumstances may have taken on an entirely different phase. Such things have entirely different phase. Such things have been known to happen, and very often, there-fore, it becomes the bounden duty of the sub-ordinate to disobey orders. Being in posses-sion of knowledge of which his superior is not, and, perhaps, cannot be, he should exer-cise his own judgment and do what may seem to him to be right." Do you now understand that General Por-

railed to obey General Pope's orders?"
I did so understand for 19 years, but now understand that he did not disobey orders. However, I am not desirous of saying any thing about the merits of the case in detail until I do so over my own signature.'

LAMAR AND THE SENATE. JACKSON, Miss., January 4 .- A democratic caucus will be held to-morrow night on the senatorial question. Colonel Lamar is in the city, and will remain until after the caucus, when he will return to Washington. He will have no opposition for re-election.

MISS KELLOGG'S MAID. MEMPHIS, January 4 .- At Milan, Tennessee, when the train which was bringing Clara Louise Kellogg and her concert troupe to Memphis, stopped for dinner, the party entered the hotel, to take advantage of the twenty minutes allowed for refreshments. First went Mr. Pond, the business manager, who was followed by Miss Kellogg and her colored maid. Mr. Pond and Miss Kellogg had seated themselves at the table and the maid was about o follow suit, when Mr. Miller, the proprietor, tepped forward and informed the lady of color hat separate tables were reserved for servants, Miss Kellogg at once became very indignant and demanded that her maid should be per-

and demanued that her maid should be permitted to eat with her. She claimed that her maid had traveled with her all over the country, and this was the first instance where any objection had been raised on account of her color. If the maid was not promitted. If the maid was not permitted to sit at the same table, Mr. Miller was informed, the who e party would leave the dining-room. This argument was a clincher, and the meal was served without further objection on the part of the proprietor.

NECROLOGICAL. Chattanooga, Tenn., January 4.—A special announces the death of Hou. C. C. Clay, at his country residence near Huntsville, Ala., Tuesday, He was buried at Huntsville yesterday with great pomp. The deceased was 4 United States senator of Alabama before the war and a confederate state senator du-

The war and a mannessed the series of the series of the government works at the mouth of the Jones bayou, Red river, died suddenly here yesterday, it is supposed of heart disease.

has mannessed the has manness

RIGIMOND, Ky.. Jahuary 4.—James Isam died in this county last Sunday, at the age of 192 years. During the war of 1812 he passed his time in a cavern in the mountains making saltpetre to manufacture for gunpowder, for the American army.

"When do you gaue the "When the you know others began with Keats. Then you know others have carried it forward."
"What are your plans respecting your visit "What are your plans respecting your visit"."

MEMPHIS, January 4.—Michael McFadden, chief engineer of the Memphis fire depart-ment since 1874, died this afternoon of pneu-

NEW YORK, January 4.-Dr. John W. Draper ied this morning, at the age of 71 years. PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., January 4. Senator David Davis is ill with a severe sore throat, the result of a cold contracted at the president's new year's reception. His physicians have advised him to remain in doors for several days. al days.

A gentleman said to-night that he had it from excellent authority that ex-Senator Sar-gent, of California, is to succeed Secretary Kirkwood.

OSTON, January 4.—It is stated, to-night,

Boston, January 4.—It is stated, to-night, that Judge Morton, senior associate justice of the supreme bench of the state, will succeed Chief-Justice Gray.

Chattanooga, January 4.—Ex-Vice President Wheeler, is in the city, visiting his cousin, Captain Wheeler. He is not in very good health, but as soon as he recovers will visit the site of Andersonville prison, and early in the spring leave for California.

New York, January 4.—In his sermon Sunday Rev. Henry Ward Beecher stated that any man who perverted one dollar intended for the education of children should be gibbetted as a criminal, and he concluded by asking what would he say of a man who made the loss of virtue a condition of giving place; what punishment could be found for such a miscreant. At a meeting of the new Brooklyn board of education to-day the remarks were read and a motion made that a committee of three be appointed to visit Beecher and ask him for the information on which he based his remarks. The motion being out of order, was overruled, but will probably come up again. probably come up again.

Vaccinating the Actors. Vaccinating the Actors.

New York, January 4.—Nearly one-half of the actors and actresses of this city have been vaccinated at police headquarters. The cause of the scare was a rumor that Samuel W. Percy, the leading man of the Booth troup, had died of small-pox in Boston, and on Saturday night three traveling troupes, the members of which had associated with Percy, arrived in the city from Boston.

Indiana's School CenanINDIANAPOLIS, January 42—Scheduges for the apportionment of the common school revenue for fution just completed by the superintendent of public instruction show the total number of school rehildren in the istate to be 714,315, an increase during the year of 10,785. The aggregate fund for apportionment is \$867,345.64: amount per capita, \$1.20.

The Swindlers in Pri The Swindlers in From an unry 4. Special. Two persons are an unry 4. Special. Two persons are in connection with the Madrid lottine the selfer of the Licket, and the next person of the Paris credit of the verse overed \$150,000 here.

OF GANGLING GAIT

AND SOMEWHAT LANK AND AWK WARD MEIN,

estle of Modern Estheticism Appurs

New York, January 4. - The Arizona wh arrived at quarantine this evening, had an her passengers Oscar Wilde, the poet and an tle of English estheticism. A corrected was directed to the captain's mon. As he approached the door opened and a man came out who was so tall that he had to bend double to get through the doorway. This was the distinguished asthete. The most striking feature about the poet's appearance height, which is over six feet, and the next thing to attract attention is his hair, which is of a dark brown color and falls down upon his shoulders, and, of course, long legs, which he seemed to be able to use without awkwardness. His face is rather long, oval in shape, and is clongated at the chin so as to be almost pointed. His nose is long and p inted. When he laughs his lips part widely and show a shining row of upper teeth, which are superlatively white. The complexion, instead of being of the rosy hue so common to Englishmen, is so utterly devoid of color that it can be only said to resemble putty. His eyes are blue, or a light gray, and instead of being dreamy, as some of his admirers on this side of the Atlantic have imagined them to be, they are bright and quick, not at all like those of one given to perpetual musings on the ineffably beautiful and true. Instead of having a small delicate hand only fit to caress a lily, his fingers are long and when doubled up would form a fist that would hit a hard knock, should occasion arise for the owner to descend to the real enough to resort to that

sort of an argument. The voice is anything but esthetic. It is almost burly, and becomes coarse in a laugh, a form of expression whice he apparently uses immoderately. One of the peculiarities where the head of the peculiarities in the latter has accounts almost at reg. The voice is anything but esthetic. It is of his speech is that he accents almost at regular intervals, without regard to the senseperhaps a result of an effort to be rhythmic in conversation as well as in verse.

When the poet confronted his visitors he was smoking a cigarette and bowed gracefully. Being asked how he had enjoyed his voyage, he replied that he had found it dull. Then one asked him if he would be kind enough to tell in a few words just what estheticism

"Well," said he, "esthetics, you know, is the science of the beautiful. In this modern movement there is a searching after the true, you know. Oh, yes; the philosophers say That the true and the beautiful are almost that what is true is beautiful.

"Yes."
"What else are you trying to do?"
"Estheticism, you know, is a sort of correlation of all the arts. Its disciples are encleavoring to find out the secret of life."
"Is not it a fact that the esthetic movement appricated itself in developing individual

RICHMOND, Ky., January 4.—James Isam ied in this county last Sunday, at the age of "When do you date the beginning of this

HARTFORD, January 4.—Hon. George N. Peet, of Canaan, Conn., is dead. He was a prominent democratic politician, and was state senator in 1880. He was a cand.date for the national congress.

"What are your plans respecting your visit to this country?"
"I can hardly say yet. If I do nothing more I will have an opportunity to see America, and that, you know, will be something."

"Is it true that you are going to publish a volume of poems here? No direct answer to this question was

"I will bring out a play on the subject of modern nihilism. It is to be brought out here because I could not get it cast in London to suit me. What success this meets with will determine what I shall do with another play I have brought with me. I don't want, ou know, to bring a thing out unless I can get it acted."
"What sort of a play is the second one?"

"It is in blank verse "Is it your intention to deliver lectures

bughout the country?"
Yes," he replied, "I begin in New York on January 9. UNPRECEDENTED LOSSES AT SEA

The Record of Rayages Among the Merchant Marine NEW YORK, January 4 - The record of steamship

isasters for 1881 shows that 141 were to British

teamships, fifteen were American, six French, six Danish, five German, three Dut h, four Swedish, one Brazilian, three Belgian, four Spanish, two one Brazilian, three Beigian, four Spanish, two Chillan; Mexican, Chinese, Austrian, Japanese and Norwegian, one each. Of three the nationality could not be learned. Of these four were of steel, five of wood, and the rest fron vessels. The total tomage lost was about 200,000 tons, of which 151,041 tons were British, 1,568 American, 4,300 Dutch, 2,488 Swedish, 1,009 Brazilian, 6,486 French, 4,043 Belgian, 3,274 Danish, 4,562 German, 4,177 Spanish, 680 Mexican, 1,233 Chinese, 808 Austrian, 947 Japanese, 697 Norwegian, and 1,750 Ghilian. Of the disasters, 99 vessels were stranded, 30 sunk by collision, 40 foundered, seven burned, 11 are missing, six were abandoned at sea, two were sunk by ice, one broke in two, and one was destroyed by explosion. Eleven of the vessels are known to have been laden with grain, twenty-three with coal, eleven with fron, two with cotton, and one each with copper ore, petroleum, provisions, wool and sugar. The greatest number of disasters at sea in an, one mouth was in October and the records for that month are unprecedented within the history of the merchant marine. The total number of steamships lost in October was 32, of which 18 were British. France, Germany and Norway lost two each. Austria, Behzi m, Brazii, Chili, Holland, Russia and Spain, one each. Of salling vessels there were 236 lost, including 81 Eritish, 11 Italian, 10 Dutch, 10 Russian, and 5 American. It is possible that when the full returns for November are received the losses will nearly reach those of October. Chilian; Mexican, Chinese, Austrian, Japanese and

It is estimated that no less than 43,033 tons of pro It is estimated that no less than 43,055 tons of produce were lost in the October gale, but most of the vessels lost were coal laden. The hurricanes of November were reported as most severe, and two steamships bound to this port from Furope in that month are still missing, the City of London and the Henry Edve.

St. Louis, January 4.-At the aftern St. Louis, January 4.—At the afternoon session of the rane growers' convention yesterday President Hodges delivered an address in which he gave a sketch of sorghum growing in the North, the increased facilities for producing sugar, the multiplication of sugar mills, operations in various parts of the north and the identity of interests between the north and south in the cultivation of sugar. The secretary of the Louisiana cane growers' association made some remarks about the growing of northern cane in the south, and said the result had been satisfactory. J. W. Nichol, of the Louisiana delegation, read a paper giving the result of some experiments he had made with orange sorghum

ane, which were quite satisfactory. Professor fagniss Swinson, of the Wisconsin university, and rofessor Scoville, of the Industrial university of llinois, read papers giving accounts of their experience with cane and the production of sugar. Mr. fodges and Colonel N. J. Coleman, of St. Louis, the association of the association of the second colonel Hodges and Colonel N. J. Coleman, of St. Louis, were appointed a committee to represent the association at the agricultural convention to be held in Washington.

TALES OF BLOOD.

The Ashland Tragedy-Murdore's Arrested-A Convict Killed.

CINCINNATI, January 4.-An Ashland, Ky., spe-I says that Ellis's strange conduct excited the suspicion of a citizen, who told Detective Heffin or it. Henrii then sent for hins and locked man in his room at the hotel, where Ellis first said that last summer he had heard Craft and Neal boast that be-fore Christmas they would carnally know Miss Thomas and Miss Gibbons. This morning in jail Ellis denied that Craft and Neal were guilty, but subsequently reasserted his first state-Ellis denied that Craft and Neal were guilty, but subsequently reasserted his first statement, saying he was compelled to retract by the prisoners who were in the same cell. The bodies of the victims were exhamed to day and the wounds examined. It was found that they correspond exactly with the statement of Ellis as to the position of the parties when the murderous blows were struck. Ellis has made all preparations for death and extects it. Detective Hellin thinks he was the chief actor in the tragedy, and that his confession is due to fears that others would give information first.

A MISSOURI TRAGEDY.

A MISSOURI TRAGEDY. St. Louis, January 4.—In the southern part of Montgomery county, Missouri, on December 29th, John, Tom, Joe and Abbie King went to Mr. Nelson's house near Americus, where a right occurred, in which young Nelson was killed. On Saturday night, a band of citizens attacked King's house and shot and wounded old Mrs. King and one of her ons, and killed Mrs. Austin and another of the King boys.

St. Louis, January 4.—On New Year's day, in the vicinity of Louisiana, Mo., John Morgan Shaw, one of Bill Anderson's guerrillas, was shot and killed by his brother, Marshall Shaw. The murder grew out of a family feud about the division of their father's property. In May, 1880, John Morgan Shaw shot and killed his brother Ferrin, and this second tragedy is the result of the first. TWO WOMEN SHOT.

MERIDIAN, January 4.—A special says a terrible tragedy occurred on the 30th of December, on a plantation four miles above here. Robert Lewis, son of the late Judge Langdon Lewis and brother of Will S. Lewis, shot Mrs. Will S. Lewis and her sister, Mrs. Thempson, both seriously, but not necessarily fatal, and then killed himself. The cause of the tragedy is unknown. MURDERED BY HIS STEPFATHER.

PENSACOLA, January 4.—A dispatch says that at line Orchard yesterday, Abraham Watkins was mur-

A GENERAL SHOOTING. NASHVILLE, December 4.—A special from Liberty, Tennessee, states that in a fight in a saloon at Auburn, Cannon county, last night, Costrell Bethel shot and killed Andrew Fouston and Charley Odom and shot and mortally wounded Bud WeAdoo. The greatest excitement prevails in the place over the shooting, but no arrests have yet been made.

MILWAUKEE, January 4.—Five negroes were arrested here to-day on the charge of seducing young white girls. Four girls, all under fourteen years of age, have been enticed into a negro hell-hole, kept by Emma Smallwood, and seduced. One girl claims that four or five brutes violated her in immediate succession.

SHOT HIS WIFE. MINNEAPOLIS, January 4.—John Looney shot his wife this morning because she refused to allow his daughter to get him whisky. The murderer immediately gave himself up. He was the father of the fireman killed in the recent mill explosion, and has been drinking heavily since that event.

A GIRL FATALLY SHOT.

MT. VERNON, Ill., January 4.—At Frèdericktown, seven miles north of here, yesterday afternoon, Thomas Miller, white, shot a negro girl named Annie Robinson inflicting a fatal wound. The girl was passing out of the premises, which the Robinson family had been forbidden to support the Robinson family had been forbidden, william and Gates, aged seven and five years respectively, the younger of the two secured a revolver belonging to the elder of the family, and discharged the weapon at his little adversary killing him instantly.

AN EX-CONVICT KILLED.

AN EX-CONVICT KILLED.

A DISGRACEFUL OUTRAGE. A Theatrical Performance in Griffin Interrupted by

GRIFFIN, January 4.-[Special.]-Great indigna tion is felt here to-day over an outrage committed last night at Patterson hall. While the McNeill last night at Patterson hall. While the McNeill Family was giving a chaste and refined entertainment, a young white man named Jin Couch, well known here for his profligacy, entered the hall in a state of intoxication and made such a noise as to be reproved by an actor on the stage. This angered him, and he marched down the alse with his hat on, and commenced the most outrageous use of foul language. There were no police in the hall, two having left because the doorkeeper would not admit the whole force, and several who wore stars not entitled to them. Couch was promptly ejected by Mesers, John D. George and E. P. Johnson. The performance then went on, but was subsequently disturbed by the other riotous parties, who went outside and threw rocks through the windows, barely missing several ladies. The stones were ten inches in circumference, and would have in all probability killed a person. The lady members of the troupe, who are really refined, cultured people, were greatly agitated and gave vent to their reelings in hysteric screams.

It was developed later that the city marshal ordered the police from the hall because admission was refused some of his force. It was also developed that one of the policemen said to a crowd that they might go to the hall and raise all the hell they pleased. The public is greatly and justly outraged, and will demand the instant removal of the officers who thus openly neglected their duty. They made no effort to catch the rock-throwers. An investigation is being held. Family was giving a chaste and refined entertain-

THE MERIDIAN MASSACRE.

The Evidence in and the Case Ready for Argument to-day the defense introduced Andrew Kinaid, special deputy sheriff on election day at Marion, who testified that Barnett was drinking. He went to him. Two negroes had pistols drawn on him. who testified that Barnett was drinking. He went to him. Two negroes had pistols drawn on him. Witness ordered the pistols put away. The negroes refused to obey. After getting Barnett quieted the listurbance again commenced. Witness could do nothing to prevent it. Does not think Barnett had 1 stick.

a stick.

The prosecution in the rebuttal produced Dr. J.
M. Johnston, who testified that he saw Barnett ap The prosecution in the rebuttal produced Dr. J. M. Johnston, who testified that he saw Barnett approach some boys who were firing from an anvit and tell them to desist: that it was improper on election day. The boys compiled. George I. Moore was sworn. He did not exclaim, "shoot the damned negro." He also testified that the first posse did not shoot at Vance's house. This was corroborated by three other witnesses. Van Morris swore that he captured a gun from a negro who tried to shoot him in the rear of Vance's house.

ouse.

B. T. Avara testified that the Brown negroes did not live in Marion district. Their place to vote was in another precinct.

The evidence is now closed and arguments will

The Public Debt.

The Public Debt.

Washington, January 4.—The following is the statement of the decrease of the public debt for the year ending. December 31, 1881; Decrease in the principal of interest bearing debts, \$120,730,80.00; decrease in interest accrued and unpaid, \$6,069,750.35; total decrease, \$126,790,593.35; less increase in debt bearing interest, \$24,134,911.80; increase in debt on which interest has ceased, \$43,870.00; total increase \$24,178.781.80; net decrease in principal interest, \$102,611,777.55; increase of cash in treasury, \$31,078,241.35; total decrease, \$132,690,018.90.

Mines Discovered. OTUNWA, Iowa, January 4.—Great excitement prevails here over the alleged discovery of gold and silver in paying quantities near the town of Lincoln, Nebraska.

Maryland Penitentiary Statistics. Baltimore, Md., January 4.—Receipts from all sources of the state penitentiary last year, \$67,140; expenses, \$65,140; number of prisoners, 545. THE CASE CLOSED,

AND THE LAWYERS READY TO PA RADE THEIR ELOQUENCE.

Judge Cox Decides Against the Motion to Re Case for New Testimony-The Prisoner's Continued Interruptions-The Prosecution State Their Law Points, Etc., Etc.

WASHINGTON January 4.-At the Guiteau trial this morning, before the proceding com-menced, Guiteau said: "This is a good time of it. Heffin then sent for Ellis and locked him in to make a speech, but I promised the marshal that I would keep quiet to-day, and I will try to do so.

Mr. Scoville read an affidavit setting forth that the affiant is the sole counsel for the prisoner; that the prisoner has been in such state of mind that he has been unable to render any assistance, or to suggest the names of any witnesses, and that the affiant has, since the closing of the case, learned the names of certain witnesses who can testify to material facts for the defense. After giving the names of the witnesses, and briefly stating what he expected to prove by each, Mr. Scoville moved that he be allowed to introduce this evidence.

Judge Cox inquired if counsel desired to be heard upon the motion.

Colonel Corkhill said: "I hardly think anything need be said."

Colonel Reed addressed the court in favor f the motion. He was aware that the matter was entirely within the jurisdiction of the court. It was not, however, without precedent, and that, too, in a United States, court. He then cited cases in support of his argument, and said that in this country it was the boast of our free institutions that the poor man should have the same rights in a court of ustice as the denizen of a palatial mansion, and he felt assured that the American people would not begrudge the extra day that was now asked in behalf of this prisoner in the same of instice and fair trial.

Mr. Davidge replied at some length, and lenied that any precedent existed for reopening this case simply to introduce cumulative evidence, particularly in the case of Doctor McFarland. He believed it would be scandalous to admit the testimony of a man so reckless as to form an opinion and be willing to swear to it, merely from reading the newspa-

After considerable discussion by the cour el, which was interrupted by Guiteau, Judge ox said that the counsel for the defense ox sand that the counsel for the defense came here a stranger to the courts of this district, and even the prisoner himself, and found himself environed by difficulties from the outset. The most serious difficulties was that the odium attaching to the assassination mode, the witnesser that the odium attaching to the assassination made the witnesses unwilling even to allow their names to be known to the defense. Appreciating all these difficulties, which embarrassed the defense, he (Judge Cox) had felt disposed to offset them with an equal latitude, and more than ordinary facilities in the preparation of the case. Evidence of insanity could not be offered in surrebuttal. In his opinion the proof of insurrebuttal. In his opinion the proof of in-santy should be limited to the evidence in chief of the defense, and the rebutting evi-dence of the prosecution. He, therefore, must exclude the evidence of Dr. McFarland. The testimony, however, of those witnesses by which the defense expected to prove what the prisoner asserted on the day of assassination, and on the day after, the motive for his act, the court held should be admitted as evidence of the court held should be admitted as evidence of the court held should be admitted as evidence.

dence in surrebuttal.

Mr. Brooks, chief of the treasury secret service, was called. The witness visited the prisoner at the jail the night after the shooting. Guiteau was in bed at the time. He arose in great anger and excitement, said the witness, and wanted to know what I meant by disturbing his rest and quiet at that hour of the I said it ill become him, a murderer te speak in that manner. He had disturbed the rest and quiet of the whole nation. He came back at me that he was no murderer, but a christian and a gentleman. His mind was made up that he had been moved to do the act is a political necessity, and it was for the good of the country. The witness continued: "I told him I was a republican and a stalwart, and he replied: 'Then you can appreciate why I did it.'"

The witness detailed at some length his conversation at the time. He (ness) said to the prisoner: "If had taken the De'ty into considerations." ou could not have done such an act.' prisoner replied that he had thought over the matter, and prayed over it for six weeks, and the more he thought and the more he prayed, the more he became convinced that the president must go and that it was his duty to re-move him. Notwithstanding his promise in the morning, Guiteau continued to interrupt, and became involved in an altercation with one of the bailiffs who tried to silence him. one of the bailiffs who tried to shence mm.
"I'll slap you in the mouth," he frequently
snarled at him, but made no demonstration of carrying his threat
into execution. At another time he said to
him, "You are nothing but a miserable underling, while I speak to 50,000,000 people
when I talk." when I talk

When Judge Cox had finished his remarks When Judge Cox had finished his remarks upon Scoville's motion, Guiteau insisted on expressing his opinion. "That is a first-class decision, Judge; that's all I want to get before the jury—what I said at the time relative to the causes that impelled me upon the president. As for the rest, I don't care a snap. I would not give 50 cents a bushel for this expert testimony. If I had money this expert testimony. If I had money enough I could get fifty of the best experts in the country to swear that I am as crazy as a loon. That's just how much that kind of evience is worth."

Mr. Scoville introduced a letter written by

the prisoner's father, in which he spoke of the prisoner, and expressed an opinion that he

The prosecution then submitted the state-

ment of the law points, on which they would rely, as follows:

1. The legal test of responsibility, where insanity is set up as a defense for alleged crimes, whether the accused at the time of committing the act alleged, knew the difference between right and wrong in respect of such act, That is if he knew what he was doing, and what he was doing was contrary to the law of the land, he's responsible."

Guiteau—"Didn't, because my free agency was destroyed."

2. If the accused knew what he was doing, and that what he is doing was contrary to the law of the land. It constitutes no defense even if it were true when he committed the act that he really believed he was thereby producing a public benefit, or carrying out an inspiration of divine origin or approval. Such belief would not afford any excuse, nor would such excuse be afforded by the fiets that it the commission of the act he was impelled by a depraved moral sense, whether innate or acquired, or by evil passion or indifference to moral obligations.

Guiteau—"All of which is false."

3. Insanity would, however, constitute a defense it by rason of disease, the accused at the time of

vas doing, or if he he did know it, that what he is doing was contrary to the law.

Guiteau—"I had no choice in the matter."

4. The only evidence in the present case tending to show an irresistible impulse to commit homicide is the claim of the accused that his free agency was destroyed by his alleged conviction; that the death of the president was required for the good of the American people, and was divinely inspired; that such conviction, even it it really existed, could not afford any excuse when the party knew he was doing wrong, and that it was contrary to law. No mere delusion or error of judgment, not even a fixed belief that what is prohibited by law is commanded or approved by divine authority—

Guiteau—"God's law is higher than man's law."

law."
—can exempt the accused from responsibility for breaking the law. To have, such effect the commission of the act charged must have been the result of an insane mind which was the product of disease, and of such force as to deprive the accused of the degree of reason necessary to distinguish between right and wrong in respect of acts. At the time of committing the the act he either did not know what he was doing or if he did, that act was wrong or contrary to the laws of the land,
At Mr. Scoville's suggestion the court was then adjourned till Saturday morning to give time for the defense to prepare points of law.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

John Bright Debates the Irish Question With

London, January 4.—John Bright and Joseph Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, spoke at Birmingham yesterday. The former traced the course of the Irish disaffection to the long course of tory misrule, and justified the coercive measures on

course of the Irish disaffection to the long course of tory misrule, and justified the coercive measures on the ground of their absolute necessity. He pointed out that much of the Irish discontent new arose from misconception or ignorance of English liberality, while Irish poverty resulted from the driving away of English capital.

He said: "I do not pretend to be a democrat. What I favor is such a degree of freedom as will give security to freedom, but not such a degree as would destroy it. Some who blame the government are ignorant of the principles on which alone democracy can be made tolerable. The principles they profess in regard to coercion might lead them, If at sea, to object to a multiple suppressed by putting the mutineers in iron. Irish Americans have organized conspiracy committees with the miserable idea that they could influence policy and safety of Great Britain by such means. Doubtless many of this class who were at the Chicago convention were, though mistazen, honest and patriotic, but they took their ideas of ireland from tales of bygone time.

Mr. Chamberlain said the government would suppress open or covert rebellion, and would find means to enable the land courts to deal with the cases coming before them. He had no sympathy with the absentee agitators, who, from a safe distance, caused the Irish to commit orime while they administer funds sent from America, in safe retreat in Paris or London. Mr. Chamberlain ridiculed the landfords demand for co operation. He thought the tenants rather ought to be compensated for excessive rents extracted from them for many years.

DUBLIN, January 4.—Whelan and Ryan, who were last week committed for trial on the charge of treason and felony, were released to-day on the application of the crower, but were subsequently arrested under the coercion act.

Bordeaux, January 4.—The tribunal of commerce has formally declared Joseph Charriol bankrupt. His liabilities amount to 15,000,000 francs. He has absconded and a warrant for his arrest has been issued.

Mr. Morton, United States minister, will give a banquet in honor of Gambetta and other French ministers Thursday.

The Geneva correspondent of the Daily Newssays that in anticipation of the completion of the st. Gothard railway, which will open, by way of Genoa, the central European markets to American breadstuffs, the Austrian railway companies announce their intention to make an important reduction in rates for foreign bound cereals.

GERMANY.

GERMANY.

Berlin, January 4.—Prince Bismarck hopes to secure the support of the whole center, and with it carry all government measures, including the tobacco monopoly bill.

A dispatch from Berlin published in Paris in a semi official form confirms the statement that the archbishops of Posen and Cologne will resign their sees—Prussia on her side is reinstating several of the deposed bishops. Dr. Busch, while in Rome recently, conducting the negotiations begun by Herr Von scloper with the vatican, promised a conciliatory administration of the May laws, but would nothouch the widest questions mentioned in newspaper rumors.

St. Petersburg. January 4.—A report that the state police department is to be separated from the ministry of the interior is officially denied. The Novesti says the question is enacted in government of grain of half a kopeck per pood, in order to increase the revenues of the commissariat department.

Panis, January 4.—Cheref Pasha has appointed Arabi Bey under secretary of war, thus restoring harmony to the relations of the khedive, chamber and ministry.

A Troupe of Penniless Thesplans.

Lynn, Mass., January 4.—The traveling thestrical company which were stranded here after playing the Irish drama, "Eviction," Thursday night and were compelled to go without breakfast the next morning, the proprietor of the Sagamore house, where they passed the night, refusing to furnish them with breakfast till the hotel bill was settled, are still here in a destitute condition. With the exception of Barton Vener and his wife, the members of the company are roaming the streets with scarcely a penny in their pockets Barton Vener is under arrest on two attachments. On the night they came to grief there were only about fifty people in the house in consequence of the storm which prevailed at the time.

An Immense Failure.

An Immense Fallare.

PORTLAND, Me., January 4.—J. Winslow Jones Co., packing firm, incorporated under Englis law, doing business in Portland and owning after corn factories and five lobster factories. And dourteen lobster and salmon factories in Produce, have to-day failed for 5182,000. An attackment was put on last night at the instance of Ne York parties. The assets two years ago, when it corporation was organized, were \$229,000. Immediate cause of failure is a too rapid expansion of business.

FALL RIVER, Mass., January 4.—The year of 1 has been one of unusual activity here in a building. The following mills have been en pleted; Border City, Durfee, Shane; and the folloing are in process of building or being complete Burne, King Phillip No. 2, Sagamore, Globe, Ya Mill and Laurel Lake. These mills add 250, spindles, and there will be over 1,675,000 when are in running order.

Palmer Pleads Guilty.

NEWARK, January 4.—City Auditor Fred A, Palmer was indicted by the grand jury to-day for forgery and at once placed at the bar, when he pleaded guilty to eight indictments for forgery of indorsements on warrants drawn on the city treasurer. He was remanded to jail. Around the World.

London, January 4.—A telegram from Monte-viedo states that the bark Frank Marion, from Brunswick, Ga., struck a rock while in charge of the pilot, which caused her to leak. She was dis-charging for repairs. INSULAR INCIDENTS

The extra session of the Louisiana legislature adjourned this afternoon sine die.

A Pensacola special says the schooner Smyth and the sloop Wanderer were recently blown ashore on Santa Rosa island, and three men were drowned.

The Louisiana annual conference of the M. E. church south began its thirty-sixth annual session in New Orleans yesterday, Bishop H. A. McTiere presiding. The conference will meet daily during this and a portion of next week.

The Western iron association met in regular

this and a portion of next week.

The Western iron association met in quarterly seed on in littsburg yesterday, tendance was large, and after a full and change of views in regard to the trade, we found in a healthy condition, it was man decided to realize the present card rate of

Rome, January 2 .- [Special.] -The new may

or and council were installed into office this af ternoon, and elected the following officers for 1882: Clerk, M. A. Nevin; marshal, E. J. Magruder; deputy marshal, John Stroud; city attorney, Max Meyerhardt; treasurer, W. T. Mapp. The new city fathers are all able and capable gentlemen, and will look well to the prosperity of Rome. The youngest mem-ber of the body, and in fact the youngest man who has ever been elected councilman, is Mr. R. A. Denny, the only one on the opposition ticket who was elected. Mr. Denny came to this city several years ago from York, Pa., read law, was admitted to the bar and is now read law, was admitted to the bar and is now one of our brightest and most promising young lawyers. His election was a well-deserved compliment and he will make a splendid alderman. Dr. J. M. Gregory has been elected city physician for the ensuing year.—Work on the new city hall will soon be commenced. The building will eost \$14,000, and will be quite a handsome structure.—Hon. S. Warren Mays, of Augusta, is in the city, visiting Hon. Seaborn Wright.—New Year's calling and receiving were quite generally indulged in last night.—The reports of the outgoing city council show that the financial affairs of the city were never in better condition. After meeting all current expenses, and paying the

Jones Boro, January 4.—[Special.]—The weather here has been extremely cold since last Friday.—An adjourned session of the county court was held yesterday by Judge Watterson, which cleaned up the criminal docket. Our county court, under the administration of Judge Watterson, is a great benefit to our county, and the business is disposed of with great satisfaction.—The McNeil family, supported by that great character, Sam K. Hodgson, and several other good performers, gave us an entertainment at College hall last night. Misses Laura, Minnie and Mamie McNeil deserve especial mention for their musical talent, recitations, etc., and whenever Sam K. Hodgson appeared in his various characters he drew loud applause. Altogether, the play is entertaining and laughable, and will give to any audience two or three hours of real enjoyment.

me surplus still remains in the treasury.

Thomaston, January 4.—[Special.]—Considerable excitement prevailed here yesterday over the report that the large dry goods and grocery house of Joseph Allen & Co., situated on Main street, had failed, with liabilities \$27,000, and the assets it is said will exceed these figures.—The Baptist church here has secured the Rev. J. W. Fackler, of Lumpkin, with restor for the present year. Mr. Fackler, is the present year. as its pastor for the present year. Mr. Fack-ler is a great favorite with the people gener-ally of this place, and is welcomed by all.— Some of the farmers have had a good yield on the late crop of cotton, and owing to the late fall and good weather, they have picked out without having it stained and have received

BARNESVILLE, January 4.—[Special]—Mr. J. E. Pound, of the Pike County News, was married to Miss Jimmie Fryer, of this place, on Christmas day.—Captain R. J. Powell's barn, full of provender, was burned last Friday night. A horse was burned with the barn. Supposed to be the work of an incendiary. The barn that was burned was not the barn to his place in town, but to his lower place just outside the incorporation.—An election for "fence or no fence" was held in this county last Saturday and resulted in about 100 majority for "no fence."—Rev. R. J. Willingham, the recently elected pastor of the Baptist church, has moved his family to Barnesville.

ELERRION, January 3.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the town council last night Marshal Almond resigned and Joseph L. Deadwyler was elected marshal.—Mr. Abda Oglesby has taken charge of the Globe hotel in this place, and Mr. B. W. Williams will run the Bristol house.—Pinkeye has been raging amongst the horses here, but none have died from it yet.—Judge Oliver, who was seriously wounded a few days ago, is some better, and hopes are entertained of his recovery.

trees falling, was made, rushed from where he was in no danger, towards the falling tree. He lived only twenty minutes after being

What the Papers Say. A SLOW MURDER. Charlotte Observer. On or about the 16th of December a little

colored boy named James Wilson, aged about six years, died in this city at the house of his father, John Wilson, from what was said to be typhoid fever. Rumors soon were put afloat that the child came to its death by starvation and brutal treatment, and the reports seemed to have sufficient truth to warrant an investigation of the matter. Last Saturday Coroner Alexander came into town and impaneled a ury of six men, consisting of Messrs, C. C. King, J. F. Harris, W. H. Gray, Jasper Alexander, J. W. Wilson and W. M. Cross, and exhumed the body. Dr. Wilder, the county physician, made a partial postmortem examination, after which witnesses were summoned and testimony taken. Six or seven witnesses who were examined testified to having seen the child abused on different occasions than manner, and that it was the continued until yesterday, and after the testimony was taken Dr. Wilder, who was not prepared on Saturday to make a critical examination of the body, had the grave reopened and made a thorough investigation, which revealed the fact that the base of the skull had been broken across, and that there was an accumulation of pus at the break; that the brain had sustained sufficient injury to cause death. that the child came to its death by starvation

to cause death.

A negro woman living with Wilson, Eme line Springs by name, is charged with having inflicted the injuries which resulted in death, by throwing the boy against a pot and break-ing his skull. She disappeared from the city shortly after the death of the boy, and her outs is at present unknown, as is also

that of the father.

Upon the evidence and the facts the jury returned a verdict charging Emeline Springs with the murder of James Wilson, and his father, John Wilson, with being an accessory

Several parties were arrested under suspi-cion of being implicated, but the evidence was not sufficient to warrant their detention,

was not sufficient to warrant their detention, and they were released.

The coroner is of opinion that he will be able to bring the guilty parties to justice, as it is to be hoped he will, for the evidence and facts show that the boy has been most cruelly murdered by degrees, the horrible crime being completed when his skull was broken. The father stands on the same footing in relation to the deed as does the woman, as it is in evidence that he was cognizant of the cruelty practiced on his child, and even participated in the devilish work.

SAVED FROM SIN.

Nashville Banner.

In the early part of last April a family named Myster and consisting of an old man, his wife, two young daughters and three little boye, came to this city from Illinois. Soon

after their arrival the father was taken sick, and after a long and paintar lilness died, leaving his family in the most abject circumstances and without the means of support. Since the death of the father and husband the remaining members of the family were compelled to lead the most economical life. They moved into an old and forsaken shanty on Rolling Mill hill, in South Nashville. During their residence here they have been sometimes without bread in the house. They have of late become so destitute and the future looked so dark, that the mother, who is aged and infirm, has given her consent for the two daughters to be offered as a sacrifice on the altar of virtue, as the last resort of prothe two daughters to be offered as a sacrifice on the altar of virtue, as the last resort of pro-curing the necessaries of life. This is indeed a pitiable case, and in such a city where all is prosperous, that two young girls at such a tender age should be driven by mere starvation to sell and barter their virtue and honor as an only means of keeping the "wolf from the door." Our informant, who by the way is a northern man, says that his attention was directed to this family that his attention was directed to this family by agentleman some few weeks ago, and he has furnished them with money whenever he could spare it, but as he, too, has to work for a living, that it is too expensive for him to support them longer. He says he visited the family last Sunday, and was shocked to find a crowd of men had congregated there for the purpose of aiding in wrecking the lives of these two poor creatures, who had become so disheartened and discotraged with life, that they had no other desire than to have bread. This gentleman, whose name is withheld by request, said it was more than he could stand, and as a means of saving one of the poor sonls, he offered the eldest daughter his name and his home, which was accepted, and last night Mary Myster was made his wife. The above facts are true and are given with the hope that a tender chord in the heart of some of the many charitable ladies of this city may be touched, and something done to save the other girl, a young, innocent creature, from a by a gentleman some few weeks ago, and he other girl, a young, innocent creature, from a life of shame. The now single sister is only 15 years of age, just budding into woman-hood. Perhaps if some good Christian lady would take this girl from such influences as would take this girl from such influences as she is at the present time surrounded with she might grow up to become an honor to her sex. "Tis true 'tis pity, and 'tis pity 'tis true' that any woman should be compelled to sell and barter her soul for bread in-such

The neighborhood of Crawford, Russell ounty, Alabama, has been in a fever of exitement since Sunday. One day last week a negro named Steve Strother made an unwar-ranted attack upon M J. Jones, a son of Colo nel A. G. Jones, whom he met in the road near Crawford, and beat him severely. Jones was unarmed and, therefore, unable to defend himself, but repairing to Crawford, he swore out a warrant for the arrest of the negro, and on Saturday night he was captured by Bailiff Revill. On Sunday a pre-liminary trial was held at Crawford and a iminary trial was held at Crawford, and a arge crowd of negroes were present, and neaded by Allen Jackson, a presiding elder of the African M. E. church, they avowed their ntention that Steve should not be incarcer ated in jail. When the magistrate, after hear-ing the testimony, announced that the pris-oner would be held to answer the charge, the negroes became very demonstrative, and when hegoes became very demonstrative, and when the bailiff attempted to leave the court room they rushed upon him, with revolvers in hand, and took possession of the prisoner and triumphantly bore him away.

On Monday morning Sheriff Ferrell and Deputy Sheriff Doles left Seale for the scene of the disturbance. During the day they arrested a young negro man who figured

arrested a young negro man who figured prominently in releasing Strother, but after the arrest had been made they were attacked by Jerry Sanders, father of the boy, who were that his son should not be carried to swore that his son should not be carried to jail. The plucky officers, however, were not to be intimidated by his threats, but proceeded at once to arrest him, and he took to his heels. Several shots were fired at him, and our informant states that he received four or five wounds, which brought him to the ground, and from the effects of which it is thought he will yet receive fects of which it is thought he will not recover. We were unable to learn anything later from the affair, but is feared that the end has not yet been reached. The citizens of the county are very much excited and indignant, and are determined that the dignity of the law shall be sustained at all hazzards be hoped, however, that it will not prove nee

A few days ago we published an account of the late tragedy in Jones county near Round CEDARTOWN, January 3.—[Special.]—Isaac Hinson, colored, a member of the convict camp at this place, was killed this evening by a falling tree. He, with a large force of others, were in the woods chopping cord wood and as the alarm, which is always given by trees falling, was made, rushed from where he was in correct in several particulars. On the evening named a dance was gotten up at a short distance from a grocery kept by Joseph Griggs, a white man. There were present a large number of negroes, and three young white men who are described as shift-less characters; their names were Jack Grav.

some time, when a negro threatened to shoot Joe Jackson, colored. The white man, Jack Gray, told him to go in, he would stand by oray, told min logo in, he would stand by him, and the fellow began firing. Almost instantly a general fight ensued, about twenty shots being fired. Bob Jackson, colored, fell dead, and Henry Jackson, colored, fell mortally wounded. Fuller Moreland, colored, tally wounded. Fuller Moreland, colored, was badly cut, Aleck Jackson slightly shot, Abram Jackson slightly wounded in the head, and Abe Billingslea cut. Jack Gray, the white man, had fired three times when he was stabbed. He crawled out of the house, walked around it, came back, and sitting

down died in a chair. Henry Jackson, and to Aleck Jackson as the nan who killed Gray. It was impossible, nowever, in the confusion, to tell what shots took effect. One negro came to the door of

the room and fired into the crowd five times COLORED MEN'S CAUCUS.

Macon Telegraph. wholly in the hands of Jeff, with authority to call the convention together within two months, and to arrange hall, etc., for its ses-

The object of this gathering of nearly fif-teen hundred of the best colored men in the state, as expressed in the caucus, is to con-sider the best ways for the colored man to proceed in the future, in the way of educa-tion, moral advancement and, if need be, what political doctrine he should follow. The inference is that the independent movement will not gain much sympathy from this new

MMONS LIVER REGULATOR. GREAT GERM DESTROYER PROPHYLATIC FLUID

Pitting of SMALL FEVER . CURED

ULCERS purified and healed. DYSENTERY CURED. WOUNDS healed rapidly. Removes all unpleasant

POX Prevented.

.... A CONSTATUTION: JANUARY 5, 1882.

CONTAGION destroyed.
SICK ROOMS purified and made pleasant.
FEVERED AND SICK PERSONS relieved and refreshed by bathing with Prophylactic Fluid redded to the water.

edded to the water. CATARRH relieved and DIPHTHERIA EKYSIPELAS cured. PREVENTED

J. H. ZELLIN & CO.:
MANUPACTURING (HEMIST), SOLE PROPRIETORS.
aug:50—dly tues thur sat&wly top col u r m

company is organizing, and will build another big factory.

Sandersville Mercury. On Friday evening last Arnold Brown, the On Friday evening last Arnold Brown, the youngest son of Captain Thomas E. Brown, while on a visit to Judge Youngblood's plantation was thrown from his horse, which got frightened, and his foot being caught in the tenderly to the house when Drs. Hollifield and Rawlings were sent for. An examination showed a most serious injury, being a terrible fracture at the knee joint. All that could be done for the little sufferer was done, and we believe he will soon recover.

—In Pontiac, Mich., a young lady called at the drug store of Messrs, Wells & Co., for a bottle of St. Jacobs Oil a few days ago. Being asked how it was liked, she replied that it had cured her mother of rheumatism, and whenever any of the family had an ache or pain, St. Jacobs Oil was immediately applied. These gentlemen also say that St. Jacobs Oil is the best selling article they have in their store. in their store.

A New York clergyman says he never knew an intellectual man who was a good dancer.

Suffering Women.

There is but very small proportion of the women of this nation that do not suffer from some of the diseases for which Kidney Wort is specific. When the bowels have become costive, headache torments, kidneys out of fix, or piles distress, take a package and its wonderful tonic and repoyating nower will wonderful tonic and renovating power will cure you and give new life.—Watchman.

Lady Wilde says that the abbreviated dress of to

Forty Years' Experience of an Old Nurse. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the pr MBS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for forty years with never-failing success by millions of mothers for their children. It relieves the child from pain, cures dysentery and diarrhea, griping in the bowels and wind-colic. By giving health to the child it rests the mother. Price 25 cents a bottle.

mar26—tly sat sun wed&wly

It Guiteau had his little pistol he would doubtless be 'inspired to remove' Corkhill.

Given Up by Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfrey is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Wellsaday! That's remarkable! I will go

said he must die!"
"Well-a-day! That's remarkable! I will go
this day and get some for my poor George—I
know hops are good."

A reception dress is made of black and gold, with arge sunflowers on the shoulders.

Digestion the Grent Secret of Life.

A good digestion secured by taking Simmons Liver Regulator.
"It is the only medicine that relieved me after suffering five years with dyspepsia, heartburn, sick headache and constipation.

Geo. S. Ayres, Delaplane Sta., Va."

Genuine prepared only by J. H. Zielin & Co.

Yes, yes, let's make our navy more effective! Let's ave some more admirals appointed.

An Unusual Case RICHMOND, Ark., August 8, 1881. H. H. WARNER & Co.—Sirs: I was cured of chronic diarrhoea by your Safe Kidney and

JOHN D. FREEMAN.

There is one symptom which Guiteau seems no to have exhibited—he never wrote poetry.

Liver Cure.

An Extended Popularity

Each year finds "Brown's Bronchial Troches" in new localities, in various parts of the world. For relieving coughs, colds, and throat diseases, the Troches have been proved

'How Much Thread is Made to a Year."

The following article under the above heading appeared in The Atlanta Constitution, of December 18th, 1881, and the substance of it has subsequently been issued and extensively circulated in pamphlet form by a competitor:

HOW MUCH THREAD IS MADE IN A YEAR, A prominent advertiser of spool cotton has funished some figures in advertising that he make sufficient thread every day to go four times roun the world, upon which to form an estimate. Let use how much thread it takes to go four times roun he world.

see how much thread it takes to go four times round he world.

One dezen of thread of 200 yards contains 2,400 yards: now the world at the equator is 350 degrees of 69 1-5 statue miles, or 24,912 miles in circumference, 1,760 yards to the mile, or 43,815,120 yards. It requires, therefore, 18,259 dozens to go around the world, and a daily product of four times that quantity amounts to 73,076 dozens per day, or with three hundred working days in the year, the prodigious quantity of 21,922,810 dozens for one company alone. How they wind it at all, does not appear, for the automatic winding machinery of which they boast that they have seventy-eight machines, turning out 6,000 to 7,000 spools per day, can at their highest estimate turn out 43,509 dozens per day, or 13,650,000 dozens per annum.

This is one company alone, and not the largest exhibitor at Atlanta. How much thread is made in a year? Who knows?

The manufacturers of Clark's O.N.T. Spool Cotton are the "prominent advertisers" referred to, and their advertisement from which the author quotes, reads as follows:

The "O.N.T." factories at Newark, New Jersey, and Paisley, Scotland, employ 5,200 operatives.

Make sufficient thread daily to go around the world four times.

world four times.
Use 6,000 horse power.
Consume 43,000 tons of coal annually, or 140 tons adily.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES AND JEWELKY.

THE LARGEST, THE RICHEST, THE CHEAPEST

DIAMONDS, WATCHES JEWELRY To be found in the Southern States. All competition yields to our PRICES. The only Jewelry House in the South

having a Factory run by steam to supply our immense trade.

BUY FROM M NUFACTURERS AND SAVE THE RETAILERS PROFITS.

I n't make the mistake of purchasing

HOLIDAY before examining our elegant and varied stock. Great

BARGAINS WILL BE OFFERED THIS WEEK

J. P. STEVENS & CO., SALESROOM, 34 WHITEHALL ST. FACTORY, WHITEHALL STREET,

DISPLAY ART HALL EXPOSTION

Where every article is offered for sale.

892 oct16 d3m 2p nx expos mat topc PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

Rheumatism Neuralgia Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side. Sprains, Pain in the Back and Side.

There is nothing more painful than these diseases; but the pain can be removed and the disease cured by use of PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.

This remedy is not a cheap Benzine or Petroleum product that must be kept away from fire or heat to avoid danger of explosion, nor is it an untried experiment that may do more harm than good.

more harm than good.

PAIN KILLER has been in constant use for forty years, and the universal testimony from all parts of the world is, IT NEVER FAILS. It not only effects a permanent cure, but it relieves pain almost instantaneously. Being a purely vegetable remedy, it is safe in the hands of the most inexperienced.

The record of cures by the use of PAIN KILLER would fill volumes. The following extracts from letters received show what those who have tried it think:

Edgar Cady, Owatonna, Minn., says:
About a year since my wife became subject to severe suffering from rhoumatism. Our resort was to the Pain Killen, which speedily relieved her.

relieved her.

Charles Powell writes from the Sailors' Home, London:

I had been afflicted three years with neuralgia and violent spasme of the stormen. The doctors at Westminster Hospital gave up my case in despair. I tried your Pain Killer, and it gave me immediate relief. I have regained my strength, and am now able to follow my usual excursation.

G. H. Walworth, Saco, Me., writes:
I experienced immediate relief from pain in
the side by the use of your PAIN KILLER. the side by the use of your .

E. York says:

I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism

A have received great benefit.

I have used your PAIN KILLER for rheumatism, and have received great benefit.

Barton Seaman says:

Have used PAIN KILLER for thirty years, and have found it a never failing remedy for rheumatism and lameness.

Mr. Burditt writes:

It never fails to give relief in cases of rheumatism.

Phil. Gilbert, Somerset, Pa., writes:

From actual use, I know your PAIN KILLER is the best medicine I can get.

All druggists keep Pars Killer. Its price is so low that it is within the reach of all, and it will save many times its cost in doctors' bills. 25c., 50c., and £1.00 a bottle. PERRY DAVIS & SON, Proprietors, Providenco, R. L.

MAGNOLIA BALM

A SURE RECIPE

For Fine Complexions.

Positive relief and immunity from complexional blemishes may be found in Hagan's Mag-nolia Balm. A delicate and harmless article. Sold by druggists everywhere.

It imparts the most brilliant

and life-like tints, and the closest scrutiny cannot detect its use. All unsightly discolorations, eruptions, ring marks under the eyes, sallowness, red-ness, roughness, and the flush of fatigue and excitement are at once dispelled by the Magnolia Balm.

It is the one incomparable Cosmetic.

feblues that sasun nextread no

ENJOYMENT.

FAVORITE ROUTE FOR PASSENGERS.

Leave Savannah for Baltimore, every Tuesday nd Friday. Two hundred miles of sea travel saved by taking

his route.
The trip on the magnificent Chekapeake bay, the ival in beauty and grandeur of the far famed bay f Naples, is rendered interesting and enjoyable by the superb scenery, and numerous points of promi-

lence.

Passage—Cabin. \$15.00, including meals and state coms. Second cabin, \$12.50, including meals and tate rooms. ROUND TRIP, \$25.00.

Freight as low as by an, other route. For further information, apply to





SAM'L H. BUCK & CO. NO. 187 GRAVIER ST., NEW ORLEANS, (Cotton Exchange Building,)

GENERAL COTTON BUSINESS.

LOTTERIES.

All the drawings will hereafter be under the e dusive supervision and control of GENERALS G. T. BEACREGARD and JUBAL A. EARLY. A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FOR-TUNE. FIRST GRAND DISTRIBUTION, CLASS A. AT NEW ORLEANS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1882-140th Monthly Drawing.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

Incorporated in 1868, for 25 years by the Legisla ture for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which it reserve fund of over \$850,000 has since been added.

By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879.

ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DRAWINGS WILL take place monthly.

take place monthly.

It never scales or postpones,
Look at the following distribution: CAPITAL PRIZE \$30,000. 100,000 TICKETS AT TWO DOLLARS EACH. HALF TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES.

The particular attention of the Public is called to the fact that the entire number of the Tickets for each Monthly Drawing is sold, and consequent-

---40TH---

drawn and paid.

ly all the prizes in each drawing are sold and



In the city of Louisville, on Tuesday, January 31st, 1882.

These drawing occur mouthly (Sundays excepted, under provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky.

The United States Circuit Court on March 21st rendered the following decisions:

1st-That the Commonwealth Distribution Company is legal.

2d—1ts drawings are fair.

N. B.—The Company has now on hand a large reserve fund. Read the list of prizes for the

JANUARY DRAWING.

Prizo	***************************************
Prize	**********
20 Prizes 500 each	
100 Frizes 100 each	1
200 Prizes 54 each	
ood Frizes 2ueach	
1000 Prizes 10 each	
9 Prime \$200 and	-frantian Daire
9 Prizes \$300 each, App	oroximation rrives
9 Prizes 200 each	
9 Prizes 100 each,	
- 1 112cs 100 caci,	**********
7 4	_
1,960 Prizes	411
7 7 7 1 CO	
Whole Tickets &	Half Ticket

27 Tickets, \$50.

Remit money or Bank Draft in letter, or sent by Express. Don't send by Registered Letter or Postofice order. Address all orders to R. M. BOARD-MAN. Courier-Journal building, Louisville, Ky., or 809 Broadway, New York.

dec31—d4w tues thur sat&w3w

CONFEDERATE BONDS. NOW IS THE BEST TIME TO SELL THE DR. K. C. DIVINE,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office 42 & 44 Whitehall street. Residence, 167 Jones street. Third door west of McDonough street. 25 jan1-d3m R. JOHN S THOMPSON,

DENTIST,
No. 37% Whitehall street,
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DR. CH. R. UPSON, Offices: 66 and 68 Whitehall Street. ne medical and surgical diseases of NOSE, EAR, THROAT AND LUNGS.

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Office at Messrs. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar's.

Private office, No. 131 Marietts street, two blocks above the post-office. Diseases of the rectum, genito, urinary organs and syphilis a specialty.

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Publishers of Dental Luminary. Proprietors of
the Macon dental depot. Dealers in all kinds of
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Plans, specifications and Detail Drawings furnished for buildings of any description. After sixteen years experience will refer to our work throughout the south.

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MACON, GA. Office down stairs 118 Second street. Will practice in all the Courts.

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S. Attorney at Law,
Eatonton, Georgia.
Will also give attention to collections at Milledgeville.

SAMUEL W. GOODE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Corporation and Real Estate Law Specialties.
11210ct23 3m

Wm. A. daygood. MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD, MILLEDGE & HAYGOOD,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office, corner Alabams and Loyd streets, opposite
Georgia Depot.
Mr. Milledge being no longer Judge of the Police
Court will give his entire time and attention to the
reactice.
july6—dif

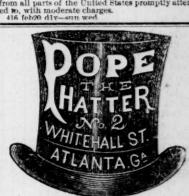
BUCKNER K. COLLIER.
ATTORNEY.
Offices: Opelika, LaFayette, Ala
nov5 dem

JOHN. FORMER Judge Atlanta Circuit.)
Formerly Judge Atlanta Circuit.)
ATTORNSY AT LAW
sep16—d6m. sep16—d6m.

WALTER R. BROWN,
ATTORNEY,
9 Whitehall St. ATLANTA.
Reference: American Exchange National Bank
867 sep25—d6m

Hugh H. Starnes. Val. W St. STARNES & STARNES, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW 806 Broad street, Augusta, Ga. 614 feb27—dly. Val. W starnes A. R. Wright, Max Meyerhardt, Seaborn Wright,
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT, & WRIGHT,
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Is prepared to furnish Designs, Plans and Specifications for buildings of every description. Orders
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BY W. C. MORRIS & CO. AT AUCTION

Furniture and Fixtures

OF THE

EXPOSITION HOTEL. ommencing TUESDAY, 10 o'clock, January 10th, 82 and continuing from day to day

At the EXPOSITION HOTEL at AUCTION, the outfit of 330 bed rooms, consisting of dressing case suits, carpets, tables, chairs, chamber set rugs, window shades, mattresses, comforts, etc.; also parior, office and dining room furniture, crockery and plated ware, kitchen furniture, etc.

Hotel keepers, dealers and speculators, look to Housekeepers, we now offer you a chance to get ne brussels carpets, rugs, and fine furniture at our own prices.

The Exposition hotel will be open five days prior of sale for the inspection of furniture, etc.

Ladies respectfully invited.

W. C. MORRIS & CO., A netioneers, No. 30 Peachtree street. 107janisun tues thurs sat sun tues

T HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED JOHN P. TUGGLE as a partner in my business, under the firm name of W. A. RUSSELL & CO.

57 jan1-dlw W. A. RUSSELL. CAUTION.

Georgia, Lumpkin county.-To all whom it may Concern.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED NOT to receive, trade for or advance money or goods on any promissory notes signed by myself and payable to R. H. Moore and W. H. McAfee, or either of them, as all of such notes are without consideration, were executed by mistake and arctorally null and void.

EMANCEL BAST.

Dahlonega, Ga., Dec. 24, 1881.

dec27—d2w

MUSICAL.

MRS. MARY MADDEN
WILL BE AT HER MUSIC ROOMS, 162
Whitehall street, on Tuesday, Wednesday,
Friday and Saturday of every week, from 12 m. until 2 p.m., for the purpose of receiving pupils and
making business engagements. 2,400

JOHN S. JAMES & CO., COMMISSION STOCK BROKERS, 16 BROAD ST., NEW YORK, JOHN S. JAMES, Member N. Y. Stock Exchange, WARREN T. JAMES.

Stocks, Bonds, &c., Bought and Sold for Cash or on Margin. or on Margin.

Refers to John H. James, Atlanta, Ga.
nov12—d2w&then d 2½ m sat tues thus

meeting all current expenses, and paying the

TROUBLE IN RUSSELL COUNTY. Columbus Enquirer.

THE ROUND OAK TRAGEDY. Macon Telegraph.

Warren Green and Abe Billingsie.

The dance progressed and considerable liquor was drunk. Jack Gray, white, was dancing with a negro girl, when a young negro man stepped on her dress and drew from her a remark that caused him to curse her. This begun the fuss, which was between two factions of negroes. High words ruled for some time, when a nearly fivestened to shoot

The evidence before the coroner was con-ficting, but points strongly to King Bland, colored, as the man who killed Bob and

An interesting meeting, composed of the leading colored men of Georgia, was held at the residence of Jeff Long yesterday. The meeting was simply a caucus to fix upon a detailed the leading to the control of the leading to the leading the same and the same are simply as a caucus to fix upon a date for holding the convention spoken of by us a few days ago, and to consider the feasi-bility of such a meeting. A careful discus-sion of the advantages was made, and the meeting finally decided to leave the matter

teen hundred of the best colored men in the sider the best ways for the colored man to proceed in the future, in the way of education, moral advancement and, if need be, what political doctrine he should follow. The inference is that the independent movement will not gain much sympathy from this new departure.

THE JOHN P. KING MILL.

Augusta News.

The managers of the John P. King mill, have selected the site known as Heckle's property for the new factory. The site has been purchased and titles are preparing. The site is just below the Sibley mill, on the first canal level, and at the Harrisburg extension of Broad street. It is a fine one, and will assist the Sibley in making a great factory settlement.

Augusta has just completed the subscription of \$1,000,000 to the King mill, and another large company is already organizing to build on the Harper property, just above the Enterprise. The incorporators' names are not all in, and authoritative information from the charter framers is not yet in order. But the

SPEED, COMFORT

Merchants and Miners Transportation Company.

Semi-weekly line from Baltimore and Savannah.

First-ciass steamships, fast, safe, reliable and comfortable. First-class steamships, fast, safe, reliable and comfortable.

Leave Baltimore for Savannah, every Wednesday
Leave Savannah for Baltimore.

Of M. A. DAUPHIN.

No. 212 Rroadway, New York,
Or M. A. DAUPHIN, Adanta, Ga.

N. B.—"rders addressed to New Orleans will receive prompt attention.

information, apply to JAMES B. WEST & CO., 114 Bay street, Savannah, Gå.



SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS

Particular attention given to the purchanse and sales of Cotton for future delivery in New Orleans, New York and Liverpool.

HENRY HENTZ, N. Y.

In Commendam.

AUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN BROKER AND DEALER STOCKS AND BONDS

Will Pay the Highest Market Price.
Office, No. 10 East Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.
FOR SALE. 1,000 State of Georgia 8 per cent Bonds. 3,000 lst Mortgage 7 per cent Railroad Bonds. 1,000 lst Mortgage 8 per cent Railroad Bonds. 3,000 Atlanta 8 per cent Bonds. 2,000 Atlanta 7 per cent Bonds. 10 Shares West Point Railroad Stock.

5 Shares Southwestern Railroad Stock. WANTED.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

EXCHANGE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

	-	-			
	CONS	TITUT	ION	OFFI	CE, 1882
_					
*******	par	Sellix	10		1/2

Buying at	pa	r Selling	1/4 pre
Confed'te bonds per \$1000 .\$4.00 Georgia 68 168	@ 110	Confed'te notes per \$1000	10e
Ga. 78, 1886108	@110	Sav. City 58	
Ga. 7s, 1896,124	@126	new 87	@ 89
Ga. 7s, gold116	@118	Macon City 97	@ 96
Ga. 88110	@111	Col. City 78 Ga. R. R. 6s106	@ 80
Western R.R.	Gill	Cant P P 7-110	@117
Ala, first		Cent. R. R. 78.113 W& A R. Les-	@115
mortgage116	@118		
Atlauta 6s102	@104	sees; 10 pc.	
" Water 7s. 111	@113	inc'e b'ds115	@120
" City 78111	@113	Ala. Class A	
4 City 8s116	G113	2 to 5 80	@ 82
" 108108		Class A small 80	
Aug. City 7s110	@110	Class B 5s 97	
alig. City is 110	@112	Class C 48 83	@ 85
RAILROAD STO	lates; an	ort dates are lower	
A & W P st'k, 78	@ 82	PTV- 10- 11	
do. scrip 97		E T Va & Ga 12	@ 13
At. & Char 77		Georgia160	@163
		Mem. & Char. 73	@ 76
Aug. & Sav 120		North Car 90	@ 95
Central133	@135	Rich & Dan179	@173
do. scrip 95	@ 97	South Car 25	@ 30
C., C. & Aug. 67	(9 70	Southw'n120	(3122

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, January 4-11:00 a. m.—The stock market opened 1:00 per cent lower than yesterday's closing quotations, the latter for Richmond and Danville. In early dealings the market declined 1:00 per cent, Louisville and Nashville and Denver and Rio Grande leading the decline. Subsequently and dealing of Medicine for cent took ridge. uently an advance of 1/401/4 per cent took place, outsville and Nashville, Riennond and Danville, benver and Rio Grande, Northern Pacific preferred, fetropolitan elevated and Lake Shore being most rominent therein.

ing—Exchange \$4.79%. Governments steady, extended 6s, which were down 1/4; new fives 102; rand a half per cents 114%; four per cents 11

arrive radine, o bins 1.10.	
Stocks closed active and	higher.
Ala. Class A 2 to 5 801/2	Lou. & Nash 987
do, Class A small 81	Mem. & Char 70
Ala. Class B 5s103	N. C., & St. Louis 859
do. Class C 4s 82	N. Y. Central
Chicago & N. W 1251/4	Pittsb'g F. W. & C 135
do. Preferred187%	Rich. & Alleghany 38
Erie	Rich. & Dan181
East Tenn R. R	Rock Island131
Gs. R. R163	Wab., St. L. & Pac 353
Illinois Central 1:91/2	do. Preferred 6-3
	Western Union 799
DADTO Tomore 1 4 100	Dont 042 -01/-

PARIS, January 4—4:30 p.m.—Rentes 84f. 52½c. LONDON, January 4—4:30 p. m.—Erie 40.

THE COTTON MARKET

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

New York-The market opened without noticeabl improvement, and the steady decline which after wards prevailed continued during the greater part of the day. Toward the close the general feeling developed considerable improvement and the sud den reaction that occurred served to establish a firm ness that by the close had taken a strong hold upon the market, and wafted prices considerably ahead of opening figures. There was an active demand for futures, and sales foot up to 246,000 bales, making this the most active day in some ceeks. Although the futures market closed strong, spots to all appearances seem unimproved, and moved under a quiet and steady tone. Instead of an advance, which under the circumstances seems natural, the

of 1-16c; middling 11 13-16c. Net receipts for four days 90,962 bales, agains .68,922 bales last year; exports 68,301 bales; last year

Below we give the opening and closing quotation of cotton futures to-day:

OPENED,	CLOSED.
January11.79@	January11.82@11.83
February11.96@11.97	February 12.04/412.05
March12.18@12.19	March12.26
April12.34@12.35	April12.45@12.46
May12.48@12.49	May12.59@12.66
June	June12.72@12 73
July12.70@12.72	July 12.81@12.85
August12.79@12.80	August
September12.21@	September 12.32@12.34
October	October11.56@11.58
Closed strong; sales 246,0	000 bales.
	1

Liverpool-Futures clo lands 6 9-16d; Orleans 6 11-16d; sales 8,000 bales, of which 5,750 bales were American; receipts 12,100;

The feeling of the local cotton market is un changed, and no especial confidence is placed in the action of the New York market. We note a moderate inquiry and sales to-day. Prices admit of no quotable change. Receipts to-day amount to the change. Receipts to-day amount to the change. Receipts to-day amount to the change of the change. Receipts to-day amount to the change of the c 163 bales, of which 86 bales were received from wagcus. We quote: Good middling 113/c; middling 11c; low middling 10%; strict good ordinary 101/2c; good ordinary 103c; ordinary 8c; tinges 105c; stains 8@

The following is our statement of receipts and hipments for to-day: RECEIPTS.

	By wagon	
	Air-Line Railroad	2
	Central Railroad	
. *	Western and Atlantic Railroad	al re
	West Point Railroad)
	Total	
	Receipts previously	1
	Total	
	Stock September 1	9
	Grand total	104,486
	SHIPMENTS.	
	mt)
	Shipments previously	1
	Local consumption previously 2.55	1
		75,036
	Total	

Stock on hand By Teiegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—noon—Cotton easier; middling uplands 6%: Orleans 6%; sales 8,600 pales: speculation and export 1,000; receipts 12,100; American 7,500; uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 6 17-32; February and March delivery 6 19-32:@6 9-16: March and April delivery 6 19-32:@6 9-16: March and April delivery 6 19-32:@6 11-16; June and July delivery 6/4; July and August delivery 6 25-32; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—1:30 p. m.—Middling By Teiegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—1:30 p. m.—Middling uplands 6 9-16; middling Orleans 6 11-16. LIVERPOOL, January 4-3:00 p. m-Uplands low middling clause January and February delivery 6\\(\frac{1}{2}\): June and July delivery 6\(\frac{1}{2}\): June and July delivery

Liverpool. January 4—1:00 p. m.—Sales of American 5,750 bales; uplands low middling clause February and March delivery 6 17-32: May and June delivery 6 21-32: June and July delivery 6 11-16@ 6 23-32; July and August delivery 6 4.

ing; middling —; low middl ng —; good ordinary —; net receipts 370 bales; gross —; sales none; stock 15,737; exports coastwise 1,196. PHILADELPHIA. January 4—Cotton quiet; mid-dling 12; low middling 13%; good ordinary 10%; net receipts 927 bales; gross 1,740; sales to spinners 396; stock 16,451; exports to Great Britain 900.

396; stock 16,451; exports to Great Britain 900.

SAVANNAH, January 4—Cotton dull: middling 11½; low middling 10½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 4,066 bales: gross 4,447; sales 2,100; stock 121,885; exports coastwise 1,116.

NEW ORLEANS, January 4—Cotton quiet: middling 11½; low middling 11; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 4:1 bales: gross 1,461; sales 4,00; stock 402,569; exports coastwise 6,667.

MOBILE, January 4—Cotton easier: middling 11½; good middling 10½; gcod ordinary 10½; net receipts 895 bales; gross —; sales 1,000; stock 50,700; exports coastwise 619.

MEMPHIS, January 4 — Cotton quiet: middling 11/4: net receipts 727 bales; shipments 1,151; sales 50; stock 100,027.

950; stock 100,027.

AUGUSTA, January 4—Cotton dull; middling 10%; low middling 10%; good ordinary 10; net receipts 236;bales; shipments none; sales \$20

CHARLESTON, January 4—Cotton dull; middling 11%; low middling 11; good ordinary 10%; net receipts 1,013 bales; gros —; sales 500; stock 94,704; exports to channel ports 956; coastwise 457.

PROVISIONS GRAIN, ETC. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

		*2 641641 516	A cerringer?	1, 10.2.
	The following quotat on the Chicago board of	if trade to-	te the fluiday:	etuations
		WHEAT.		
	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
	January 1 23%	1 26	1 25%	1 251/4
	February 1 27			
	March	1 281/2	1 2752	1 20%
	March 1 23	1 25/2	1 2/10	1 27%
		PORK	4	
	January16 621/6	16 75	16 621/6	GENERAL STREET
	February16 821/2		16 82%	16 921/4
	March	17 17%	17 05	10 32/2
	March	11 11/2	1, 00	17 15
	CLEAR	RIB SIDES		
-	January 8 45	8 55	8 45	8 45
	February 8 65	8 70	8 65	8 65
	March 8 80	8 85	8 80	
	14161CH 0 00	. 00)	0 00	8 821/2
		T	- 5 9	
		rate and \$		

BALTIMORE, January 4-Flour steady with m BALTIMORE, January 4—Flour steady with more inquiry; Howard street and western superfine \$1.37 (\$5.00); extra \$5.25685.37; family \$6.50685.25; city mills superfine \$1.30655.25; extra \$5.50685.25; family \$8.25. Wheat; southern higher: western uled higher but closed at a slight reaction; southern red \$1.35681.46; amber \$1.42681.45; No. 1 Maryland \$1.45; No. 2 western winter red spot \$1.39/568 \$1.39/5 January \$1.29/568 \$1.39/5 Superfine \$1.39/ CHICAGO, January 1 - Flour steady and un-changed; common to choice western spring \$4.50@ \$5.75; common to fancy Minnesota \$5.25@\$7.75; pat-

\$6.75; common to fancy Minnesota \$5.25@\$7.75; patents \$7.50@\$9.25; winter wheat flours, fair to choice \$5.50@\$5.00; fancy \$8.00; low grades \$5.50@\$5.00. Wheat unsettled and generally lower; No. 2 Chicago spring \$1.25½ @\$1.25½ gahuar; \$1.25½ gahua uary and February.

ATLANTA, January 4—Flour—There is no quo table change in the market: we quote fancy \$8.006 \$9.25; extra family \$8.006 \$9.25; family \$7.506 \$7.05. Wheat—Chicago—The market moved steady to-day, but showing a downward inclination. At the close the months had sustained a loss of lc for January and February and ½c for March. Local spot market unchanged: No. 2 \$1.5363.63; there is no demand for seed wheat. Corn—White in fair demand at 39c; yellow 90c. Oats—62½65c. Meal—95c@s1.00. Grits—55.50.

NEW YORK, January 4-Flour, southern steady NEW YORK, January 4—Flour, southern steady and quiet; common to fair extra \$5.5685.70; g. of to choice extra \$5.75688.00. Wheat closed at a slight advance; ungraded red \$1.2261.44; No. 2 red January \$1.42\cdot 82.13\cdot 1.56 Corn 346\cdot 62.681.43\cdot 1.56 Corn 346\cdot 62.681.43\cdot 1.56 Corn 346\cdot 62.681.43\cdot 62.681.43\cdo

yearlings 126;22.

ST. LOUIS, January 4-Very little business transacted on 'Change to-day, the attention of the members being almost wholly taken up in election of officers for the ensaing year. Flour steady; double extra \$5.60@\$5.70; choice to fancy \$6.35 a;86.95; family \$5.95@\$6.15. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red fall \$1.31%, cash. Corn quiet but firm; 66% cash; 66% \$2.97; shellac 55@00. The country of the property of the country of t

LOUISVILLE, January 4—Flourdull; extra \$5.00 (\$5.50; do. family \$5.00(\$5.00; A No. 1 \$6.00(\$6.75; choice to fancy \$7.50(\$8.00). Wheat steady at \$1.37; Corn steady; No. 2 white 51; nixed 49.

CINCINNATI, January 4—Flour active and firm: family 86.10(656.40; fancy \$6.30(67.50). Wheat scarce and firm: No. 2 red winter \$1.38(81.40). Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed 70. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 48.

ATLANTA, January 4—Lime—Market firm but steady. In car-load lots, free on cars in Atlanta, \$1.00; less than car-loads \$1.10; Rosendale cement \$2.50; \$\overline{\text{B}}\$ bld or 3000bs neat; Lonisville cement, car-load fots, \$1.75; less than car-load \$1.25@\$2.50; Portland cement, car-load 10ts, \$4.75; less than car-load \$1.00; plaster-of-paris ("calcined.") car-load lots, \$2.50; in smaller quantities \$2,75@\$3.00; land plaster ("new fertilizer") car-load lots \$2.50; \$\overline{\text{B}}\$ bld; less than car-load \$5.00; marble dust in lots \$3.00@\$4.00 \$\overline{\text{B}}\$

bbl.
ATLANTA, January 4—Paper — Trade active: prices steady. Manilla No. 2 log/12c B b: No. 2 7½ (88c B b: No. 3 6½ (7c B b: good wrapping 4 66c B b: straw 3½ (65) 2 B b: buriap bags, 2 bushels, 8½ (8) 9½ c: second-hand 56 7½ c: bran bags 11½ (14) 24 ATLANTA January 4—Leather —Market active for manufactured goods. We quote leather as follows: hemlock sole, best quality, 27 (22); hemlock, G. D., 24 (25); hemlock B p. D., 22 (23); whiteoak sole 36 (42); harness leather 35 (44).

NEW YORK, January 4—Wool quiet and very firm; domestic fleece 36@50; pulled 20@42; unwashed 12@35; Texas 14@31.

ATLANTA, January 4- Hides - Dry flint 1206 dry salt 10@11; wet salted 61/2. Fur skins in nd.

ATLANTA, January 4—Salt—Ground Liverpool \$1.10; Virginia \$1.10@\$1.25. ATLANTA, January 4-Barley-\$1.75@\$1.80: in

ATLANTA, January 4-Tallow-5@6c; demand fair.
ATLANTA, January 1-Hay-\$1.35@ \$1.40; firm
ATLANTA, January 1-Beans-None on market. ATLANTA, January 4—Peas—Clay 75@5.k. ATLANTA, January 4—Iron Ties—\$1.75. ATLANTA, Janua y 4-Bagging -- 10c. ATLANTA, January 4-Bran-31.25.

CHICAGO, January 4—Dressed hogs steady at 7.30.
Pork fairly active and a shade higher; \$16.706
\$16.75 cash and January; \$16.906\$16.92\(\frac{1}{2}\) February.
Lard fairly active and a shade higher; 10.77\(\frac{1}{2}\) 61.10
cash and January; \$1.07\(\frac{1}{2}\) 61.10 February.
Bulk meats steady; shoulders 6; short ribs 8\(\frac{1}{2}\); short along 9

NEW YORK, January 4—Pork firm and moderately active; mess spot \$16.50@\$16.75. Middles dull and nominal: long clear 9%@9%; short clear 9% Lard rather more active, closing a shade higher and strong; sales at 11,20%; 1.25 to arrive; 11.22% all the year, closing at 11.12%.

year, closing at 11.12%
ATLANTA, January 4—Clear Rib Sides—The market is steady at 19/69%c. Bacon—Inquiry moderate for sides; sugar-cured hams are firm but steady at 14/605c. Lard—Easter at quotations; best leaf at 14/605c. Lard—Faster at quotations; best leaf at 14/605c. Lard per leaf at 25/605c. Lard, refined, 12%—CINCINNATI, January 4—Pork firm at \$17.350.

Lard, refined, 12½.

CINCINNATI, January 4-Pork firm at \$17.25@ \$17.50. Lard stronger at 10.92% (10.95. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 62.66½; clear ribs 80.86%. Bacon scarce and firm; anoulders 7½; clear ribs 10; clear sides 10½.

sides 10)/2:
ST. LOUIS, January 4—Pork dull at \$17.00. Burk mea's steady; shoulders 6.10; clear ribs 8.70; clear sides 8.95. Jacon quiet; shoulders 7½; clear rices 8.95; clear sides 10.10. Lard nominally at 11.

LOUISVII.LE, January 4—Pork and lard nominal. Bulk meats steady; shoulders, none here; clear ribs 8½; clear sides 9½. Bacon, none here. Sugar-cured hams 12½.

LIVERPOOL, January 4—5:00 p. m.— Futures closed pendier.

New York, January 4—Cotton quiet; middling uplands 1! 12-16; middling Orleans 12½; sales 25± bales; net receipts 4.115; gross 12.397; consolidated net receipts 11.52; gross 12.397; consolidated net receipts 11.52; gross 12.397; consolidated net receipts 11.52; gross 12.397; consolidated net receipts 1.152; gross 2.52; constant 1.202.

GALVESTON, January 4—Cotton easy; middling 11½; low middling 11; good ordinary 10½; stock 109.031; exports to Great Britain 1.819; to continent 1.202.

NORFOLK, January 4—Cotton nominal; middling 11.7 16; net receipts 2.23 bales; gross —; sales 8.78; slock 89.81; exports to Great Britain 2.255; coast-wise 2.102.

BaltTiMORE, January 4—Cotton quiet; middling 11½; low middling 11; good ordinary 10; net receipts —; gross 1.318 bales; sales —; to spinner 180; stock 64.351; exports coastwise 2.094.

BOSTON, January 4—Cotton dull; middling 12; low middling 11; good ordinary 10; net receipts —; gross 1.318 bales; sales —; to spinner 180; stock 64.351; exports coastwise 2.094.

BOSTON, January 4—Cotton dull; middling 12; low middling 11; good ordinary 10; net receipts —; gross 1.318 bales; sales —; to spinner 180; to sold program or to stock 64.351; exports coastwise 2.094.

BOSTON, January 4—Cotton dull; middling 12; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 2.300; sold program or to spinner 180; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10½; net receipts 2.300; low program or to spinner 180; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10; net receipts 2.300; low program or to spinner 180; low middling 11½; good ordinary 10; net receipts 2.300; low program or to spinner 180; low middling 11; good ordinary 10; net receipts 2.300; low program or to spinner 180; low middling 12; low middling

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, M. COLE & CO., PROPRIETORS,

Colored and White Camellia Japonicas, the splendid New White Grapes, Duchess, Pock lington and Lady Washington, Cape Jessamines, Magnolias, and a fine lot of

EVERBLOOMING ROSES!

Wines, Liquers, Etc.

na basis of \$1.15. LOUISVILLE, January 1-Whisky steady at \$1.15. BALTIMORE, January 4-Whisky steady at \$1.171/2.

CHICAGO, January 4—Whisky steady at \$1.17. ST. LOUIS, January 4—Whisky steady at \$1.16. ATLANTA, January 4—There is not much change n quotations, though a perceptible falling off of rade is now felt. We quote:

| 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 | | 6 rown shirting, standard rown shirting, standard @ 9 7½@11 8½@18

ATLANTA, January 4—The market is quiet and steady, and no change occurred to-day. Indigo, best, 75690; madder 14615; Epsom salts 364e; bluestone 869e; alum 465e; cochineal 90e; magnesia carb. 55645; ilor. sulphurl 3/6; roll sulphur 3/464; camphor 40645; copperas 11/462; asafætida 35; opium, gum, 84.50685.00; quimine \$2.10632.25; calo. mel 7566\$1.00; blue mass 75; morphine \$4.00; chlo roform \$1.1061.25. Kerosene oli in bbis. 15e; castor oli \$1.40681.50 gal; linseed oli, raw, 70675; boiled 70; lard oil 90681.25, owing to quantity; sweet oil \$1.00 63.50; tanner's oil 606/70; lincicating oil 256/40; turpentine 60. White lead 7681/4; furniture varnish \$1.25681.50; coach arnish \$1.75683.50; furniture glue 186/25; white 306/40; concentrated lye \$5.00683.50; case of 4 dozen; putty 41/665; mixed paints \$1.50682.00 gallon; axle grease 756/361.00 dozen. Glas 8x/10 \$7.00; 10x12 \$7.00; 10x14 \$7.00; 10x16 \$8.00; 12x14 \$8.00; 12x18 \$8.00; idscount 45 per cent; quicksilver \$106.75; shellae 55/660.

ATLANTA, January 4—There is not much change in the market in the way of quotations, though business, as is generally the case at this season, is extremely quiet; we quote the market as follows: lowest grades 40; medium 42@50; extra medium 52@8; fine 11 and 12-inch 58@50; extra fine and fancy 75@80; Stuliz AAAA \$1.00; natural leaf 95; Caliboun \$1.15; Cook sextra figo; Cook's extra figorated 55; Embecut pulis 70@85. Smoking Tobacco—Blackwell's Durham, assorted, 55; other brands and grades 40@50. Snuff—Lorillard's in fars 62; 2-coz. packages \$11.70 \(\frac{1}{2} \) gross; Railroad Mills in Jars 55; Mrs. Miller's 55.

Well-buckets \$4.50. Cotton rope is. Swede from 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3½ rate. Plow steel 5c; cast-steel 15c. Nails, \$5.50 rate; firm and in active decand. Powder, ride \$6.40; blasting \$3.40.

Bar-lead 8c; shot \$2.60.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, January 4—Apples—Choice varieties \$5.00. Lemons—\$4.56@\$5.00 \$8 box. Oranges—\$8.00 \$8.50; hourch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new \$8.00; new London \$3.25; box \$1.00. Pineapples—None. Bananas—\$1.00@\$2.50 \$9 bauch. Figs—18@20c. Raisins, new \$8.00; new London \$3.25; box \$1.75; \$4 box \$6.0 Currants 75.08c. Cranberries.

None. California Pears—\$6.00@\$7.00 \$6 bbl. Citron—26@28c. Almonds—22@32c. Peans—16c. Brazilis 10c. Filberts—15@16c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts—Tennessee 4½c; North Carolina 5c; Virginia 6½c; roasted 1½%c be extra. kz.50 g butten. Figs - 15920c. Raisins, hew g box \$3.00; new London \$3.25; ½ box \$1.75; ½ box 90c. Currants 7½/38c. Cranberries— 5028c. Almonds—22/23c. Pecans—16c. Brazils— 0c. Filberts—15/919c. Walnuts—16c. Peanuts— Tennessee 4½c; North Carolina 5c; Virginia 6½c; oasted 1½/36c b extra.

ATLANTA, January 4 – Eggs—25c: steady demand.
Butter—Easier: fancy 27/5c: choice 25c other grades 15@20c. Sweet Potatoes—85c % bush. Dressed Poultry Chickens 12%; turkeys active at 15c. Irish Potatoes—81.00@81.25 % bbl. Dried Fruit—Peaches—Peeded 100a16c: unpeeded 4c; apples 4c. Wax—20c. Omons—84.00@81.30 % bbl. Cabbage—5c. Feathers—Choice 55c: prime 50; no demand for second-hand. Cheese—13%@153%.

Live Stock CINCINNATI, January 4—Hogs quiet; common and light \$5.00@\$6.30; packing and butchers \$6.20 @\$6.60.

CANDY FACTORY,

Greenville, S. C., P. O. Box, 172.

DIAMOND SPECTACLES.



These Spectacles are manufactured from "MIN UTE CRYSTAL PEBBLES" melted together and are called DIAMOND on account of their hardness and brilliancy.

Having been tested with the polariscope, the diamond lenses have been found to admit fifteen per cent less heated rays than any other pebble.

They are ground with great scientifie accuracy, are free from chromatic aperations, and produces a tained in spectacles.

Manufactured by the Spencer Optical Manufactured from company, New York. For safe by responsible agents in every city of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta, Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the company, New York. For safe by responsible agents in every city of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta. Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the company of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta. Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the company of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta. Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the company of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta. Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the company of the union. J. P. Stevens & Co., sevelers and opticians, are sole agents for Athanta. Georgia, from whom they can only be oblined in the following passenger Schedule will be operated:

No. 1 westing and the following Passenger Schedule will be operated:

Wire Atlanta. — 8.0 am | Maccon. — 710 am | Ar. Atlanta. — 9.0 am | Camak. — 118 am | Camak. — 118 am | Camak. — 128 pm | C

statered in Grant and the printiff be allowed to proceed; and it is further ordered that service in said cause be made by publication in The Atlants Constitution, a public gazette of this state, once a month for four months. Approved.

George W Hillyer, judge, etc.

A true extract from the minutes Fulton superior court, December 17, 1881.

A true extract from the minutes Fulton superior court, December 17, 1881.

C. H. STRONG, C.S.C.

143—deel8 jan1 feb1 mar1

East.
Superb Improved SLEEPERS to Augusta Double 28: and South Court, December 17, 1881.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.

Superb Improved SLEEPERS Augusta to Washington, D. C.

AT Only one change Atlanta to New York.

JOHN W. GEERN,
General Manager.

General Pass. Agent

JOHN STRONG, C.S.C.

D. P. Ellis, Auctioneer.

D. P. Ellis, Auctioneer. 4-Coffee dull; Rio %4@111/2. 143-decls janl febl mari

ATLANTA NURSERIES.

As well as Fruit and Ornamental Trees. Catalogues free.

M. COLE & CO..

...Augusta...

From Augusta.

.....Macon....Savannah

From Macon

From Macon.

From Atlanta

From Columbus

Augusta.

From Eatonton and Milleageville.

teneral Pass. Agt. General Supt. Savannah,
S. Shaw, W. F. SHELLMAN,
Seheral Trav. Agt. Supt. S. W. R. R., Macon Ga.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAIROAD, ATLANTA, December 17, 1881.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, DECEMBER 18 1881, trains will run over this line as ollows

(Sleeping car to Atlanta.)

TRAIN NO. 51-EXPRESS AND PASSENGER.

COMING SOUTH.

Arrive at Atlanta at.....

.eave Atlanta at.....

Leave Atlanta at......

TRAIN NO. 55-F ST MAIL.

.. 7:20 a.m

..Ar 1 40 p m ..Ar 9 44 a m ..Ar 11 30 a m ..Ar 4 45 p m ..Ar 3 45 p m

Sugar steady and moderately active; fair to good refining 73/67%; reflued steady and in good demand; standard A 8½. Molasses unchanged; New Orleans 53/68 for fair to fancy. Rice steady.

SAVANNAH, GA., December 13, 1881.

On and after SUNDAY, December 11th, 1881, passenger trains on the Central and Southwester

NORTH BOUND. BALTIMORE, January 4—Coffee firm; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair 9@10½. Sugar dull; A soft 9½. CINCINNATI, January 4—Sugar quiet; hards 9½ senger trains on the Central and Southwester @10½; New Orleans 7@8.

No. 1.

No. 2.

No 1

No 4.

CINCINNATI January 4—Whisky firm at \$1.15; ombination sales of finished goods of 1,140 barrels

Hardware.

ATLANTA, January 4 — There is very little change in the market. Trade is steady. Horse-shoes \$4.75: mule \$5.75: Horse-shoe nails 12½ (429. Iron-bound hames \$5.00@\$5.50. Trace-chains 10.50. Ames' shovels \$12.50. Haiman's plow-hoes 6e; Haiman's plow-stocks \$1.73. Spades \$10.50 (451.50. Axes \$8.00@\$10.00 @ doz. Cotton cards \$5.00 Well-buckets \$1.50. Cotton rope 18. Swede iron 5c; rolled (or merchant bar) 3½ rate. Plow steel 5c; cast-steel 15c. Nails \$3.50 rate; firm and in active denand. Powder, ride \$6.40; blasting \$3.40. Bar-lead 8c; shot \$2.00.

GREENVILLE CANDY FACTORY FOR SALE.

for particulars and terms, address



TO ACCOMMODATE EXHIBITORS AND

THE EXPOSITION luring week ending January 7, inclusive, rains between the City and Exposition will be

Leave Whitehall Street Station,	Leave Exposition.
8:00 a,m	8:15 a.m 8:45 a.m
The time by which the inutes slower than city in	se trains are run is 1 me.

FARE, 10 CENTS EACH WAY B. W. WRENN, General Passenger Agent, jan3 d5t

N 2. 2. NO. 11-DAY EXPRESS-Daily except Sundays

NO 17-LIMITED EXPRESS-Daily except Sunda

No 1 carries Pullman Cars Atlanta to Louisville Atlanta to Cincinnati, New Orleans to Washingtor No 17 carries Pullman Cars Atlanta to Rockwoo which is open to receive passengers at Union Depo SOUTH BOUND.

NO 2-SOUTHERN EXPRESS

NO 4-FAST EXPRESS.

.... 8 15 p m NO 12-LIMITED EXPRESS. Lv 1 25 p m ROME EXPRESS.

No 4 carries Pullman Cars Cincinnati to Atlanta Washington to New Orleans. No 12 carries Pullman Cars Louisville to Atlanta

No 12 Christo Rockwood to Atlanta B. W. WRENN, Gen Pass Agt. NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD OF GEORGIA, SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
On and after Friday, September 2, 1881, trains on
this road will run as follows:

NO. 2. | NO. 4. 4:00 a. m. 3:15 p. m. 6:49 a. m. 5:59 p. m. 12:00 m. 9:10 p. m Trains Nos. 2 and 3 run daily except sundays.
Train No. 1 Mondays and Thursdays, and Train No. 4 on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.
All trains connect closely at Lulu with passenger trains both east and west on Richmond and Danville Railroads.

trains both east and will related to all points.

Tickets on sale at Atlanta to all points.

H. R. BERNARD,

Acting Superintendent.

W. J. HOUSTON,

Gen. Pass, and Ticket Agent

eorgia, Fulton county-To the superior court of said county.

Georgia, Fuiton county—To the superior court or said county.

The Petition of John S. Wise, Frank T. Ryan and Charles W. Johnson, and such other persons as they may associate with them and their successors and assigns, show that they wish to be incorporated under the name and style of the Fulton waier works and railway company.

The object of said association is to turnish a supply of water in and for the city of Atlanta, and to such persons outside said city as may desire the same, and furnish transportation to passengers, and carry freight to and from the city of Atlanta, to the point where said water works are located, under laws of Georgia, with the privilege of constructing a water works system from same point to be selected by them, of purchasing and holding property for the purpose of carrying on said business of building and using a railroad track either for horse or steam power, and along the water main from the point where said water works may be located, to said city of Atlanta, together with all the rights and privileges, appertaining or belonging to such corporations, or necessary to the carrying on of their work. The capital stock of said company to be five hundred thousand dollars, with the power to increase the same when necessary, for the purpose of carrying on said work. The place of doing business to be in the country of Fulton. The time twenty years, with power of renewal at expiration of said fine.

At A. MANNING.

Petitioners Attorney. TRAIN NO. 53-DAY MAIL AND PASSENGER. Sleeping car through to New York without change.) Leave Atlanta at......3:15 p.m TRAIN NO. 52-DAY MAIL AND PASSENGER.

A true extract from the minutes. dec29 law4w thur C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. THE GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL

COLUMBIA, S. C. HAVING RENEWED MY LEASE OF "THE Grand Ceutral Hotel" for a term of years, I beg leave to inform the public that the house has been THOROUGHLY repainted, and is now furnished with New and Improved Black Walnut Furniture, Wire Spring Beds with best Hair Mattresses, Velvet and Brussels Carpets.

connected with every room, and the Hotel is con-nected through the Columbia Telephonis Ex-change with every prominent place of business hroughout the city. These advantages, with Com-etent Attendants, warrant me in assuring the trav-ling public as good accommodations as the South an afford. JOHN T. WILLEY, Proprietor. oct29—Sm sat tues thur

AUCTION SALES. DY W. C. MORRIS & CO., AUCTIONEERS. NO 30 Peachtree street, large consignment of bed steads, mattresses, washstands and other desirable goods, at auction, this morning, in front of our auction room, No. 30 Peachtree street. jan5 1t

L've Atlanta - 12 35 pm L've Decatur - 2 05 pm
Ar. Decatur - 1 14 pm Ar. Atlanta - 245 pm
No 4 EAST DAILY.
L've Atlanta - 8 30 pm
L've Augusta - 5 55 pm
Ar. Athens - 8 05 am
Ar. Athens - 8 05 am
Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will if signaled stop at regular scheduled Flag Station.
Connects at Augusta for all points East and South-East.

WANTED-A MAN COOK AT CANTON HOT Address Holland & DuPre, Canton, Ga. jan5 dat COOK WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS (WHITE man) cook, at the Merchants hotel, Spartan-burg, S. C. Address A. M. Speights, Proprietor.

WANTED-SITUATIONS. WANTED SITUATION BY A GOOD MALE

WANTED—SITUATION, AN HONORABLE give employer \$50 for honesty, and can give cood city references. Address A. G., care Constitution WANTED—A SITUATION, BY AN EXPERI-enced Book-keeper, who has also had twelve years experience in the Fertilizer trade in Geo.yia, and can control a considerable fertilizer trade. References given. Address "P.," Box 404, City.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

W ANTED-A GOOD MILCH COW. STAT amount of milk and price, Address J. F. P. O., Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED-A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM for two, convenient to business

WANTED-BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY for self, wife, two babies and nurse. Address, stating location and price per month. J. D. IL, Box 17-4. A YOUNG MAN DESIRES TO LEARN STORT hand writing. Address, stating terms, "Stort Hand," Box 416. A YOUNG GENTLEMAN DESIRES PERMA nent day board. References given. Address stating terms, "H. M. S.," Box 416. jan5 dit

BOARD.

A FEW GENTLEMEN CAN OBTAIN ROOMS with board, at 61 North Pryor street.

BOARDERS WANTED FOR 2 LARGE FROM rooms, nicely furnished, with first-class board, at 112 South Pryor. jan5 dlt BOARD-FINE LARGE ROOMS SUITABLE FOR families at No. 97 East Mitchell street.

A COUPLE CAN GET NICE ROOM, WITH board, at 84 lvy street. Call and see.

BOARD WANTED IN A PRIVATE FAMILY BY a man and wife, boarder furnishing the room. dress H. T. M., Box 73, at once. jan5 dit

PERMANENT OR TRANSIENT BOARDERS will find superior accommodations at 67 lvy corner of Wheat. Thall street. 80 jant-3t sun thesethors

PARTIES WISHING BOARD IN A QUIET, pleasant, private family, will find it to their interest to call at 17 Washington street, where they will get choice rooms, surrounded with home comforts and good fair. Day boarders accommodated on reasonable terms.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD AND PLEASANT ROOMS for a limited number of persons can be ob-

WILL BE PLEASED TO ACCOMMODATE V persons wanting board, either by the day, week or month, at 28 and 40 Ivy street, L. B. Davis. Refers to Moore, Marsh & Co., S. M. Imman & Co., F. M. Ciarke & Co., Colonel W. M. Lowry and Rev., I. H. Martin, D.D., Atlanta, Georgia, also to luman, wan & Cor, New York.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

A GREAT BARGAIN—A FINE MOQUET Capet, containing sixty yards; almost new; original cost \$235. Can be bought for \$160. Enquire 272 Peachtree street. DOHME & DUFFY, 88 WHITEHALL STREET. pan5 dlt

FOR SALE—A BARGAIN IN A HANDSOME SET handmade furniture, and one set single har-ness, one first-class office stove Call and see them at 24 Alabama street. T. J. McGuire. jan4 1t POR SALE—A FRAME BUILDING AT OGLE-Thorpe Park, 20 by 50 feet, 15 feet high. Also, a nice lot of flooring, and 200 yards cotton duck, to be removed immediately, for sale cheap. B. F. Avery & Sons, corner Forsyth and Alabama streets, jan4 d3t

CALL AT SOUTHERN BRANCH MILBURN Wagon Co., Library Building, for Carriages. Pheatons, Buggies, Spring and Farm Wagons. The best goods at low prices. 79 Jan2—45t DO YOU WANT A CARRIAGE, PHAETON, Buggy, Spring or Farm Wagon? If so call at library Building, Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. 79 jan1-d5t

DON'T FORGET THAT THE BEST STOCK OF Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, Farm Wagons, Drays, etc., can be found at Southern Branch Milburn Wagon Co., Decatur street. 79 jan3—d5t REGISTERED JERSEYS—BULL "TORONTO,"
2976, quite gentle; brother to "Duchess of
Bloomfield" for which Major Campbell Brown refuses \$1,000. Heifer "Rowena," due to calve in
February next. Can be seen at my stables, Loyd
street. W. O. Jones.

POR SALE-A FORSAITH FOLDER, IN GOOD condition, cheap. Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. modern in provements; has just been thorotoverhauled and renovated. Frierson & Leak, jan4 d3t

TO RENT-ONE OR TWO NICELY FURNISHED rooms for gentleman, opposite City hall square; desirable reference exchanged. Inquire of £4. A. Werner, Georgia railrond. ROR KENT-A FIVE ROOM COTTAGE WITH servant house, barn, and other outbuildings; all new and well built in Decatur. W. P. & W. F. Patillo.

FOR RENT—A "HANDSOMELY FURNISHED rooms. 69 Luckie street. jani 6t

FOR RENT—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE stores in the town of Washington, Georgia. Apply to Dr. H. B. Kemme, Washington, Georgia. jani 39 lw POR RENT-A DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE on the corner Washington and Jones streets Apply to Frank T. Ryan, 143 Jones street. dec30 dt.

POR RENT-THAT SPLENDID STOREROOM, No. 53 Peachtree street. For terms, apply to J. W. English, 35 Broad street, or box 284. dec2-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ORDERS FOR CHOICE PAINTING TAKEN BY
Mrs. Oliver, 27 Luckie street; tinding in all
sindes done. Specimens of her painting are on
exhibition at J. P. stevens's lewelery store, Whitejan's did.

A TLANTA BROOM WORKS-THE ONLY Broom Factory in operation in Atlanta, No. 48 Decatur street. A. S. Lenfestey. jan5 div. BUGGIES. - THE BEST BUGGIES THE cheapest. N. C. Spence, 45-47 Decatur street, novis-dif tues thur sun GOOD WORK, LOW PRICES, NO DELAY, All kinds Printing done in unsurpassed style, send orders to B. F. Bennett. jan3—dbt H E-NO TEA! HE-NO TEA! HE-NO TEA! AT 48 Decatur street. A. S. Lenfestey. The friends of Jesse A. Brown please call. dec29 1w

ADIES ELECTRIC BATHS FOR THE CURE of Nervous Weakness and Rueumatium, Fara-ysis and Neuralgia-Dr. Gurley, 67 Whiteball treet-in charge of Mrs. Gurley. norta-dri

OST-TWO GOATS-ONE WHITE SPOTTED the other a brindle. When last seen they were going towards Decatur. I will pay two dollars for their return to me. B. J. A. Shehane, 5 key street jano dit

CONS ITUTION.

BLISHED DAILT AND WEEKLY ATLANTA, GEORGIA

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION is published ever day except Monday, and is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free at \$1 per month \$2.50 for three months, or \$10 a year.

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ADDRESS all letters and telegrams, and make all drafts : checks paybale to

THE CONSTITUTION

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 5, 1882

FALL RIVER runs 1,675,000 spindles. THERE are 714,343 school children in Indi-

SENATOR DAVID DAVIS took too much ne

EX-SENATOR SARGENT is booked for Kirk wood's seat.

THE mayor of St. Louis has just harness himself in matrimonial traces.

MARYLAND makes a profit on her penal con victs. Georgia makes only a bad name out of

Ax Illinois balloonist married a girl of fiftern without the parental blessing, and he now pines in jail for his temerity.

GENERAL GRANT now admits that Fitz John Porter has been treated wrongfully by the government, and advocates reparation to the victim of republican jealousy.

A CALL is to be made on Mr. Beecher to narrice some rather reckless statements made by him in a recent sermon touching the employment of lady teachers in the Brooklyn OSCAR WILDE is with us at last, and th

esthetes are going wild over Oscar. He is the son of the celebrated Irish poetess, Lady Wilde, who is well known in literary circles as Speranza. THE gentle Clara Louise Kellogg has had

scene at a Tennessee railroad lunch-house where objection was made to the gastronomic performances of her colored maid. equilibrium of the world was not disturbed,

THE latest developments in the Ashland tragedy establish the truth of the fears held at the time the act was committed, to the effect that murder and arson but covered a more heinous crime. It is one of the most shocking chapters in criminal annals.

THERE is an apparent discrepancy of \$200, 000 in the accounts of Governor Churchill, of Arkansas, while he was treasurer of that state. As the committee making the charge deny the governor free access to the books in order to explain the matter, public opinion is favorable to him.

The completion of the links necessary to the langer system will open up a portion of the outh rich in minerals and natural resources It will not be many years before the country, thus for the first time made accessible to the public, will be filled with a large and industrious population.

THE outrage reported from Griffin is on that should be promptly investigated and punished. Griffin owes it to her reputation to teach lawless roughs that public decency and decorum must be preserved and respected. The action of the police, if correctly represented, will require a good deal of explana-

THE story of Robert Richard Randall is one that fills every heart with a higher feeling for humanity than is generally produced by the relation of rich men's lives. Appreciating the fact that the good men do live after them he established a benefaction for old and disabled sailors, which will stand as a monument to his memory as long as the annals of good deeds are cherished by the human race.

HON. CLEMENT C. CLAY died near Huntsville on Tuesday. He was born in Madison county, Alabama, in 1819. He was a lawyer by profession. In 1853 he was elected to the United States senate as a democrat, and was re-elect in 1857. He with ardent secessionic arrigared of Me in the senate. hough his politics were of a mixed type.

THE new year begins its necrological record briskly. On yesterday Professor John William Draper, the celebrated chemist and physiologist, died in New York city, at the age of 71 years. He was an Englishman by birth, having been born in Liverpool in 1811. He emigrated to America in 1833, and graduated in medicine from the Pennsylvania university in 1836. He accepted the chair of chemistry in the New York university in 1839, and was the author of many improvements in the course of studies in that institution. The chemical action of light was exhaustively treated by him in several learned essays. Ac has left behind him several valuable works, such as "Human Physiology, Statistical and "Dynamical, or The Conditions and Course of "Life in Man," a "History of Intellectual "Development in Europe," "Thoughts on the "Future Civil Policy of America," and a "His-"tory of the American Civil War."

E POSITIONS. The exposition ever is spreading to every ambitious city in the country. Louisville thinks the Atlanta show should be duplicated and enlarged upon within her gates, and Baltimore is sure she has the facilities for an industrial exhibition that will prove attractive to the south and west if not to the whole country. New York and Boston are still discussing in a languid way the holding of a world's fair. and even the smaller cities think they can accomplish as much as Atlanta did. The success of our own exposition has excited a healthy emulation that will doubtless result in several fine exhibitions. We hope it may; for there cannot well be too many exhibitions of the best results of the country. "They "focalize the industry of the country," says an eminent writer, "by bringing it under

of it. They afford means of which did not previously exist. not only to those engaged in a partic r pur 'suit, lut also to those employed in those

pursuits which act reciprocally upor each other. They create a mutual interest be-'tween the man of science, the manuficturer, the capitalist and the working classes. The 'criticism and description to which they give 'rise from the press have great educative 'value for the people. Their regular recurrence keeps up aspirit of emulation in the 'desire to produce something better and cheaper than before. They advertise new productions upon a scale the most extensive, and have led to the creation of

new agencies and facilities for trans-'acting business before unknown. They stimulate inventions by keeping up the desire 'for new discoveries, improved methods and better machinery; and lastly, they dignify labor by giving it something more to strug-'gle for than mere pecuniary compensation

We hope every exposition that is opened will in every respect meet the wishes of its projectors and patrons. We hope the gatemoney of the proposed displays at Louisville and Baltimore will far outrun the expense account; but when all this is done there will still be room in the southeast for a carefully planned and comprehensive fair. The late lamented show was almost an improvisation it arose like a summer cloud, and after flooding the country with a shower of blessings passed quickly away. Another fair, say in 885, could be gotten up that would far exceed in interest that of 1881, because it would show the progress of three years in the south As the fair of 1881 was the best "selling" fair ever held in this country, there would be at the next one innumerable exhibits from other cities and probably from other countries. The world wants to share the outhern trade, and a fair in 1885 would there

To those who have borne the burden of the late exposition the proposition must have a weary sound, but nevertheless it is feasible, and for public reasons desirable. Other cities cannot deprive Atlanta of her field and opportunity; for when the Georgia Pacific road completed, the position of Atlanta as the central point of the Mississippi cotton belt will be invincible. The city cannot then be flanked or bottled up, and all this will occur before 1885. But in the meanwhile let us lend a helping hand to our sister cities far and near that want to test the value of expositions-in other words, let us for a season gather the rest and satisfaction of on-lookers instead of the heat and distress of active par-

fore be apt to bring before the people in con-

venient form the best and brightest of all na

ticipation. THE NEW MOVEMENT IN GEORGIA.

There is no longer any doubt that a new political movement, similar in all essentials to the republican resurrection in Virginia, is on foot in Georgia. Its platform has already been promulgated and the first of a series of caucuses has been held. The nature of the platform is not such as to invite any very serious discussion unless a double meaning is to be attached to the language of some of the planks; but the complexion of the caucus shows that the new movement is to be in the interest of the republican party, and that it is to be helped along while teething by supplies of federal pap. All this is perfectly clear. There is no attempt on the part of the gentlemen who have concluded to act in concert with the republican party in Georgia to conceal their purpose. That purpose is, by the aid of their own personal popularity, together with a few little offices here and there, to carry over to the republican party a sufficient number of those who have heretofore acted with the democrats to defeat the organized democracy at the polls. They not only hope to win the support of those who have imaginary grievances against the democratic or ganization, but they hope to widen and deeper the disaffection of office-seekers by making a use of the federal patronage which it is supposed will be at their disposal.

What is to be the attitude of democrats? To begin with, we trust the discussion that is to ensue will be carried on in perfect good humor and with that degree of tolerance which should mark all discussion. It should be borne in mind that Dr. Felton and his independent colleagues have a perfect right to join the republican party if they choose to do so, and if they can succeed in making it an honest and a re spectable organization, so much the better for the state. Even if this were not true, abuse and denunciation would do no good. Instead of this, it is the duty of those who represent the democratic masses of Georgia to set on foot an inquiry, the scope and extent of which may be readily defined. Dr. Felton and his colleagues started out to reform the demo cratic party, as they said, by refusing to abide by the will of the people as represented in conventions, or as represented in the organi zation of the party. The democrats claimed that to destroy the organization was to destroy the party itself, and they suggested that it would be the part of patriotism-if there is any such thing as patriotism in politics-for Dr. Felton and his disaffected friends to reform the party from within instead of destroying it from without. We need not recapitu late just here, however. It is enough to say that Dr. Felton's plan of reform failed; it not only failed to reform the democratic party. as Dr. Felton would have it reformed. but it failed to return the doctor to congress at the last election. It must follow, therefore, that the programme of "independent-

'ism' is a terrible failure all the way through, At any rate, Dr. Felton has given over his plan of reforming and purifying the demo cratic organization by means of independentism. As a definite part of the democratic inquiry suggested above it is fair to ask if Dr. Felton and his colleagues hope to reform and purify the democratic organization by joining the republicans and lending all their energies to carrying out the programme of demoralization formulated by a stalwart administration If these new leaders of republicanism think there are no progressive elements in the dem ocratic party they will find themselves mis taken; and they will find themselves most wofully mistaken when they attempt to lead these progressive elements into the republican party. In short, the democratic party of Goorgia wants no better issue for another campaign than that furnished by the attitude and designs of Dr. Felton and his colleagues We are glad that circumstances have placed these gentleman where they belong, and we are glad that the issue is to be made between A NEW YORK judge has decided that it is

apari- galvanized republicanism and progressive de mocracy.

THE star route thieves were in quite & ste ard to escaping the law; but President Arthurshowed them Howe. We trust this remark will not place us in the light of trespassers upon the domain of the western humorists.

COLONEL JACK BROWN was not personally present at the Markham house conference, but his repre-sentatives were there—and please den't let that fact drift out of your recollect

It is well to observe that President Arthur's ul timatum that the independent movement in Georgia shall be subordinated to republicanism, as in the case of Mahone, was not alluded to in the Markham house caucus. At the same time, Presi dent Arthur's missionary was on hand in the person of General Longstreet. It is well to bear in mind also that General Longstreet, only a few weeks ago, expressed his contempt for independent democrats The plot thickens.

It is observable that in Dr. Felton's improvise platform no substitute is offered for the present chain-gang system which he proposes to abolish. There is an obscurity about the chain-gang plank alculated to excite the suspicions of the judicious. When a politician says revise the tariff or the contrary, we know precisely what he means, but we are altogether in the dark as to what disposition Dr. Felton and his new party would make of the

WE notice a well-developed desire on the part of one or two of our state exchanges to brand the very clever independents, who propose to identify themselves with the republican party, as "traitors. This is bosh, pure and simple. Traitors to what We sincerely hope that the democratic party is not be handicapped by any such wild rhetoric. In the bright lexicon of politics there is no such word as We see a good deal that is funny in the new moment, but nothing to excite our patriotic

THE campaign will not be formally opened until the new republican-independent-democrats convince Mr. Arthur that they mean business. It is hardly possible, however, that General Longstreet is engaged in taking attidavits.

WE can imagine Dr. Miller's surprise when he stumbled in accidentally on the Markham house caucus. It would have been a very dull and spiritles affair without him. This is one of the when the oasis walked in and enlivened a political

It is rumored that Editor Moore of the August News is to be married to Forepaugh's ten thousand dollar beauty. She will have to be satisfied with two paws until she gets Moore.

It is stated that President Arthur has informed Senator Brown and Congressman Stephens that the present administration will issue rations of patronage only to those who work for the success of reput licanism, and stalwart republicanism at that. May we not infer from this the nature of the compa entered into at the Markham house caucus?

WHEN a conservative paper, like the Chicago Tribune, alludes to Arthur as "his accidency," and as "acting president," the general public may as well take it for granted that there has been a severe tussle between the republican thomas-cats in the back-yard. Dr. Joseph Medill is not a man to waste the English language. Ir is curious that those who abhor a democratic

caucus should be willing to preside as head waiters at a republican conference. However, there are so many curious things developed under our form of government that it is hardly worth while to use exclamation points.

THE new republican-independent organization needs a liver-pad to begin with.

DAVE MOUAT, the ex Philadelphia boss, is in th nitentiary, but we believe his cup of grief would be fuller than it is if he knew that the various newspapers of the country, including THE CONSTI rution, were alluding to him as Monat

THE historian will please make a correction. It was not the elephant that walked the rope. Quite largely otherwise.

PERSONAL.

MADAME PATTI says that Theodore Thomas It turns out that in his youth Jay Gould was a poet. He still manages the lines.

JUDGE PORTER and Mr. Davidge are said to expect \$25,000 each for their services in the Guiteau

Baron de Gottrau, of France, has crossed the Atlantic to marry Miss Laura Thompson, of St. Joseph, Mo.

MISS LEONORA HORN, of Peru, Nebraska, has WHEN Jenny Lind was once told that some

ersons had paid twenty-eight dollars to hear her ng, "What fools!" she said. Edison has 250 patents on electric apparatus.

idently the patent office considers him a genuine ventor, no matter what his rivals say. BOUCICAULT says that Oscar Wilde is a clev-

man, and not the ass which his ridic g in London society makes him appear. THE khedive of Egypt has forwarded \$400 the fund for the erection of a Garfield hospital Washington, and promises to send more.

M. TURGENEFF's new novel has to do with talian life 200 years ago, and wears the extraordi-ary title of "A Song of Triumphant Love."

PRESIDENT ARTHUR keeps his dead wife's portrait, which hangs in his room at the white house, wreathed with flowers, which are renewed LORD ROWTON, Disraeli's protege, is a cade

of the earl of Belmore, and took the name of his peerage from Rowton Castle, which wid one day belong to him. NATAL is to have a new governor, and Sir

effry Ernest Bulwer, governor and commander-chief of the Windward islands, has received the Ir is believed that the Illustrated Mechan

ical News concern, of Springfield, O., belonging to Mr. John W. Bookwalter, will be removed in March, if not before, to New York.

Kngland is rejeicing over the recovery of overgreat surgeon, Sir James Pagent. No member of the healing art ever stood higher in the estima-ion of his countrymen or of the profession which we adorns. NOAH WEBSTER once found himself in Bal-

imore without a red cent in his pocket. He started singing school and soon had money enough to ake him to Boston. Such is a historical fact just set orth at great length by the Baltimore American. SARAH BERNHARDT is not a Jewess, as generally supposed. While she is Hebrew in origin, she is Catholic in religious faith—that is, as far as she has any religiou. By the way, it is gossip in Paris that the Bernhardt is again in an "interesting condition".

MADAME PATTI says she doesn't like "the kind of applause that you people in America call— all—oh—gosh; oh, yes, gosh." "Gush," suggested the reporter; "gosh is used in connection with au-other word." "Oh, yes, gush—I don't like gush,"

Thomas Hughes sent Fullerton F. Armstrong to his Rugby colony as editor of the Rugbeian. Armstrong, whose mother is Lady Armstrong, of Sussex, and whose brother is Sir Richard Armstrong, has disappeared from Rugby under a dark financial cloud.

DON PIETRO BALAN, formerly the Pope's editor, has now been made, instead, his supernumerary secret chamberlain. The duties of the latter office must afford a remarkable contrast with those of the Aurora, for though the days of that publication were few, they were probably full of trouble.

IN GENERAL.

St. Louis is to have a million bushel grain

THE best feminine help in Sweden receives A CHINESE Catholic priest is at work at Los

NEW YORK erected \$47,000,000 worth of new MEW 10RK erected \$47,000,000 worth of new buildings during the year.

ARIZONA don't want any more doctors or lawyers or journalists. She's got enough.

RICHMOND now has a fund of about \$30,000 with which to build a monument to General R. E. Lee.

assault and battery to puffeigar sme AFTERNOON private theatricals are reprish onable in London, and in country house in Eng

wife to her father.

The German scientist Ehrenberg finds that a single drop of water may contain more than so, 000,000,000 of animalculæ. This would make victuals and drink of the crystal beyerage.

JUDGE GARDNER, of New York, told the recently-convicted milk dealers: "I consider the man who adulterates food and the man who design adulterated food worse than the assassin and the sneak thief."

Additional preparations have been taken for the security of the late prince consorts mausoleum at Frogmore since the discovery of the sacrilege committed at Balcarrase castle. The contents of Frogmore would indeed be worth a king's ransom.

A NEW revolving cannon is in course of A New revolving cannon is in course of construction at the Krupp works for the German government. It is the futention of that government to introduce it into the navy as a weapon which will be used especially against torpedo-boats, but it must first compers successfully with the Nordenfeiot gun.

SUPERSTITION still flourishes in England. A woman lately went to the vicar of lower Gornal and asked permission to cut a bit of turf from a creain grave, to be placed under the communion able for four days, that she might lay the ghost of he man buried in the grave, which she declared ontinually haunted her.

continually haunted her.

STEAM vessels for whaling have proved highly profitable. The first one ever sent out from he Pawlic const was the Mary and Helen, which eleared last year enough to pay her entire cost and 13,000 besides. The second venture, that of the selvidere, has just come back from a voyage of only six months with \$100,000 worth of oil above the presented. The great success of these steamers presiment. The great success of these steames likely to revive the business of whaling.

CURRENT COMMENT.

When to Get It. New Orleans Picayune

If a man wants a bourbon sour he must wait un

A Safe Question. Mobile Register.

It is a safe thing to enquire of the average south rn "independent" politician: "What does he

Why He Didn't Appear. Kansas City Times.

the Italian tragedian, was booked to ap-nday, the 26th ult., at Atlanta, but failed to boards, because of Christmas enough to two days.

A Royal Flush.

Richmond State,
Mr. Bennett and the czar of Russia are doing all in their power for the relief of the Jeannette survivors, and James and Alexander are a big pair—in fact, ante equal to a "royal flush."

Howe's Ignorane Philadelphia Times Postmaster-General Howe says he hasn't read a word about the star route frauds. But he hopes to learn all about them as he is going to live in the house of his son-in-law, lawyer Totten, counsel for the star route ring.

A Pat Comparis

According to the New York Times there are far better men in the penitentiary of that state than some of the millionaires of that it is to come when men will be judged in society and business by their acts rather than by their wealth. As it is, it seems unjust, by comparison, to deal severely with horse thieves and burglars.

Something to be Remembered. The past year witnessed a number of big railroad

The Resources of Georgia

Nashville Banner. ave before us the example of Georgia. She We have before us the example of Georgia. She settled her debts and began a faithful compliance with her promises, and she now is reaping the fruits by not only an inpouring of immigrants, but of money. Georgia to-day is capable of producing more cotton goods than any New England state, and what is more to the purpose, it is mainly with New England capital she works.

A Bad Custom Abolished.

Chicago Inter-Ocean The practice of offering wine or other intoxica-ting beverages to callers on New Year's day has almost been abolished in Chicago, and it is hoped that it will be entirely so. Many a young man has received his first glass of liquor from the hand of a lady friend upon this day of all the year when we should begin right, and the thoughtless courtesy has been the origin of untold evils and disgrace.

Bury It Deep.

Cincinnati Times-Star. Cincinnati Times-Star.

Let the dead past bury its dead, and let all that belongs to the old year go with it. If it was grief or pain we want none of it, and if it was pleasure of us hope that the new year has abundance of it in store. We do not live for yesterday, but for to-store. We do not live for yesterday, but for to-store. We do not live for yesterday, but for to-store with the property of the property of the form o

Virginia's New Governor.

Richmond State, regular, Let Mr. Cameron resolve, as governor of Virginia, to rise above the associations and contaminations of his own candidacy. As he looks back over the glorious record of the dead governors, let him look forward, too, to the time when his own soms and his sons' sons may be proud of having their father's name, registered in the "golden book" of Virginia's worthies. He is fit for things far better than to be the slavish executor of his boss's orders, and the corrupt and corrupting distributor of state plunder among his boss's pets.

If he can save the finances of Virginia from collapse, the institutions of Virginia from ruin, the people of Virginia from mention occial degradation, men will forget in him the accomplice of Mahone, and remember only the wise and honest governor of Virginia; and so the name of Cameron shall, if this Cameron so wish it, be put upon the lofty ievel of great Virginians. Let Mr. Cameron resolve, as governor of Virginia, orise above the associations and contaminations

The South and Mr. Davis.

St. Louis Republican.

The voluminious narratives offindividual experience and expressions of opinion that have followed General Johnston's statement about the confederate specie demonstrate a remarkable and interesting fact: that the people of the south will not listen to any disparagement of the now venerable man who was the first and last president of their confederacy. This is the more curious when it is reflected that Mr. Davis lacks many elements of a popular leader; that his administration was severely criticised by many of the most popular southern leaders, and that thousands of intelligent ex-soldiers of the confederacy freely criticise his policy to this day in private conversation. Notwithstanding this they do not relish seeing him assailed in pub ic. They will not believe any story to his personal discredit, even though it comes from or through so eminent and respected an officer as General Johnston; and they will not countenance any disparagement of the high character for honor which they believe is all that he came out of the wreck of the confederate experiment with.

Dr. Felton's Issues

Macon reiegraph.

The democracy and Dr. Felton will not differ about a free ballot, if under this phrase he has not cunningly concealed the abolition of the poll-tax, the only way the state has of making the negro voter share in the legitimate burdens of the government. Nor shall we fall out about the payment of "all houest debts." without this has a meaning which does not amorar upon its face. Georgia pays which does not amorar upon its face.

her grumbled at the one or the have been rumors that the new sed to make her pay the bonds plunder and corruption en a federal general was

AFFENDON private theatricals are sorting to the continuation of London, and in country house it has been and contributed the series of the continuation of Cyprus pages to the pests.

A MONTH ago 700,000 gallons of unpalathle water were stored in Chesmut Hill Resement to the pests.

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A MONTH ago 700,000 gallons of unpalathle water were stored in Chesmut Hill Resement to the continuation of the same transport in the continuation of the same transport is size. These are great commerce to the form than the lastings and there seems to be freight for them all.

The State of West Virginia has no indebt deduces, the constitution of the state forbidding the creation of any liability in the nature of a public deduce.

A RESIDENT of Belfast, O., has been put me der bonds of \$500 to appear before the grand put on the change of opening a letter written by his wife to her father.

The German scientist Ehrenberg finds that a single drop of water may contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain more than so, 00,00,000 of animaleulae. This would make very contain make the period of animaleulae than who adulterates food and the man who destin adulterated foed worse than the assassin and the sneak thief."

The London Lancet and the Herald of Health, of New York, assert that leaf ten is not animaleulae to sold the sneak thief."

The Mountain of the Lord is a solid rock, loft the best only a stimula

The Closing Exposition

Houston Post.

The exposition, which will rank among speessful enterprises of the kind ever until this country, was brought to a close afternoon. The crowd in attendance thising scenes was as great as on any oc-

But is the exposition really closed? The machinery is silent, the gates are shut and the exhibits will soon be dispersed, but the effects of the enterprise will be felt for years to come in the impetus which it is sure to give to the material development and the industrial improvement of Georgia and the bouth. The great success of the exposition lies not in the fact that it enabled our people to witness the highest and most perfect industrial development of other sections, but in the fact that it has enabled everybody (our own people included) to realize the nature and extent of the vast material resources of the south. We believe that the information which lay heaped up in the exposition building in great piles and pyramids, has been given an advertisement which will result in incalculable benefit to our own section, and, relatively, to all sections of the country.

Baltimore Times. Griffin News.

Baltimore Times.

Saturday witnessed the close of the great cotton exhibition which has been so successful as a display, and so productive of important results as an industrial educator of the southern people. They have been enlightened as to the great part which improved machinery and apparatus and economic science are capable of playing in the improvement and development of their industries, while the people of the whole country have been surprised and delighted to have such a revelation of the manifold resources of the south. The cotton area has not only been increased of late years 16,000,000 acres, but the yield of the crop per acre is in a fair way to be doubled and trebled, while at the same time the profubbleness of cotton as a crop is being Baltimore Times.

y to be doubled and trebled, while at the same te the profitableness of cotton as a crop is being abled by the fact, now quite demonstrable, that cotton plant can be made to yield as much from a and salk as is realized from the sale of lint ne. Facts of this sort, known to individuals in unconnected, indistinct way, are now grouped presented to the country as a series of connectindustrial goadusions, having an immense, farching bearing upon the future of the country, and hat least the Atlanta exposition has already purplaised.

duction, from the planting of the seed to the final delivery of the manufactured fabric, no country can be our rival, either in cheapness or quality of goods. That time is not far distant, and when it arrives the United States will surely win in the competition for the markets of the world.

Those markets are almost inconceivably vast. The United States already consume forry yards of cotton per capita per annum, Great Britain twenty-seven yards, China twenty yards. Allowing twenty yards per capita for the population of the world, this would require an annual production of over 30,000,000,000 yards, or nearly six times as much as

yards per capita for the population of the world, this would require an annual production of over 20,000,000,000 yards, or nearly six times as much as Great Britain at present produces. It would consume 18,000,000 bales of cotton, employ 200,000,000 spindles and provide work for 3,000,000 operatives. Even here the limit is not finally reached, for as people begin to use cotton goods their per capita consumption steadily increases, and in effect the objective approach of certer febries amountly takes by any quantity of cotton fabrics annually taken by an people is a pretty fair guage of their civilization

Baltimore Wants to Follow Suit. Baltimore Sun.

Baltimore Sun.

The logic of events points unmistakably to Baltimore as the place where the next great industrial exposition shall be held. Such was the sentiment suggested by the observations of Maryland exhibitors upon the results achieved at Atlanta, as voiced in the Sun's special correspondence from that city on Saturday last, and such is the conviction of our more thoughtful and enterprising citizens at home, who, recognizing the immense benefits that have accrued to Atlants, to Philadelphia, to Vienna, to Paris and to London from the exhibitions of which they were the scenes, think a Baltimore industrial exposition the means best suited to simulate the growth of our material interests. What the Atlanta exposition, hastily improvised, almost self-planned, and limited in its scope, did for Atlanta and the cotton belt, a similar exhibition, more carefully planned and unlimited in its scope, may do for Paltimore limited in its scope, did for Alanta and the cotton belt, a similar exhibition, more carefully planned and unlimited in its scope, may do for Baltimore and the entire south and west. The products and processes and needs of industries peculiar to a certain area found at Atlanta adequate representation, but Baltimore may, from her peculiar geographical position, her commercial importance, her great past and stronghold upon the future, fairly, claim to be the scene of a display of the resources and industries of the whole country-south, north, east and west. The benefits of such exhibitions scarcely need enumeration.

Baltimore's exposition should equal if not exceed that at Philadeiphia in 1870, and seek to attain an international character.

Baldimore's exposition save the ceed that at Philadelphia in 1876, and seek to attain an international character.

Baldimore happens to possess advantages over most cities brither to the sites of international exhibitions, as will be seen from any careful enumeration of the requisites of a place aspiring to be the scene of a world's fair. There must be a wide area to accommodate the vast buildings and throngs of people, and this large space must be in the vicinity of a large city able to furnish accommodations to visitors. The site must also be at the focus of lines of transportation, and, if possible, it must be approachable for vesels of burden by water. Drainage, water supply, gas lighting, am le sanitary and medical service, clerks, workmen in abundance, and efficient police require the resources of a large city. Baltimore, it will be seen fulfills these conditions admirably, and there is no reason why she should not excel the exposition at the case of the second of the second

men in abundance, and efficient police regular the resources of a large city. Baltimore, it will be seen. fulfills these conditions admirably, and there is no reason why she should not excel the exposition at London in 1851 and 1862. at Paris in 1855 and 1867, at Vienna in 1873, at Philadelpnia in 1876, and at Atlanta in 1881. Ample time for preparation is needed, as the labor of organization, building, grading, etc., is always very considerable. In view of this need there could, perhaps, be no better time selected than a date ten years from now, namely, 1892—the four-hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America by Columbus.

The event is one worthy of commemoration, and it would most probably be the generous impulse of the whole world to join in making the commemoration worthy of the event. The national agricultural fair proposed to be held here next fall may be made a preliminary event and serve to advertise the event of 1892. The proposed celebration in 1881 of the anniversary of the landing of the "Pilziums of Maryland" at St. Mary's, in the spring of 1634, may 180 be made to contribute its momentum to the furtherance of the great exposition destined, if determined upon according to the suggestion here made, to reach its acm, eight years later. Her capital, her culture, her commercial visor, her extensive connections by water or rail with all parts of the world, her asymitoids as well as her needs, if it Baltimore for the task of inaugurating another such error from the proposed cellular and the proposed cellular as was introduced by the centennial et hibtion at Philadelsuch era of industrial deve duced by the centennial phia.

CINCINNATI, January 4.— rs are troubled by a strike elece work, though not nur fork necessitating the sto piece work, thou

THE WORK AHEAD.

The Observations of un Hamble Observer ATLANTA, Ga., December 21, 1881. - The exposi-tion has closed. To day the great bell clanged, the sachinery all stopped and the show was virtually closed. Yes, the thousands of eager visitors may go home and tell their neighbors who could not er would not come, the wonders of the International cotton exposition. The men who toiled, and I humbly trust, prayed for its success, may now comfortably adjust their laurels and rest, and the comfortably adjust their latters and rest, and die hard worked newspaper men can take time to trim their pencils before casting about for a fresh sub-ject with which to agitate the public mind. The exposition gates are closed, but the exposi-tion will hve in the memory of man for many a day. Years hence a glow of pride will come over the Atlantian when he speaks of it or hears it

grand, the fine and the unique exhibits are ended-soon all will be silence and desolation where life and activity have reigned for so long, where sound and excitement were the order of the day. With the memory of all its manifold attractions warm upon me, I find myself unfit for criticism.

The exposition has already accomplished one thing, it has drawn a great number of northern and southern people together, and it has brought into notice about fifty thousand new colonels, and, hap-py thought, they do not all belong to Georgia.

The figures may seem extravagant, but when the reflective reader discovers that every second man he meets this side of Washington City is a colonel, will understand that the half has not been told him.

When the flower ship tecture, a whole delegate of colonels accompanied her. There used to other military men, but since the exposition oper they have all turned to colonel. "Bill Arp" call they have all turned to colonel. "Bill Arp" call they have all turned to colonel.

past, I find that every day might have been carrier "colonels day."

I am an humble seeker after trith and knowledge and if any man will explain the use or sense of this absurd fashion I will remember him when prosperity forsakes me, when grim necessity bids mecall on my friends for assistance. I know that "ouz of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh," and that when a man calls another colonel it is simply to show him respect and honor; but if we could learn that it is not necessary to add the extra title to show our admiration, it might be well for us. As a rule, we are proper to overdo the thing, and that phrase reminds me of another subject, far removed from the unfortunnate wearers of gratu-

to show our admiration, it might be well for us. As a rule, we are prone to overdo the thing, and that phrase reminds me of another subject, far removed from the unfortuunage wearers of gratuations bestowed military honos. The opening chapters of M. D. Howells' novel, "A Modern Instance," like before me, and if Marcia Gaylord is a type of our young womanhood, then new order of things must be coming about, and instead of waiting for the man to woo, the American woman has made it one of her rights and privileges. It may be very charming to have a pretty girl filing herself into your arms at the first intit that you may like her—lake it for granted that, you are engaged to her—laugh or ery for joy over it—and by dint of close questioning, drag the admission from you that you have contemplated making her your wife. Yes, it may be charming, and to men too bashful to make known their love, a blessing, but I have too much faith in the delicacy and moffesty of American women to think such atthing an exist, except in the fertile imagination of the novelist. American girls are independent, and may clamor for "rights" not good for them to have, but or lake they still possess enough of womanty in a care to save them from claiming may and thought and feeling grow more serious as I look back over the eventful twelve months of which so small a rennant now remains. This has been a year of floods, famines and pestilences, and

and thus men hide the foolishness of their hearts has made close acquaintance with many in our midst; and in counting our blessings, we should not forget our losses and crosses, and welcome the new year with strengthened hopes and a steadler faith. M. C.

The Miami Indians.

Wabash, Ind., January 4.—The report that the Miami Indians of Indiana are to be paid the sum of \$221,000, in this city on the 2d of January, is premature. The census roll was forwarded to Washington in September by Thad Butler, editor of the Wabash Plaindealer, under whose supervision it was taken, and it was expected the money would have been paid ere this. A law firm in Marion has a claim pending for \$9,000 for alleged legal services for the Me-shingo-me-sia band, before the Indian commissioner, which has not yet been adjudicated, and which will be deducted from the sum named if alowed. Until this question is settled the payment will not be made. It may possibly delay the payment but a few days, however, as the Hon. Calvin Cowgill, appointed to make the payment, has information that the department will act upon the matter at once.

JERSEYVILLE, Illinois, January 4.—The liabilities of Enoch Littlefield, banker, whose suspension was announced yesterday, are \$50,000; assets, \$60,000. A committee has been appointed to wind up his affairs. His creditors are to be paid in full.

THE ESTHETE.

Punch. I have decked my dim-lit bower
With the peacock's plumes I love,
And the dado's dark below,
And the frieze is, faint above:
I have decked my dim tich bower
In the last sweet style of Art
With pale plants in a row—
I have made my chamber smart!

The slender tables stand On waxed and matted fl Drew Venus there, so sweet! I sit, as in a dream, Close huddled at her feet.

Oh, let me be intense! I pine, I yearn, I fade,

I pine, I yearn, I fade, And my hair mangs o're my brow, And my necktle's disarrayed! My sont is so intense, immense, My culture is so vast. I sometimes fancy—who knows how?— That I shall burst at last! FINANCIAL FACTS

New York, January 4.—Chare speculation opened at a decline of 14@1 per cent from yesterday's clos-ing prices, the Richmond and Danville leading erein. In the early dealings a decline was recorded in the general list, ranging from 1/4 to 1/4 per cent, latter for the Louisville and Nas'iville. Subsequently an advance of 1 to 21/2 per cent took lace, in which the Louisville and Nashville Wabash common, Denver and Rio Grande, St. Paul, Texas and Pacific, and Northern Pacific preferred were the most conspicuous. Between the first and cond boards the market fell off slightly, but re overed and made a fractional advance. Erie pre erred, which sold at 11/4 per cent, being the most cerred, which sold at 1/4 per cent, cents in assembly conspicuous in the advance. In late dealings the market made a steady advance of 1 to 2½ per cent, and closed streng. The shares prominent in the improvement were the Denver and Rio Grande, Northern Pacific preferred. Lake Shore, Texas Pacific, Louisville and Nashville, New York Central, and Wabash preferred. Transactions aggregated 310,000 shares

- 1	Georgia 78 mortg e104	metroponium ese co
- 1	Georgia do gold116	MichiganCentral 85
. 1	Louisiana consols 68	Mobile & Ohio 359
	North Carolina old 30	N JerseyCentral 909
	North Carolina new., 20	Norfolk & W'n Pre 57
3	Funding11	N. Y. Elevated 106
Н	Special tax108	Ohio & Miss 34
а	Tennessee 6s 74%	Preferred 90
1	Tennessee new 721/2	Pacific Mail 40
3	Virginia 68 33	Panama189
3	Consolidated 69%	Quicksilver 12
а	Deferred 17	Preferred 55
d	Adams Express146	Reading
	American Mer Fx (2)	St L& San Fran 39
3	Chesap'ke & Ohio 24% Chicago & Alton129%	do Preferred 68
3	Chicago & Alton 1293/4	do first Preferred105
-	C., St. L. & N. O 80	St. Paul106
Э	C., St. L. & N. O 80 Consolidated Coal 38	Preferred120
8	Delaware & Lack 120%	Texas Pacific 47
9	Fort Wayne 1341/2	Union Pacific116
9	Hannibal & St Joe 95	United States 76
3	Harlem205	Wells & Fargo130
3	Houston & Texas 85	N., C. & St. L 55
1	Chicago & N.W1294	IN. Y. Central 130
4	do Preferred137%	Pittab'g F.W. & C 125
4	Eria 40	Rich. & Dan 38
d	Ill ois Central12914	Rock Island
н	Lake Shore	Wab., St. L. & Pac., 35
и	L & N	do Preterred 677

NEW YORK, the Fourth A slow jog along stroll along Garden, with will bring the foot of Whitel

which every boay. Ten ce boat will land esting institu indeed, one of world. It is probab tutions. A v ments will most useful. I refer to

heard of such :

unsettled cor most of the were seen in several years they were in great fortune owner of one pendent and t

Or th's class who was a pra up in the wo ships plying they brought he invseted York real and saw found a large part of the propert big store star vicinity. When he n

to the brave

of the sea an wrote one of ever was res thirty acres of he desired a the erection the superb pr the doors of t old or disable New Yo k ha On this beq in 1834, and fulfilling its see it now in goodness. The ferry beyond it of buildings be ors strolling ors stro dawns. Step graveled ave over which side rises a Randall, and A ramble veals a park On every for of the close

In front o

ed on the w

Any of is long root with great g The poli with pictur peace and i and teil yo like that of or how he ging. He will t his nest pase that

has been s and the twice ever one of the school ho with its marked c best hote

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ship was dropped d

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or Home The Story of Robert Richard Ran-dall and How He Got His Fortune-The Interior of the Establishment, Etc. nt Proportions of the New York Sail

New York, January 1, 1882.-A ride down the Fourth Avenue elevated railroad, or a slow jog along the belt line street cars, or a stroll along the broad sea wall past Castle Garden, with its Babel confusion of tongues. will bring the lounger in New York to the foot of Whitehall street, and to a pier from which every half hour steams out a ferry Ten cents and half an hour on that bost will land him at one of the most intersing institutions of the great metropolisleed, one of the noblest charities in all the

It is probably the richest of all such institations. A visit through its spacious departwill convince one that it is among the

I refer to "Sallors Snug Harbor." I had heard of such an institution, but had no coneption of its extent, its wealth, or its worth,
From 1812 to 1830 Europe was in such an
unsettled condition that American ships did
and the sun and the sheen or its ingut on
the calm water above which these white
haired old men were standing made a scene
of peace and beauty never to be forgotten.
And as we turned a bend the last look at the most of the commerce of the world. They were seen in every sea, and as they were for sereal years about the only ships that had fee and safe course of the waters in constant demand. Naturally great fortunes were made in America. The ewner of one good craft soon became inde pendent and the man who had extensive ship

to the brave men who had fought the perils of the sea and brought him fortune, and he wrote one of the most beautiful wills that ever was read. He left one hundred and the thirty acres of land on Staten island on which he desired a sailors' home to be founded, for

the erection and support of which he gave the superb property in New York above mentioned. The will carefully provides for the management of the fund, but declared that the does of the home should be open to any old or disabled sailor who might come into New Yo k harbor. On this bequest the institution was founded

in 1834, and steadily since that time has been fulfilling its mussion of mercy. It is a joy to see it now, in the magnificent proportions of its

The ferry glides along a gray sea wall and beyond it on a high ridge one can see the buildings belonging to the home and the sailors strolling on the balconies, or the lovely jawns. Stepping off the boat, a walk up a graveled avenue brings him to the entrance, over which an anchor is hanging. Just in side rises a white shaft to the memory o Randall, and beneath it rest his remains

A ramble over the extensive grounds re-reals a park of natural and artificial beauty. On every foot of the turf there are evidences of the close care given to the institution.

In front of the entrance is the main build-

ing and on entering you see the anchor painted on the wall with the inscription: "Safe in harbor after many storms." All around are men, most of whom are old, some crippled, and some feeling their way blindly about. Any one those, who can see, will kindly show you through the buildings. He will tell you that there are now 800 sailors in the harbor without one

something to read. The reading room just next to it has as many more. Down the hall is long room in which fifty sailors sit playing with great glee at draughts or dominoes.

The polished walls all around are hung with pictures of the sea in calm and storm, in pictures of the sea in calm and storm, in se and in war. Your old guide will stop and tell you how he has been through a peril like that of the ship tossing in the breakers, or how he has heard the shot sing in the rig-

his neat little bed and the snowy counterpare that covers its soft bosom. All around are comforts, hot and cold water, a register, and on the walls he has hung a variety of pictures. are comforts, hot and cold water, a register, and on the walls he has hung a variety of pictures. My old friend had been in the home twenty years. Though not an old man, the tropic seas had broken him down, and one day when the ship was ready to sail from New York he dropped down a human wreck. They picked him up and brought him here, and here he has been since, quietly drifting down life's tide. He carried me all through the wards and the chapel where there is divine service twice every day by a regular chaplain. From ome of the windows I could see the pretty school house in which 130 sailor's children are taught every day free, with books and reverything given to them. Over to the left, is another building, where decrepit wives of sailors find a home, and thirty are there now

We went down stairs to the dining-room, with its long tables and beautiful anchormarked china. Everything is as clean as the best hotel in the land. The kitchen with its great ranges and dozen cooks was an object of interest. I saw how they lived by going into the pantry, where 150 pounds of golden butter was being put into little dishes. This is one day's supply. The finest beef that Fulton market can furnish is hanging there in profusions amid oysters, fish and vegetables. I almost wanted my old friend to ask me to dinewith him. In another room there is a hure display of pastry.

We passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of we passed on to a building where scores of whe passed on to a building where scores of whe passed on to a building where scores of the passed by the pastor, Rev. Mr.

The reunion at Trinity charch last made by the pastor, Rev. Mr. were proposed and the pastor, Rev. Mr.

We passed on to a building where scores of sailors were at work making fish baskets, fish lets, mats and hammocks. This work is entirely voluntary, and all that it pays goes to the workman. In one room thirty blind men were doing wonderfully smooth work and talking cheerfully together. One of them, Dan Connor, told me he was eighty years old and he loved to work at these things to make a little money and sand to his grandchildren. and connor, told me he was eighty years old and he loved to work at these things to make a little money and send to his grandchildren in Ireland. He had by his side a devoted friend, Mike somebody, both blind. But when the bell rings for prayers they both join hands like two children and walk across the lawn as straight and as fast he any, two men on the

lives, at a salary of \$5,000 a year, and then down through the grounds laid off-for such sports as the men care to indulge is and down to the sunniest nook in the wide area, where the white headstones told the tale of those who had finished the voyage and passed to the last harbor of all.

the last harbor of all.

The income of the institution is almost fabulous. The directors actually don't know what to do with it. They are building new houses all the while, and there is no limit to the number of those who shall enjoy a rest within their walls. Every old or broken down sailor is admitted. This year the income for the "harbor" will be year the income for the "harbor" will be the last harbor of all. year the income for the "harbor" will be three quarters of a milli n dollars! And it

three quarters of a milli n dollars! And it is constantly increasing.

When I walked among those men of various nations and saw the happy look on their faces, and heard them tell of all the good things which are perpetually showered on them, I felt as though I had rather have the memory which Robert Richard Randall has left in the hearts of men than to die a king and sleep in an abbey.

Where will Vanderbilt's hundred millions be fifty years from now? Who then will be most loved, he or the man who has made himself interests. most loved, he or the man who himself immortal for his kindness?

It was late in the afternoon when I came away. By the wall stood a long line of the sailors looking out into the sea, whose murmer they yet love. As the boat drew off I saw them pointing to a stately ocean steamer clearing out into the main. The golden setting of the sun and the sheen of its light on

AMUSEMENTS. emer of one good craft soon became independent and the man who had extensive ship interests found his wealth multiplying mirac nlously.

With's class was Robert Richard Randall, who was a practical seaman. He had gotten up in the world enough to have a number of ships plying in those busy times. The gold it is plying in those busy times. The gold and saw that the end was near he found himself possessed of a large part of present Fourieenth estreet, of the property on Broadway where Stewart's big store stands, and several other lots in that trichity.

When he made his will his heart went out to the brave men who had fought the perils

FORGET-ME-NOT.—To a fair audience Miss Gene being and the audience Miss Gene being the rescond appearance at DeGive's opera house last night, as Stephaine and the resolved in the resolved in the property on the same and he worm and the strong situations of the property on Broadway where Stewart's big store stands, and several other lots in that trichity.

When he made his will his heart went out to the brave men who had fought the perils

**Comparison of the play is a strong conject on the strong situations of the property on Broadway where Stewart's big store stands, and several other lots in that trichity.

When he made his will his heart went out to the brave men who had fought the perils.

**Comparison of the play is a strong conject on the property of the worm and the strong situations of the property of the strong situations allotted his will have been spent as a strong conject of the antichem the resolute in the property with the perils of the strong situations of the property on Broadway where Stewart's big store stands, and several other lots in that trichity.

When he made his will his heart went out to the brave men who had fought the perils.

**Comparison of the play is to cast out one who refused a prominent position in the reporter. "with your labors in connection with the reporter. "with your labors in connection with the reporter. "with your labors in connection wit

him with Stephaine.

LOTTA.—At the academy Lotta had an ovation, notwithstanding the rain. Cars passing the door either way came loaded with passengers to witness her new play, and throngs of pedestrians coured in through the main entrances until the vestibule was packed. After all the seats were gone it was announced from the platform that only standing room could be sold. Many availed themselves of this privilege and hundreds of others were forced to go away. The piece was Fred. Marsden's new comedy-drama, in three acts, entitled "Bob." The piece has much merit, and Lotta as Bob, an abbreviation for Roberta, was ir resistible. She far surpassed her usual acting, the play giving a free runge of her versatility in making situations ludicious, and working in the light, airy movements in which she is an adept. She held the audience spell-bound at times, and always had the undivided attention even of those who had to stand throughout the performance. Her sluging and dancing were encored so as to call her out four or five times for a single piece. The support was excellent.—Baltimore Sun

Lotta willproduce Marsden's Musette at DeGive's more Sun Lotta willproduce Marsden's Musette at DeGive's opera house. Monday night, 9th, and on Tuesday

SHAUN RHUE.—To-night Mr. Joseph Murphy, supported by a strong dramatic company, will produce Marsden's play of the above name. It is an Irish play, full of sparkling Irish humor, and contains several dramatic and nicely sensational incidents. Besides being an Irish comedian, he is a capable artist, and most happily brings out the humor, pathos and gallantry of the Irish. He is supported by a good company Among others, Miss Julia Stewart, the leading lady, who is a winning little actress, graceful, handsome and spirited.

AT THE CENTRAL CHURCH.

The Week of Prayer is Not Forgotten and the Meet

Ings Are Well Attended.
-The Central Presbyterian church was well filled yesterday evening and the exercises proved very entertaining to the congregation. The singing was excellent and the programme was executed to the

will tell you that there are now 800 sailors in the harbor without one thought for the morrow, proyided with everything they want, living in peace for the rest of their days.

The library, full of varied literature, has a score or more of the happy immates selecting to the scripture just read the president, and said: "It is the most wonderful prayer ever offered, and by our blessed Lord. It is his intercession in behalf of his church which is purchased by his own blood. To his people he has It is his intercession in behalf of his church which is purchased by his own blood. To his people he has said: 'Ye are the light of the world, the sait of the earth, and Paul, the great apostle of the Gentiles, speaks of the church as the pillar and ground of the truth. We are here this afternoon to pray for that instruraentality appointed by God. We should pray at this time because as it has been ever since Christ walked the earth; so to-day we contend against that subtle spirit which we call e contend against that subtle spirit which we ca e world—the unsanctified humanity—hostile t

God.

There are so many in our churches contaminated with the business side of life. Like a sponge saturated with water, so it seems with them—no room for God and spirituality. As with them—no room for God and spirituality. As with these noble, strong-willed, it is true that business and money carry more weight and power than spirituslity, so we should pray God that they may be kept back from that unholy fire. So many ruining health, giving up domestic life because engaged in some honorable vocation. They keep their integrity, it is true like Job, yet are becoming more and more

MAJOR BLACK NALL'S DEPARTURE.

when the bell rings for prayers they both join hands like two children and walk across the lawn as straight and as fast as any two men on the grounds.

One old blind sailor had cut out and rigged a tiny ship of rare perfection, and displayed it with evident pride.

My guide told me that they did not know what it was to have a wish ungratified. Bright days they are allowed to go to New York and stroll around. When they are sick there is the hospital, where the tenderest attention is waiting. They are given a neatblue winter and summer suit whenever they need it, and those who use tobacco have that supplied.

We walked past the handsome residence there Mr. Melville, the gernor of the home,

men to lamp poers. He had balloon ascensions, and even employed an orator, who nightly addressed the people upon the subject he holds nearest to his heart.

But an end came to this, as it does to everything. The exposition closed and the crowd left. Every-body went away except Major Blacknall, who remained behind to do his grandest scheme, and that scheme is one that will long be remembered by all who were present.

After consulting with himself he determined to barquet the exceutive committeee of the International cotton exposition, the present the drummers, and on Tuesday night less a royal feast was spread for them at Concordia hall. The tables were arranged to represent the exposition main building, and were laden with everything that Zettelle could think of. In the center of the tables was placed the Durham buil, which gees to all the expositions and upon it were piled all the tropical fruits. The bannan, the grape, the orange and the fig loaded the poor brute until he was made to ery "enough."

At an early hour the invited guests began to as-

fig loaded the poor brute until he was made to cry "enough," Poor brute until he was made to cry "enough,"

At an early hour the invited guests began to assemble, and by nine o'clock the rooms were full. The feast was a kind of informal affair—that is, every f was permitted to eat what he wanted, and to eat it when he wanted. The menu was complete, and the most fastidious epicurian could not fail to be pleased. Wines were in abundance in variety as well as quantity, and the company were compelled to admit that Blacknall's banquet was a complete and thorough success. The health of Blacknall, Blackwell and the Durham bull were drunk until the crowd could afrink no more, and then the end was amounced.

CHATTAHOOCHEE'S WATERS.

Which Director-General Kimball Proposes to Bring to Atlanta—What He Says About the Scheme.

A CONSTITUTION reporter, who has frequently

MUSETTE! heard the canal scheme referred to during the past few days, and especially since the close of the exformation upon the subject, and found him st the exposition office on Marietta street, surrounded by a large corps of clerks, who were rapidly engrossing the reports of the judges and preparing the awards for exhibitors. Mr. Kimball, however, stated that he could give the reporter a few minums, when the following conversation enumbers. position, sought Mr. Kimball yesterday to get in-

that I have had within the past month some very flattering and liberal business propositions, the acceptance of which would take me away from Atlanta and Georgia. But you may rest assured that I shall accept none of them without the most careful consideration. I have spent nearly my entire life in attempts to serve the public—for the past fifteen years in Georgia—and it is very hard for me now to accept any position, however flattering in a financial point of view, or of however much interest it may be for myself and family individually that will take me away from Georgia, or unless I that I am some arms ce in its operation that it will reach beyond my own personal benefit. I confess that I am some what fond of doing things that will result in the public good, even though I may not be personally benefitted, therefore my attachment to the canal scheme."

cheme."
"I am sure this will be gratifying information to he people of Georgia and the south. Now tell me bout the canal."
"We have had a surveying party out for the past

the people of Georgia and the south. Now tell me about the canal."

"We have had a surveying party out for the past three months, who are now making up maps, etc., and they will soon le ready to give us the figures strements and resulfs of their survey. You know I have for the past I welve years been decidedly of the opinion that Atlanta would hardly get by a population of fifty thousand people without an abundant water supply, and I have no doubt that with that supply, she would more than double herself within the next ten years. Believing this, I had no doubt that if the scheme of turning the waters of the Chattahoochee here is at all feasible, that sufficient capital could be readily raised for the purpose of accomplishing it. I am, as you doubtless know, president of a company, which has a charter, which in and of itself is a most valuable franchise, and sooner or later, I believe, must be utilized for the prosperity of Atlnata. But I understand that since we put engineers in the field, another company, who have a charter for connecting the waters of the Chattahoochee and the Ocmulgee for transportation and other purposes, have taken up the idea of turning their attention to bringing water into Atla ta. I have made some efforts to ascertain their plans and purposes, but have so far failed, but you are at liberty to say from me that if there is any other company or any other organized the Atlanta cotton factory company, for the purpose of building a mill. Other parties thormed me that they were ready to do it, and as my forrelies in doing the thing that others are loth to undertake, I immediately abandoned that scheme, and in 1875 I found it exactly where I left't, picked it up and the result of it is the factory, the me that they were ready to do II, and as my rore lies in doing the thing that others are loth to undertake, I immediately abandoned that scheme, and in 1875 I found it exactly where I left it; picked it up and the result of it is the factory, the hum of which is heard at all times of day and night. I should not be willing to permit the canal scheme to lie idie so long; neither am I willing to undertake the enterprise with any opposition on the part of any citizen of Atlanta. You remember I revived this matter of the canal at the banquet tendered General Gordon. I stated them that many enterprises in Georgia had been kept back and killed out for the want of the very sympathy that was extended to brim at that banquiet, and that upon the assumere of the extension of that sympathy and cooperation on the part of the people of Atlanta to me, that I would undertake to bring the waters of the Chattathoochee to Atlanta to meet the coal that General Gordon might bring on the Georgia Pacific from Alabama. At that time the sympathy was readily promised. I am ready to carry out the promise thus made and will be ready to give my entire time and energies to it from and after the first of February, previded that I can do so without opposition from a my other parties; but understand, I am perfectly willing that the other company should go forward, and will not stand in their way if I am satisfied they have the charter and the means to give to Atlanta what I consider she is obliged to have, in order that she may keep in advance of all competitors."

advance of all competitors," The New Pennsylvania Loan. The New Pennsylvania Loan.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 4.—Bids for the new ten million dollar state loan were opened to-day. They aggregate about twenty million dollars. The premiums will amount to about \$400,000. The average reate of interest is four per cent, and the average premium bid, about the same. No awards as yet. Drexel, Morgan & Co., of Philadelphia, bid lo7 for \$6,500,000 of four per cents.

A Tariff Convention Called. New York. January 4.—A call will be issued to morrow for the committee, appointed by the National tarist convention to present the views of the convention to congress, to meet at the Riggs house washington. January 18.

State of Georgia—Fulton County—Superior Court, October Term, 1881. Present, his honor George Hillyer' Judge,—Ovestus A. George vs. Annie F. George. Libel for Diverce.—Rule to perfect

T APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RE-I APPEARING TO THE COURT BY THE RE-turn of the sheriff, that the defendant, Annie F. George, is not to be found in Fulton county, jeorgia; and it further appearing that she does not eside in this state, it is, on motion of counsel, or-tered, that said defendant appear and answer at he next term of this court: else that the case be onsidered in default, and the plaintiff allowed to proceed. And it is further ordered, that this rule be ablished in the Atlanta Constitution once a month or four months.

A true extract from the Minutes. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

G EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S C EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY'S
Office, November 5, 1881.—James Wilson, administrator of the estate of Christina Wilson are
of said county, deceased, represents that he has
fully discharged his trust, and prays for letters of
dismission.
All persons concerned are hereby notified to file
their objections; if any exist, on or before the first
Monday in March, 1882, else letters of dismission
will be granted the applicant.
2310076 dlawam
W. L. CALHOUN,
Ordinary

Guardian of Una S, and Rollie C. Hammand.
Atlanta, Ga., Jan. 5, 1882 jan3-dlaw4w tues
CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
T office. November 5, 1881.—Elizabeth S, Slivey,
Administratrix of the estate of D. H. Silvey, late of
said county, deceased, represents that she has fully
discharged her trust, and prays for letters of dismission. All persons concerned are herey notified discharged her mission. All persons concerned are herey nonneur in file their objections, it any exist, on or beigge the first Monday in March, 1882, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.

HYMENEAL.

GARRETT-WEST-Married, at the residence of the bride's brother, Mr. W. H. West, by Rev. H. C. fornady, January 3, 1882, Mr. Daniel A. and Miss Annie West.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

ONE NIGHT ONLY. THURSDAY, JANUARY 5.

Special Announcement-Engagement of the Popular Irish Comedian and Vocalist, MR. JOSEPH MURPHY

Supported by MISS JULIA STEWART and a strong Dramatic Company, in Mr. Fred Marsdeu's Roman-tic Companion Play to "Kerry Gow," entitled SHAUN RHUE,

Introducing his successful song. "A Handful of Earth." Shaun Rhue is the Only Rival to "Kerry

MR. MURPHY ASSUMES TWO CHARACTERS. Prices as usual. Reserved seats on sale at Phillips & Crew's Book Store.

TWO NIGHTS ONLY!

MONDAY EVENING.

MUSETTE. TUESDAY EVENING,

BOB!" MUSETTE! Prices as usual: reserved seats, 50 cents extra will be on sale at Phillips & Crew's Book Store from Friday morning. jan5 d5t



CLOSED. SKATING RINK HAS NOT

Amission afternoon free, use of Skates 25c. Admission night, Gents 15c.: Ladies free. Admission, with use of Skates, at night 25c Apply at rink for special terms for teaching and

All who wish to learn to skate have now a splet did opportunity as city is quiet. jan1 tf

PUBLIC SALE

Bank, Gas Light, Railroad Stocks, Notes and Accounts.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC OUTCRY TO THE highest bidder, at the office of G. W. Adair, highest bidder, at the office of G. W. Adair, auctioneer, Wall street, in this city, on Thursday, January 12th, 1882, at the hour of 10 a.m., the following stocks, notes and accounts:
75 shares, \$100 each share, Atlanta National bank, 14 shares, \$100 each share, Gate City National

ank. 21 shares, \$25 00 each share, Atlanta Gas Light Comany.
41 shares, \$25.60 cach share, (½ interest in this)
Atlanta Gas Light Company.
5 shares, \$100 each share, Georgia Air-Line railroad.

5 shares, \$100 each share, Georgia Alf-Line ran-road.

1 note against M. M. Smalley, for \$100 and inter-est, dated June 5, 1889, one day after date.

1 note for \$428 against Marcus Brown, dated April 25, 1867, 90 days after date.

1 note against Ellen O'Højleron, \$100, dated Janu-ary 5, 1869, 60 days after date.

1 account against Patrick Gardiner & Bro., for \$700 in confederate states bills, (loaned) with inter-est until paid, and dated March 22, 1862.

The stocks may or may not be sold in small lots, will determine on day of sale.

All sold as the property and effects of the estate of John Lynch, deceased, late of this city, and sold for the purpose of a final distribution among the heirs and legatees of the estate. and legatees of the estate.

the purpose of a limit when the purpose of a limit when the purchasers of the estate.

Terms cash, and as soon as the cash is paid by the purchasers of the stocks, the executors will turn over the certificates and have the transfers made on the books of the several institutions. Those two banks and the gas light company, are all paying good dividends and have been since their organization, hence they ought to, and they will sell well. Therefore, investors of money should be on hand and look to their interest,

Therefore, investors of money and look to their interest, Remember, G. W. Adair's office, and G. W. Adair's office, and G. W. Adair auctioneer.

JAMES LYNCH, PETER LYNCH, Executors of the estate of John Lynch, deceased, Atlanta, Ga., Fulton county, January 5th, 1882. Atlanta, Ga., Fulton county, jan5 4t thurs sat tues thurs

PYROLUSITE MANGANESE CO. 76 PINE STREET, New York, December 31, 1881.

NOTICE IS HERERY GIVEN TO ALL WHOM IT other is herrely given to ALL whom it may concern, that no contract, obligations, or indebtedness of any kind (except for labor at groper rates) will be recognized or allowed by the Pyrolusite Manganese Company, of cartersville, Georgia, unless signed and agreed to by E. H. Woodward, President, or Charles C. Dodge, Treasurer.

Jano 1t St. James Hotel, Cartersville, Ga.

MAYETTE COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES—WILL be sold before the court house door in the town of Favestevitile, Fayette county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in February next, in the legal hours of sale, the following property to wit: The east half of lot of land, number 121, in the 4th district of Fayette county, Georgia, containing one hundred acres, more or less, levied on as the property of M. Goodman to satisfy two marggage fi. Ias, issued from Fayette superior court, in favor of George W. Graflin vs. M. Goodman. Property pointed out by J. A. Bruce, agent for the said George W. Graflin vs. M. Goodman notified of said levy.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold sixty-five acres of land, off of lot of land No. 89, commencing at a point 9 chains north of southwest corner of said land lot, running east thirty-five chains, thence north 18 chains, thence west 55 chains, thence north 18 chains to the point of starting. Levied on as the property of B. F. Landrum, to satisfy a justice court fi. fa. issued from the 624th district, G. M., of Fayette county, in favor of J. W. Goldsmith, vs. B. F. Landrum. Levy made by J. C. Vincent, L. C., and turned over to me. B. F. Landrum notified of said levy.

Also, at the same time and place, will be sold sixty acres of land, the east end of the north half of lot of land No. 72, in the 5th district of Fayette county, Georgia, in favor of L. B. Griegs, ordinary, vs. Nancy McDear-FAYETTE COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES-WILL

the court of ordinary of Fayette county, Georgia, in favor of L. B. Grizgs, ordinary, vs. Nancy McDear-mon. Property pointed out by L. B. Griggs, plain-tiff in fi. fa. Tenant in possession notified of said levy. This January 2, 1882. jan5 lawiw J. M. CARLISLE, Sheriff.

Guardian's sale — Georgia, Fulton
I county—Will be sold in the city of Atlanta,
Georgia, on the 1st Tuesday in February next, at
the usual place of holding sheriff's sales, agreeably
to an order passed at the January, 1882, term of the
court of ordinary, of Museogee county. Georgia, the
following described real estate with the improvements thereon, situated in said county of Fulton
and adjacent to said city of Atlanta, to-wit: The
one-half undivided interest in all that tractor parcel
of land, situated, lying and being in the fourteenth
(14th) district, originally Henry, now Fulton county, and being fifty acres in the southwest corner of
lot one hundred and fourteen (114) in said district,
on which there once stood a grist mill. Terms cash.

GEO Y. POND,
jan5 law4w Gnardian of Anna J. Castan.

KING HOUSE,

STONE MOUNTAIN, GA.

J. T. MEADOR, Proprietor.

SOUTHERN DEPOT, PENNSYLVANIA IRON, WORKS.

MACON - - - GEORGIA.

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN

STEAM ENGINES, BOILERS, SAW AND GRIST MILLS, HARDWARE, IRON, STEEL AND NAILS. GENERAL AGENCY FOR THE

BROWN COTTON GIN

CENTRAL CITY IRON WORKS.

BROWN'S

NATIONAL HOTEL

RATES \$2.00 PER DAY.

(Nearly Opposite Passenger Depot.)

E. E. BROWN & SON, PROPRIETORS.

MACON, GEORGIA.

ROME R ROAD CO. OF GEORGIA OF GENERAL FREIGHT AND PASSENGER AGENT,

ROME, GA., January 5, 1892.

Change in Schedule,

COMMENCING MONDAY, JANUARY 9, 1880 the trains over Rome Bailroad will connect a ston with trains leaving Atlanta at 5:10 a.m 2:50 p.m., arriving in Rome at 9:05 a.m. and p.m. JAS. A. SMITH, 5 dlw General Passenger Agent.

THE MERCHANTS' BANK, ATLANTA, GA., January 4, 1882.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Merchants' Bank of Atlants, heid this day, a semi-annual dividend of \$8.50 per share was declared, payable on demand.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Merchants' Bank will be held at their Fanking House, at 10 o clock a.m., Tues lay, January 10, 1882.

J. H. PORTER, Cashier. FOR SALE.

A LIVERY AND SALE STABLE, STOCK AND Vehicles, all in good order-corn, hay and fodder to last six menths. This is the only stable between Dalton and Cartersville. A business that

FERTILIZERS FOR SALE WE BEG TO OFFER THE FOLLOWING brands of Fertilizers:

Homestead Superphosphate, Stonewall Bone Guano, West's Acid Phosphate.

These are pure high grade Fertifizers and have given satisfaction whenever tried.

ALSO. PURE NOVA SCOTIA LAND PLASTER, PURE NOVA SCOTIA LAND For Analy sand Terms, Address WEST BROS. 68 Bay St., Savannah, Ga.

nanner desired. Elegant Hearses and Carriage urnished at moderate prices. Embalming a specialty. Located within a few yards of the Union Passen er Depot. All orders by mail or telegragh will be led with promptness and dispatch. nov9d3m CATARRH Brouchitis, and Denfue, Green was in made in ments made in

years, and wonderful cures after others failed. Bad cases wanted. HOME TREATMENT ent on trial. Send for circulars. Advice FREE. J. PRICE MILLER, M. D., 915 Arch St., Philada, Pa. aug6-dly sat tues thur &wly

Manufacturers or Capitalists DESIRING TO INVEST IN WATER POWER OR Milling Property on South river, correspond with Josiah M. Bosworth, Island Shoals, Ga., or Bosworth & Farnsworth. Snapping Shoals, Ga., 42 miles below Atlanta, 58 miles above Macon. Reference—Moore, Marsh & Co., Garrett & Bro Wm. & R. J. Lowry, T. G. Healy, Atlanta.

PERRY'S PENS.



Sample box, 25 different styles of Perry's Pens sent for trial by mail, on receipt of 25 cents. lvison, Blakeman, Taylor & Co.,

NEW YORK. e7-d2tawty tues sat

THE GREAT ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC TEA CO. 75 WHITEHALL'ST.

sively in COFFEE

AND SUGARS The purest Teas, the best Roasted Coffees and the finest line of Sugars to be found anywhere in the South. Satisfaction given in every case or money refunded. Try the Thea-Nectar Tea. It is a natural leaf Black Tea with a Green Tea Flavor and is "worthy of the gods." Remember, when you want Tea, Coffee or Sugar that this is the pince to get it, 75 Whitehall street. 52 janl-dlaw4w sun

OTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.

Georgia, Fplion county.—All persons indebted to the estate of William Kidd, late of said county, deceased, will please come forward and settle with the undersigned, and those who have demands against said estate will present them properly proven to the undersigned for payment.

J. H. MECASLIN. Executor

Estate of William Kidd, deceased.

CHICAGO SCALE CO.

U.S. STANDARD SCALES CHICAGO SCALE CO

147, 149 and 151 Jefferson Street, Chago, MANUFACTURE MORE THAN 300 DIFFERENT VARIABLE.



COMMISSIONER'S SALE-BY YIRTUE OF AN COMMISSIONER'S SALE—BY YIRTUE OF AN order of the Superior Court of Fulton county, we, the undersigned Commissioners, will sell at public suction at the Court-house door in Atlanta, on the first Tuesday in February next, the following property, for division, to wit: A certain tract of land, being part of land lot No. 77, in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, in the city of Atlanta, fronting forty-seven (47) feet on Castleberty street, running back on west line one hundred (160) feet, and on the east line ninety-seven (47) feet being forty-seven (47) feet in the rear. Also, one lot in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot number 208 in the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton County-fronting on Green's Ferry avenue seventy-cight (78) feet, running back, on west line eighty (80) feet, being seventy-thre (73) feet in the rear, together with the improvements there 4. This propert is sold for a division between the patters he is at law of James P. Holbrook.

184 ACS. MITCLEFLL, W. M. BETT.

W. M. BUTT.

UNDERTAKER,
47 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.,

K EEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A COMPLETE Cases and Caskets, and a full line of Wooden Caskets and Coffins. Prompt attention given to calle by day or night, and Funerals attended to in any manner desired. Elegant Hearses and Carriages furnished at moderate prices.

Embalming a specialty, Located within a funeral state of the control of the c decre-disward fri

Georgia, Fulton County-To the Superior Court of said County. said County.

The Petition of H. W. Grady, Moses P. Handy, Charles R. Miller. W. R. Balch, J. W. Ryckman, E. Brainard and their associates, shows that they desire to transact in said county the business of editing and publishing a journal devoted to industrial and agricultural matters, under the corporate name of the Industrial Review Publishing Company, and with a capital of sixty thousand dollars (60,000). The principal place of doing business will be Atlanta, Ga., but there will also be an office in Philadelphia, Pa. They desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years, with all the privileges incident to corporate power provided for under section 1676 of the Code of Georgia.

HOKE SMITH,
Petitioners' Attorney.

A true extract from the misutes. December 12
1881.
dec20-dlaw4w

HOKE SMITH.
Petitioners Attorney.
December 12
1881.
C. bodies C. S. G. Th

GINGMAM UMBRELLAS

Are made from the only Positively Fast-Color Giagham not rendered rotton or tender in the pro-cess of Dying. At Wholesale Only BY WRIGHT BROTHERS & CO

Price-List PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON on application. NEW YORK, BALTIMO nov9 dlaw9w—sat on application. NEW YORK, BALTIMO nov9 dlaw9w-sat

C EORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—THE PETI-Cayton and their associates, shows that they desire to transact, in said county, the business of building, equipping and maintaining, on such lands as may be purchased or acquired by them, all suitable heuses for the thorough preparation of said lands for the exhibition of any and all kinds of agricultural products, manufactured articles, minerals and live stock, and to construct a race-course on said grounds for the trial of the speed of the blooded stock, and to do all other things ordinarily connected with the business of a fair exposition and race-truck, and not fin comflict with the laws of Georgia or the United States. Their corporate name is to be the "SHERWOOD PARK COMPANY." Their capital to be employed is to be one hundred thousand dollars, with the privilege of increasing it to any amount not to exceed five hundred thousand dollars, and their place of doing business is to be Atlanta, Georgia. They desire to be incorporated for the term of twenty years with all the privileges incident to corporate power provided for under section 626 of the Code of Georgia.

HOKE SMITH, Petitioners' Attorney.

A true extract from the minutes.

Georgia, Fulton county-To the superior court of

THE PETITION OF JAMES SWAN, ALBERT E. THE PETITION OF JAMES SWAN, ALBERT E. Thornton, and William W. Austell, and their associates, shows that they desire under the corporate name and style of "The Atlanta Cotton Seed Oil Company," to establish a factory in said county purpose of manufacturing or expressing oil-from cotton seed. The capital to be employed and already paid in, is twenty-five thousand dollars, and they ask the privilege of increasing it when necessary, to any sum not to exceed one hundred thomsand dollars.

ma and Mobile Railroad and the Trade Some Southern Mining Possibilis-Heavy Sale of Coal Property-Open-ing up the Southern Gold Fields.

"I am amazed at the mineral wealth of Alabama," said Captain, T. H. Aldrich, the well known coal and iron miner, to a Gazette reporter last Saturday, "as seen in that poron of the state lying between Meridian, Miss., and Chattanoogs, Tenn. I am sure it is far richer in minerals than those unacquainted with the country can possibly con ceive. The supply of both iron and coal is practically inexhaustible."

'Quite a number of Cincinnati capitalists have been investing very liberally of late in Alabama railway and mining property," said the reporter, "and anything you may have to state with reference to the outlook for either the railway or mining interests in your country the Gazette will most cheerfully pub

"As I said a while ago, I am amazed at the mineral wealth of Alabama, and, although the coal and iron industries of my state are scarcely in their infancy, they are in an exceedingly prosperous condition. Already the demand for coal far exceeds the supply.'

"How can that be if, as you have stated, the supply is inexhaustible?"

The coal fields being situated among the hilly and rugged portions of the state, and somewhat removed from the cotton districts, they have been avoided by the projectors and builders of our railways, who have uniformly constructed their lines with the view of reaching the agricultural districts only hence when it was found desirable to develop the mining interests branches and taps from the main lines had to be built to the

"A very considerable amount of coal is be delivered daily at points of consumption.

is the jot?"
"Avery large quantity is being mined and shipped, as compared with the tonnage a few years ago, but as compared with what the mines are capable of yielding, the present shipments are very insignificant."

'How many mines are being worked at this

The present coal supply is derived from, first, the Pratt coal and coke company's mines, which are connected with the Alabama Great Southern railway at Birmingham by a branch or tap road six miles in length. Their production is at the rate of 1,200 tons per day; second, from the Johnson mines situated at Coaling, on the Alabama Great Southern road; third, from the mines, five in number, on the South and North Alabama road, and fourth, from the the Montevalle mines, on the Selma, Rome and Dalton road. The Pratt coal and coke mines have just changed hands. The price paid was \$1,000,-000. A wealthy company is now building a branch road from Birmingham to the Warrior coat folds, which are situated about ten miles from the Alabama Great Southern road. The company expect to have their line in operation by April next, when they will move about 1,000 tons per day."

"Will you find a home demand for all this production?"

production?"
"Yes, and move, too. You see, the new blast furnaces which have recently been put up in the vicinity of Birmingham, and the growing demand for manufacturing and railway uses, will absorb the greater part of the product of the mines mentioned, and leave the markets of Vicksburg, Selma, Montgom-ery, Mobile and New Orleans without a supply

of good coal at low prices, unless new mines of large capacity are soon opened." "Well, why don't somebody open new mines if there is such a pressing demand?" Mr. Fred Wolffe, the great financier, with other large capitalists in this country and Europe, have determined upon a plan to remedy this condition of things, and have associated with them a number of experienced coal miners for the purpose of opening and operating a series of mines in the vicinity of Tuscaloosa. The lands, over 40,000 acres, are already purchased or contracted for, and the construction of a branch railway will be be-gun at once. This company will work their

"I should think so. They have two seams of coal on their property, one seven feet and the other five feet thick, lying level and self-draining. No expensive machinery will be needed to work these seams."

"Will the company experience any difficulties for their coal?"

ty in finding a paying market for their coal?"
"Not at all. Large contracts are already
offered the company for steamship use at Mobile and New Orleans; besides, dealers who

Alabama coal, has been sufficiently tested to warrant the belief that it will compare favor-ably with the product of mines in other "Why, as a matter of fact, Alabama coal

has been shipped to Galveston, San Antonio, Vera Cruz, Cuba, and other West India ports, and the consumers at those points pronounce it equal to the best, and as proof of it they are continually ordering more." "Of course, their orders are promptly

'No, sir, they are not. The home demand increasing faster than the coal can, or rather has been mined, has caused a cessation of

shipments to these outside points."
"How cheap can coal be delivered at Mobile when your transportation facilities are all in

when your transportation facilities are all in good shape?"

"It can and will be delivered at Mobile seventy-five cents per ton cheaper than any other coaling point in America is receiving coal, and it will be done on and after the day the Cincinnati, Selma and Mobile railway company announce their line ready to receive through shipments."

"And when will that be?"

"About the 1st of next March."

"Mas will be the coal tonnage per annum of the Cincinnati, Selma and Mobile road?"

"That will depend entirely upon the facility. This

cinnati, Selma and Mobile road is quite as encouraging as for the coal-mines."

"Certainly. They must necessarily work in harmony, and, if they do, both proprietors will be among the most valuable in the state of Alabama. I am glad that some of your Cincinnati capitalists are in both enterprises, and only wish that more of your people would come down and examine the rare opportunities for the safe and profitable investment of money in our state." nent of money in our state.

Heavy Sale of Coal Property.

Memphis, December 31.—The Appeal's Birmingham, Ala., special says: "H. F. Debardeleben consummated to-day the sale of the property of the Pratt coal and coke company to a company of gentlemen from Memphis, Tenn., for the sum of \$1,000,000. Enoch Ensley was elected president of the new com pany.

The Florida Transit Road.

Having noticed, with some surprise, a state ment in the Union that the Transit railroad with its extensions in South Florida, had gone into the control of Sir Edward J. Reed, we called upon Mr. Yulee, and in response to our inquiries obtained the following information in reference to the matter. We have no doubt that Mr. Yulee's successor in his great enter-prises, brought by him so near to completion. will carry out the railroad system with very beneficial results to the state. We will here-after discuss more at length the bearing of the recent railroad arrangements. Mr. Yulee

It is true that the stock interest with which I was

Sidd:

It is true that the stock interest with which I was connected in the several roads, completed or building, has been sold to Sir Edward J. Reed, and that the property has passed into his management under that contract.

The system of improvement I projected for the state in 1855, and which was adopted by the legislature of that year, was in successful and rapid progress to completion when the war between the states occurred. Its progress was arrested by the ensuing hostilities, and the road, as far as constructed, came out of the war prostrated and crippled. This was especially the case with the Florida railroad, with which I was more directly connected. I have applied myself since then, through many years of trying difficulties, to its resuscitation, and it had at last reached a stage of progressive prosperity. I am now old and needing rest. The opportunity being offered to relieve myself from further duty under circumstances entirely agreeable to me, I have availed myself of it. Under the new arrangements the road to the waters of Tampa Bay will, by agreement, proceed to completion, and as the past of the system between Chatahoogene and

me. I have availed myself of it. Under the new arrangements the road to the waters of Tampa Bay will, by agreement, proceed to completion, and as the part of the system between Chattahoochee and Pensacola Is now in rapid construction, the system, as originally devised, will soon have become an accomplished fact.

In addition to this, the combinations made by Sir Edward, secure, as nearly as is now practicable, the unification of the system, which has been always o desirable and which its spirit required. The assignment also brings into possession of the property a party having sufficient control of capital to do at once whatever may be desirable and profitable to be done in developing it. Among other things they will be able to make, and will make, all the branch roads which the accommodation of the business of the community may require.

Under all the circumstances it seemed to me than y cherished desires would be all realized by the new arrangement, and that the time had come when I could accept a dismissal from further labor with entire satisfaction.

We take the above from the Fernandina Mirror, of the 31st ultimo. The public will take a deep interest in what Mr. Yulee says. He was the projector of, the Florida system of roads which was sought to be established by the act of 1855. Had that system been completed within a reasonable time after its projection, the history of the state would have

pleted within a reasonable time after its pro-jection, the history of the state would have been quite different from what it has been, and both Jacksonville and Fernandina, as well as Pensacola, would now be much larger than they are. But it is useless to speculate over what would have been, it is sufficient for the present to know that Mr Yulee, than whom none is better able to form a correct opinion, thinks that the transfer of the Transit to Sir Edward J. Reed will result in the practical unification of our railroad system and great good to the state.

Mr. Yulce, as he says, through many diffi-culties, brought the Transit up to a very fine state of efficiency. He has been greatly misunderstood by many who required from him "bricks without straw," but those who know most about him, and the difficulties which have beset him, have admired most his great energy and fine judgment in the managment of the property.

Southern Gold Fleids. St. Louis Republican.

Application was recently made to list the tock of the Georgia consolidated gold mining ompany at the mining exchanges in this city, and a day or two since, after careful in vestigation, favorable reports were received

his opinion of its value. He prefaces his re-port with a brief description of Georgia gold ormations, in which he says that the remines situated on the Alabama Great Southern road for the present, or until the branch is completed."

"Are their mines considered valuable?"

does not deserve the ill-repute in which it has fallen. "The width of the gold-bearing strata," he says, amounting in places to hundreds of feet, and the depth to which decomposition has taken place, gives an enormous amount of low grade ore, which can be han-dled by the hydraulic method at a handsome profit. It will take many years to exhaust the supply, and I predict for this reason an honorable record."

"The Georgia consolidated company," continues the report, "is working two mines at Dahlonega, Georgia—the Ivy, on the Pigeon Roost belt, and the Bast, on the Findley belt. bile and New Orleans; besides, dealers who supply the local demand in those markets have applied for a given number of tons per word of Mocated the coal, and there seems to seems to seems to seems to the distributing and consumptive per supplied for a given number of the seems to seems to seems to the distributing and consumptive per supplied for a given number of tons per loss into which the quarter part of Lumpkin country is divided. The mine itself is an open coun most of it into muddy or sandy water, which, as it softens and tears down the bank, turns most of it into muddy or sandy water, while the harder lumps, if not broken up while traveling the length of the sluice, are crushed in the stamp mill with the quartz fragments from numerous small streams.

The ships way leading to the mill is The sluice way leading to the mill is 1,100 feet long and provided with quick-silver riffles. It is cleaned up once a month, and gives one-third of the whole product of the gold. In the Ivy mine, about one-fifth of the mineral as it stands on the hill passes under the stamps. This is the concentrated and richer part. The remaining four-fifths passes ways it maddly water. preserved as the remaining four-fiths passes away in muddy water. The amount crushed per stamp may be estimated at nearly three cubic yards daily. Allowing for Sundays, and cleaning up, a 20-stamp mill must handle in a month nearly 1,500 cubic yar s, representing about 7,500 on the hill. The average monthly return, I was told, has been for some time 3,500 pennyagight or 32,150. The lawtime 3,500 pennyweight, or \$3,150. The last return exceeded these figures, although, to all appearances, the block of ground washed was not better than the average of the belt. The product per cubic yard may be estimated at 49 cents. The cost of working is very low— for running the Ivy mine and mill last month

The Key branch or Thomas belt, which crosses the property, has been opened by a prospecting cut, and shows, as far as opened, "And when will that be?"

"About the 1st of next March."

"What will be the coal tonnage per annum of the Cincinnati, Selma and Mobile road?"

"That will depend entirely upon the facilities of the road to handle the business: If the management of the road will furnish the cars the mining-company will fill them. The fact is, the Tuscaloosa mines alone can give the road all it can handle. It is a question of cars, not coal. Of course the merchandise tonnage of the road will necessarily be large, but the movement of that should not interfere with its coal trade. The mining company want the road to furnish ample facilities for handling the coal, and the coal shippers will see to it that not a car is left standing idle an hour."

"Then you think the outlook for the Cincipal of the coal shippers will less than 2,000,000 cubic yards will be available above the creek, counting on card slates as one hundred feet, and without estimating anything that may be contained in the Thom-

as belt.

The Bast mine is located on a forty-acre lot, which saddles the Findley ridge to the southeast of Dahlonega. The Findley belt is 800 feet wide, occupying the whole top of the high, narrow ridge at the point covered by the Bast lot. A deep cut has been made not far from the center of this lot heading to the southwest. The ore cut is 700 feet long, about 60 feet wide and 60 feet wide and 60 feet wide and 60 feet wide and 60 feet high southwest. 60 feet wide, and 93 feet deep at the deepest point. A part of the bottom is in tough slates. Sulphurets make their appearance in streaks. The Bast mine is favorably located, considering the peculiarities of the belt. The sides of the cut are generally soft, and it is evident that a large quantity of mineral can be taken out at a profit. It is claimed that at this point the whole 800 feet in width can be taken out at a profit. This is not improbable, judging from aurearances on the surface and taken out at a profit. This is not improvable, judging from appearances on the surface and a study of the hill formation, a description of which would involve too much geology for the purposes of this report. The cut now parallel with the general run of the belt may be widened until the limits of the belt or the paying portions of it are reached.

The irregular character of the contents of

irregular character of the contents of the Findley belt renders a greater degree of caution necessary than would be required upon the Pigeon Roost. Still, after examining the ore out of the Bast mine, and the surface in dications on this lot, also other developments on the same belt, I believe that 1,000,000 cubic on the same belt, I believe that 1,000,000 cubic yards will be taken out, yielding on an average 40 cents per cubic yard. The mine is above the level of the Hand ditch. A large reservoir on the top of the hill is filled by a Blake steam pump at the mill below, forcing the water up 160 feet. Mineral loosened from the side of the cut is washed into the sluice and mill by "flooding down" from the reservoir. Some eight or ten men in the ore cut keep the mill running. About one-fourth of keep the mill running. About one-fourth of the mineral is stamped, as it averages some-what harder than that from the Pigeon Roost. The mill contains twenty stamps and some forthless experimental machinery, the legacy f predecessors. The pay roll of the current month during my visit was \$410; whole expense about \$700, not including superintendence. The return for the same period was 3,100 pennyweight, worth 90 cents per penny-

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Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Backache, Soreness of the Chost, Gout, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Swellings and Sprains, Burns and Scalds, General Bodily Pains,

Tooth, Ear and Headache, Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.

No Preparation on earth equals St. Jacons Oil, as a safe, sure, simple and cheap External Remedy. A trial entails but the comparatively trifling outlay of 50 Cents, and every one suffering with pain can have cheap and positive proof of its claims. Directions in Eleven Languages.

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CURES! Because it acts on the LIVER, BOWELS

and KIDNEYS at the same time. Because it cleanses the system of the pois ous humors that develops in Kidney and Uri-mary Eiseases, Biliousness, Jaundice, Consti-pation, Piles, or in Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Nervous Disorders and Female Complaints.

SEE WHAT PEOPLE SAY: Eugene B. Stork, of Junction City, Kansas, and the Market Company, Kidney-Wort cared him after regular Physicians had been trying for four years.

Mrs. John Arnall, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given to a die hy dear years here. Mrs. John Arnall, of Washington, Ohio, says her boy was given up to die by four prominent physicians and that he was afterwards cured by Kidney Wort.

Kidney-Wort.

M. M. D. Goodwin, an editor in Chardon, Ohio, says he was not expected to live, being bloated beyond belief, but Kidney-Wort cured him.

Anna L. Jarrett of Jouth Salem, N. Y., says that seven years suffering from kidney troubles and other complications was ended by the use of Vilency-Wort.

John B. Lawrence of Jackson, Tenn., suffered or years from liver and kidney troubles and after taking "barrels of other medicines," Kidney-Wort made him well.

PERMANENTLY CURES KIDNEY DISEASES,

LIVER COMPLAINTS, Constipation and Piles.

13 It is put up in Dry Vegetable Form in the cans, one package of which makes six quarts of medicine. Also in Liquid Form, very Concentrated, for those that cannot readily prepare it.

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If it acts with equal efficiency in either form.
GET IT ATTHE DRUGGISTS. PRICE, \$1.00
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THE IMPERISHABLE PERFUME. Murray & Lanman's FLORIDA WATER, Best for TOILET, BATH,

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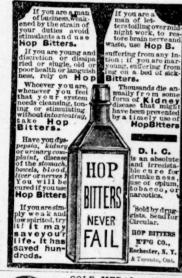
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We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headwehe, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness, we sanno' cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, w.n. the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated, Large boxes containing 30 Fills, 25 cents For sale by all druggists. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by JOHN C. WEST & CO., "The Pill Makers," 181 and 183 West Madison street, Chicago. Free trial package, ent by mail prepaid on receipt of a 3 cent stamp AMAR, RANKIN & LAMAR, Agents.

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New Peachtree Street Store, No. 108.

AM NOW RECEIVING A NEW SELECT STOCK of Faucy Family Groceries at the above number, which I offer to my customers at the lowest prices . Your orders respectfully solicited.

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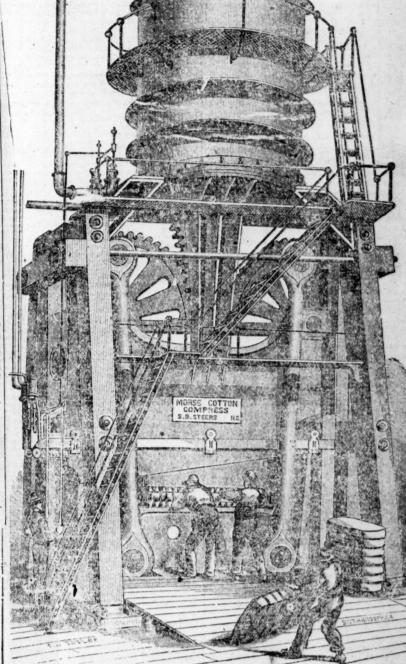
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NEW MORSE COTTON COMPRESS. The Largest and Most Powerful Compress on the Earth.

With a Lifting Power of 3000 Tons.

THIRTY-FIVE have been built and erected n our years; and for this period twice as many as all other Compresses, and in the last two years five times as many as all others combined in the United States, making the investment in the Morse Press over one million dollars in four years. 400,000 pounds of material are required for a single Compress, and only iron is used of the highest known grade. Their immense weight, strength and durability, make them in the end, the cheapest Compress in use, and the only one to meet the commercial demands of the present and future. Several of those firs built have now compressed from 400,000 to 500,000 bales cotton, without defect or perceptible wear. The have secured a density (measured in the press) of 75 pounds to the cubic foot.

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1. It is, in all respects, simplest in construction, and least liable to disorder or breakage.

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4. Its wedge-shaped rack and cycloidal sectors secure a phongest house.

5. Its superior power has reduced freight to a minimum, and wherever located has made the business of compress wonderfully successful, and at many interior points has doubtled the receipts of cotton. New Orleans alone has nine of these manupoth presses; itemphis three; thouston, three; Norfolk, three; others at Mobile. Galveston, Brenham, Dallas, Fort Worth, Paris, Jefferson, Shrevenort, Little Rock, Vicksburg, Meridian, Columbus, (Miss.) Selma, Wilminton, West Point, Va., Rome and St. Louis, and one may be seen daily at work in this city, (Atlanta.) For descriptive circulars and particulars address

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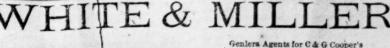
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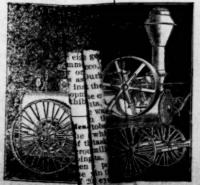
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STATIONARY ENGINES, SAW MILLS, GRIST MILLS. SMUT MACHINES. ETC. Also for the Hamilton Stationary and Monarch Portable, Traction and Koad Engine. These latter guaranteed to draw 4,000 feet of lumber, or 30,000 pounds of freight over ordinary roads. Also the Eclipse and Merchant Saw Mills, manufactured at these works. The machinery of these two houses has no superior in the United states. In stock and for sale: CIRCULAR SAWS, SOLID AND PLANER TOOTH

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THE FIRST GRAND SWEE

JOHN RYAN.

As usual, the first, will make a grand clearing sale of his entire stock of Silks, Dress Goods,

Blankets, Cassimeres, and Cloaks.

NEVER BEFORE HAS THERE BEEN SUCH AN OPPORTUNITY TO BUY SUCH BARGAINS.

THE STOCK MUST BE CLOSED OUT. NO SUCH BARGAINS

EVER OFFERED.

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Ingrain Carpets at 25, 35, 40, 50, 60 and 70 cents, goods worth fully 30 per cent more.

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Men's Shoes at \$1.00, worth \$1.75. Ladies' Button Shoes at \$1.75, worth \$2.50. Ladies'

Curaçoa Kid Button at \$2.00, worth \$3.00 Also the entire exhibition of Stribley & Co.'s Shoes

at the exposition were bought by John Ryan. They were awarded the highest premium, and

Never has there been in Georgia such a stock of shoes as that now shown by JOHN RYAN.

scare manufacturers. This will be a grand chance to secure bargains. Make use of this oppor-

Don't buy a pair of shoes until you see this stock, as prices have been put on them that will

400 Men's Wool Half Hose at 15c per pair, worth 40c Just examine the Birgains that

BLANKETS AT \$2.00, WORTH \$3.00.

LARGE LOT OF DRESS GCODS AT 15C, BARGAIN.

ALL GOODS MUST AND SHALL BE SOLD PREPARATORY TO PURCHASING THE

CLOAKS that were \$15 and \$18, now \$10. and CLOAKS as low as \$1.50 each.

BLANKETS AT \$3.00, WORTH \$4.50.

CLOAKS that were \$40.00; now \$25.00.

BLANKETS AT \$5.00, WORTH \$7.50.

PRICES HAVE BEEN PUT ON GOODS THAT WILL ASTONISH PURCHASERS.

DRESS GOODS MARKED DOWN FROM 40C TO 20C.

CLOAKS that were \$75,00, now \$50.00.

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SEWING MACHINES.

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Victor Sewing Machine Co.,

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LATEST IMPROVED AND MOST POPULAR OF ALL SEWING MACHINES. IS THE

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CLOAKS that were \$25.00, now \$15.00.

DRESS GOODS MARKED DOWN FROM 75C TO 35C.

Splendid Tapestry Brussels at 80c, 90c, and \$1.00

in all Departments, not only one, but all.

UR REPORTEPS' POCKET CAMERAS.

Testerday in the City—What was Doge and Said by Home-Folks and Strangers—The Gussip of the Town as Taken on the Fly—In and bout the Courts and Departments.

The ladies will please read Mrs. Oliver's no-

A Handsome Gold Watch.—Capt. Starnes has in his possession a handsome gold watch, which he secured from a crook yesterday and

Runaway.—About noon yesterday a horse hooked to a dray ran away on Marietta street. The dray was loaded with glass show cases and their destruction was complete.

To THE RAILROADS .- Yesterday about one undred negro laborers reached Atlanta via he Air-Line, and soon after disembarking began a tramp for the camp on the Georgia Pacific.

Johnson's Condition.—Ben Johnson, the negro man who was shot Monday night near the cetton factory, is still alive, but all hopes of his recovery have been abandoned. Up to the present the police have been unable to ascertain who did the shooting.

Pos-TOFFICE PAY ROLL .- Mr. Jos. Nall, the Pos-TOFFICE TAY ROLL.—AIT. JOS. Nam. the assistant postmaster, was busily engaged yesterday in paying off the post-office employes, postal clerks, etc. The amount of the pay roll is not known, but it numbers one hun-

SHERIFF SALES .- Day before yesterday was the day appointed for the sale of lands by the sheriff, but before the hour for the beginning of the sales arrived parties came forward and redeemed their property in many instances, while other sales were prevented by injunc-

Removing.—All day yesterday an incessant stream of wagons might be seen running to and from the exposition grounds. Going out they were empty, but on their return to the city each time they were heavily loaded with goods belonging to persons who had them on exhibition.

Conductor Hitrain several train several to the conductor Hitrain several to the conductor Hi FOR ARKANSAS. - Yesterday by the Air-Line roll Alkansas.—I esterday by the Alk-line train there arrived in Atlanta a party of 70 colored people, who came from Edgefield county, South Carolina, and who are en route

to Arkansas, where they intend locating. This is another squad sent out by Hammond, the colored preacher. By A FALL - Yesterday afternoon Ida Crow-

ley, a colored girl, stepped upon a banana rind on Whitehall street. When she regained her feet, she found it impossible to walk, and a physician who examined her left ankle said that it was dislocated. Ida was put in a carriage and driven to her home on Thurmond street.

STEALING A Horse.—Yesterday afternoon Mr. Isaac Franklin, of Bibb county, reached Atlanta with a horse thief who stole a horse from him at his home in Bibb county about two weeks ago. Mr. Franklin followed the wo weeks ago. Mr. Franklin followed the hief through Atlanta to DeKalb county. where he captured him day before yesterday. He recovered his horse.

SENT TO JAIL .- Jim Jackson, the negro man who was arrested Tuesday last by Officers Crim and Russell upon the charge of burglarizing Boyd's store on Decatur street, was yesterday taken before Judge Tanner for a breliminary trial. The evidence sustained the charge, and in default of bond Jackson was sent to fail.

FALLS INTO A WELL.-Yesterday morning

THAT BALE OF COTTON.—The bale of cotton donated by Leon county, Texas, to the Michigan sufferers and which was to have been old yesterday evening in front of the At-anta cotton exchange on Broad street, will se sold to the highest bidder this morning at 0:30 o'clock. The sale will take place in 10:30 o'clock. The sale will take place in front of the Atlanta cotton exchange. The bidding will doubtless be spirited.

SEARCH WARRANT .- Armed with a search warrant Captain Starnes yesterday repaired to the house of Jim Loyd, a negro man who re-sides on Summer Hill, and who was suspectstates on summer Hill, and who was suspected of having stolen a quantity of jewelry from one of the city hotels. A thorough search failed to bring to light any stolen property, and Loyd, who had been arrested, was released.

THROWN FROM A MULE.-Tom Freeman, a negro boy, for a five dollar bill undertook to break a young mule for a gentleman break a young mule for a gentleman on Peters street yesterday. By the aid of two or three men he succeeded in mounting his muleship, when quite a strug-cle ensued. After many efforts, the mule lossed Freeman high in the air, and when he fell it was with such force that his right arm

THE COUNTY COMMISSION .- This body held The County Commission.—This body held its regular monthly meeting yesterday, in its office on Alabama street. There were present Commissioners Howell, Hunnicutt, Hoyt and Dodd. The journal of the last faceting was read, after which the county's financial condition was discussed at length. Retail liquor license was refused an applicant, whose place of business is just beyond the whose place of business is just beyond the corporate limits on Peachtree street.

FIGHT WITH KNIVES .- Ike Marvin and Bill Jefferson, two negro men, fell out over a game of cards yesterday in a house on Newton street and sought to adjust their differences with knives. In the row Marvin was cut twice across the back, once in the left breast, once in the face, and was stabbed in the side. The extent of Jefferson's injuries are unknown, as he flew before any one came upon the scene. Marvin's wounds bled pro upon the scene. Marvin's would fusely, but are not supposed to be bad.

I have been requested by many friends to run for chief of the fire department at the next election—soon to be held. I appreciate their kind tender of support for this important position, and regret that my business will not allow me to make the race. I thank them for the compliment, but feel certain that some gentleman can be found more capable of filling the place. Most respectfully, HENRY C. BEERMANN.

Jackson Artflery.—The battery for the ackson artillery, at Macon, reached Atlanta lay and was taken to the capitol where ill remain in custody of the adjutant-ral until the company is ready to receive The battery consists of two ten pound of true guest and caisons and were procured diutant-General Baird after the regular

STILSON, JEWELER,

RELIABLE GOODS AND BOTTOM PRICES,

53 WHITEHALL STREET.

department. It is generally believed that all of the companies in the city are in favor of relinquishing the volunteer system. The delegates of two companies go to the meeting instructed to vote for abandoning the volunteer system, and that this will be the case there is little density the residue. little doubt in the minds of those who are acquainted with the working of the present sys-

A CRITICAL CONDITION.—Alex Owens, the young man who, in an altercation with Cal Varnado Saturday night last, was stabbed, is reported as being in a critical condition, and the physicians are represented as having but little hopes of his recovery. The wound which gives rise to the fears that are entertied to be a contraction of the con which gives rise to the tears that are enter-tained is a deep stab in the side and was made with a good sized knife. Young Varnado has been released upon a \$500 bond. He emphat-ically denies the charge and says that although he was in the crowd when the cutting was done, he can prove conclusively that he did not use the knife.

CAUGHT BY AN ATLANTA DETECTIVE.—For some time past the officials along the line of the Macon and Brunswick railroad have been using every exertion to capture Nix Jones, a negro man who has recently made sever efforts to kill Mr. Richard Harris, a conduct on the Macon and Brunswick road. A fe days ago Detective Hildebrand, of this city was telegraphed for, and on yesterday he turned, having captured Jones the day af he reached Eastman. Jones is represented a bad negro, and swore that he would Conductor Harris because he put him off train several weeks ago. Jones is now in

Vaccination.—The central dispensary now open daily, and Dr. Cumming is ken quite busy applying the lance to those when ask to be vaccinated. The physicians when have undertaken the task of vaccinating the city continue bravely in the work, and up to the property for the propert oon vesterday had vaccinated nearly teen hundred persons. They report failures in many instances, but this is thought to be due to the quills used. However, the physicians are now securing enough virus from those vaccinated last week to obviate any im-perfection in that brought from Boston. Dr. Nicolson, of this city, yesterday returned from Richmond, where he has been spending

terday morning several small children con-gregated on the bridge over the Western and Atlantic railroad on Jones street, and annued themselves by climbing upon the railing. One little fellow, Eddie McFarland, undertook to little fellow, Eddie McFarland, undertook to walk upon one of the beams, and when about half way over lost his balance and fell to the ground below, a distance of fifteen feet. His fall was witnessed by a Mrs. Dunkirk, who ran to him, and picking him up found him almost difeless. With the aid of some gentlemen who came along, the little fellow was removed to his home near the Third Baptist church, where medical aid was called in. An examination failed to discover

Falls Into a Well.—Yesterday morning Rances Jenkins, an eight-year old colored girl, who resides with her parents on Summer Hill, fell into a well in the yard, and but for the timely aid of her mother would have been drowned. The well is about thirty feet deep, and contained about five feet of water. The top was left off, and the child walked into the hole.

Stalling an Overcoat—Yesterday Mr. Henry Harris, a South Carolina gentleman, entered a saloon on Alabana street and called for a drink. On his arm there was a handsome new overcoat which he laid on the counter while pouring out his drink. When he turned to his coat after swallowing the fluid it was non est, and up to the present remains and one st.

That Bale of Cotton.—The bale of cotton donated by Leon county, Texas, to the Michigan sufferers and which was to have been sold vesterday evening in front, of the At.

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That Bale of Cotton.—The bale of cotton donated by Leon county, Texas, to the Michigan sufferers and which was to have been sold vesterday evening in front, of the At.

That Bale of Cotton of Michigan and before he could be captured field the country. A reward of the country is a few turned for the Atlanta of the northern counties of North Carolina gentleman, and before he could be captured field the country. A reward of the Atlanta of the Atlanta of the northern counties of North Ca GOING HOME.-Mr. Kiser, sheriff of one of

THE BARRACKS SALE .- Mention, was made ter of Newnan. It alleges that some of the complainants objected to the sale of the property in a bulk, as there were no debts of the estate to be paid, and at the suggestion of the administrator arrangements were made for the heirs to unite in the purchase of the buildings at their sale by the government and for the purchase of the land at its sale by the administrator. At the government sale the houses, or a portion of them, were purchased by Mr. Boze Adair, whose wife is one of the heirs. Mr. Adair—the attorney for the complainants, says—gefases to allow the complainants any interest in his purchase. Hence one clause of the injunction asks that he be restrained from tearing down or residuely and the sale of the property of the complainants. he be restrained from tearing down or moving the houses. Upon this representation Judge Hansel, in the absence of Judge Hill yer, granted a temporary injunction until the 16th of January, when Judge Hillyer will pass upon the case.

The poor sufferer that has been dosing himself with so called Troches and thereby upset his stomach without curing the troub ome cough, should take our advice and use it once Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup and ge

A man may be prejudiced against running i debt and yet do all his sleeping on tick. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Oitment is an invaluable preparation made from the

Buckeye, and cures the worst case of Piles. dec31—dlw sat tues thur&wlt GENERAL JOSHUA L. CHAMBERLAIN, of Maine

s passing part of the winter in Florida

My Good Woman, Why are you so out of sorts, never able to tell folks that you are well? Ten to one it's all caused in the first place by habitual constipation, which no doubt finally caused deranged kidneys and line (2). kidneys and liver. The sore cure for consti-pation is the celebrated Kidney Wort. It is also a specific remedy for all kidney and liver diseases. Thousands are cured by it every month. Try it at once.—Toledo Blade. month. Try it at once .-

A capital story—the life of a millionaire. Expose yourself day and night, e without exercise, work too hard out rest, doctor all the time, take all the doctor and then you doctor all the time, take all the advertised, and then you will will how to Get Well. of ake Hop Which is answered in t

> E. HOW IT IS I

pronciency in every branch of instruction. It is our purpose to let nothing that the teacher can do for the good of his pupil go undone. Pupils are prepared for junior class of any college in the state. There is also a special course for young men who wish a business education.

For Catalogue address

CAPTAIN C L. FLOYD.

PROF CHARLES F. GAILMARD

Decis im

Liverpool and London and Globe

ASSETS OVER THIRTY MILLIONS DOLLARS.
Surplus (as regards Policy-Holders,) \$7,165,267.98.
Losses paid Cash on Adjustment without discount.
OFFICE SOUTHERN DEPARTMENT, New ORLEADS.
HENRY V. OGDEN Resident Secretary.
JULES P. ROUX Assistant Secretary.
JULES P. ROUX Dep. Assistant Secretary.
JULES P. ROUX Assistant Secretary.
JORL HURT, Agent AFLANTA and vicinity.
I. C. PLANT & SON, Agents MACON.
W. H. DANIEL, Agent SAVANNAH
R. P. CLAYTON & CO., Agents COLUMBUS
HAMILTON YANGEY, Agent ROME
THOMAS & GRIFFITH, Agents ATHRNS
Agents in other Principal Towns.

iann—div sun thurs & WkVIV

NOTICE.

The undersigned will continue the wholesale grocery business at the old stand, 51 & 53 Alabama street, and will continue to endeavor to market it to the interest of all good cash or prompt paying merchants to trade with them. 92 jan1-sun tues sun

perfection in that brought from Boston. Dr. Nicolson, of this city, yesterday returned from Richmond, where he has been spending the holidays. He says that the disease is raging there, but that the mortality is very light.

I have decided to remove to Baltimere. Mr. Darwin G. Jones will succeed me in the brokerage business. Returning thanks to my customers for their many past favors, I beg to cordially recommend to them my successor, whose integrity, industing that the mortality is very light.

Yery respectfully, T. J. McGiller.

(Successor to T. J. McGuire.) MERCHANT BROKER.

24 Alabama street. 138 jan1

A CARD.

dec6-dlaw4w

GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK.

Oakey Wood Fertilizer for Red Lands, Finey Wood Fertilizer for Grey Lands, Dissolved Bones, Acid Phosphate, nd other material for manipulation of Fertilizers DESIRABLE AGENTS WANTED THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH

GILT EDGE PROPERTY.

street, adjoiring the mansion of Colonel Phil Dodd.
Parties desiring lots on the line of the street railroad, in one of the very best parts of the city will
now have an or-portunity of gratifying their wishes
at reasonable figures. Titles perfect. Terns-balf
cash, balance in six and twelve months, with 8 per
cent interest.

Real Estate Agent, 10 E. Alabama street.
dec23-tds

FRANKLIN FOUNDRY.

ALLISON & SMITH. The type on which this paper is printed is from he above Foundry.—Ep. Constitution.

DMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF CITY LOTS .- BY A DMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF CITY LOTS.—BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Cathoun county, Georgia, I will sell before the Court-house door, in the city of Athanta, county of Fulton, Georgia, during the legal hours of sale, on the first Tuesday in February, 1882, the real estate located in said city belonging to the estate of Frances M. Jennings, deceased, consisting of twentycity lots. Plats and descriptions of said lots will be exhibited at the rale. Terms cash. December 31, 1881.

dec31.—dlawdw.

Administrator

Georgia, Fulton County—Fred. Krogg versus L.
Sturgis et al.—Bill etc., in Supe. for Court of
Fulton County. Fall Term. 1881—To W. P.
Orme, Octavus Deipndaffer and Simon J. Kamp.
You Are Hereby Required, Personally by the Term of the Superior Court, to be held in and for said county, on the first Monday after the fourth Monday in March next, then and there to answer the plaints bill, as in default thereof said Court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.
Witness, the Homorable George Hillyer, Judge of said Court, this 31st day of October, 1881.

A. A. MANNING, Plaintiff's Attorney, jan5—diamim jan5 feb2 mars apr2

MISCELLANEOUS.

MEANS'S HIGH SCHOOL, 76 NORTH FORSYTH Mistreet, Atlanta, Ga. Exercises will be resumed Jannary 2d, 1882, and continue 24 weeks. No attempt is made to popularize the school by advancing pupils more mpidly than is consistent with thoroughness. But every student receives individual attention and is promoted according to his acquirements. Our course of instruction is so arranged that the mind may be developed systematically and successfully by mastering those studies first which are simplest and leaving the more abstract and difficult till later. Mathematics, English composition and penmanship receive special attention. French is taught oy a native of France and a graduate of the university of Paris, Much care has been taken to secure the greatest possible profictency in every branch of instruction. It is our purpose to let nothing that the teacher can do

INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE INTEREST OF MESSRS CHARLES E. CAV-erly and Darwin G. Jones in our business ex-pired by limitation this day, December 31,1881. A. C. & B. F. WYLY & Co.

DARWIN G. JONES.

Atlanta. Ga. Dealers make Money with W. T. SOULE & CO., 130 La Salle Street, Cheago, Ill. Write for particulars.

ATLANTA, GA., January 1, 1882. Called in. An examination failed to discover any broken bones or any serious injuries, and about dark the child was doing very well. In falling, his head struck an iron rail, and his escape from instant death is a miracle.

Going Home.—Mr. Kiser, sheriff of one of

in yesterday's issue of an injunction against the sale of the barracks. It seems that the bill for the injunction was filed by Mrs. Julia Alexander and Mrs. Catharine Dent, the latter of Newnan. It alleges that some of the on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, at 4 o'clock,

UNLESS PREVIOUSLY DISPOSED OF AT PRIvate sale, I will sell at public outcry on the premises at 3 p.m., Wednesday 11th January, 1882, TWO ELEGANT VACANT LOTS on west side of Whitehall street, corner of Windso street, adjoining the mansion of Colonel Phil Dodd Parties desiring lots on the line of the street rail

200 000 SOLD YEARLY Parties visiting this city during the Great EXPOSITION are cordially invited to call at our office and inspect THE NEW HOME.

Comparison with other machines snlicited. JOHNSON CLARK & Co., 25 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA. H. C. PEEPLES, Manager.

A LL OPERATIONS IN STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN and PROVISIONS conducted on commission. CONTRACTS or PRIVILEGES secured at the closest rates obtainable from responsible parties. STOCKS BOUGHT AND CARRIED on 3 to 5 per cent margin. FRACTIONAL ORDERS executed close to the market.

Any one purchasing PRIVILEGES through us can use the same as margin in case they show a profit. profit.
List of rates and distances on PUTS, CALLS and SPREADS sent free on application.

1. MICHELOT & CO.,
48 Broad Street, New York.
Cago correspondents. F. A. BEERS & CO., 114
dec12—d3m tues thur sat

61 WHITEHALL, AND 66, 68 AND 70 BROAD STREETS. REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

JOHN RYAN'S.

RESIDENCES IN ATLANTA, ANY SIZE AND LOCATION. FARMS NEAR ATLANTA AND IN ANT PORTION OF GEORGIA. MILLS NEAR ATLANTA. VACANT LAND IN AND NEAR ATLANTA

FRIERSON & LEAK. REAL ESTATE AGENTS COMADIFTE A TREET

I Sell Gins at \$2.25 per Saw

COTTON GINS.

Superior to others selling at \$3.00 to \$3.50 per say.

Superior to others selling at \$3.00 to \$3.50 per say.

Superior to others selling at \$3.00 to \$3.50 per say. etc. Give mea trial is all I ask to convince you. All my Ma-S. F. PERKINS.

FIRE INSURANCE. TWENTY MILLIONS OF DOLLARS

REPRESENTED. ENGLISH COMPAR N. L. ANGIER & SON, AGENTS.

NO. 7 WEST ALABAMA STREET, Next to office of Gas Company.

Of late firm of Pool & Johnston JOHNSTON BROS.,

COTTON COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

COTTON EXCHANGE BUILDING. NEW YORK. Orders for purchase or sale of Future Con-

racts promptly executed. jan3 d2w PROF. J. H. VAN STAVOREN,

Portrait and Landscape Painter,

Has Removed His Studio to No. 73 1-2 WHITEHALL STREET, WHERE HE has fitted up rooms suitable to display his works of Art, and has the largest exhibition of Oil Faintings that was ever before seen in the city, consisting of full length, life-size Portraits of eminent men, lovely women, and beautiful children.

The public are cordially invited to call. Prof. Van Stavoren is now prepared to instruct a limited number of pupils the Art of Portrait or Landscap dainting.

WHY USE HOG'S LARD When we have a Cheaper, Purer and a thousan

COTTON BUTTER OIL Manufactured from Refined Cotton Seed Oils, by

OIL MILLS MEMPHIS, TENN. G. W. SCOTT & CO., Agents,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA

ROB'T D. JOHNSTON. JOS. F. JOHNSTON, I Y. SAWTELL. I. Y. SAWTELL & SON Real Estate, Wild Land and Mining Agts, OFFICE 50 MARIETTA STREET, ATLANTA, Mining Interests our Specialty. Send for our Advertised list. 880 octifs mo

FOR SALE.

PLENDID WATER POWER AND TWENTY acres of land 1/4 mile from the city of Rome. Ga., and on Selma Division of E. T., Virginia and Ga. R. R., Good dam and cement race on same, suitable for cotton factory or machinery of any kind; plenty of water the year through. For prices, terms, etc., apply in person or by letter to novile d2m. Rome, Ga. NEW PARTNERSHIP

WE HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED INTO OUR business as partners A. H. Green, J. W. homson, J. A. Robinson and A. J. Walker, who have been in our employment for the past several ears. We bespeak for the new firm a continuance the liberal patronage heretofore extended CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO.

ATLANTA NATIONAL BANK,

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCK holders of this Bank, for the election of Directors, will be held at their office. Tuesday, January 10th, 18e2, between the hours of 12 m. and 2 p.m. decci_difficulty deo31-dtiljan10

H. K. BENNETT & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE OF COTTON YARN AND WARPS 30 AND 32 LETITIA STREET,

Philadelphia, Pen DEN & JENKINS COLLINS. KERS. CKS AND BOL

FIRE DEPARTMENT:—To-night the Atlanta ire department will meet at the hall over the Hook and Ladder house. Among other questions that will be discussed y be a paid fire

ltering? If so, go at ride & Co's and secure ne Water Filter." Without doubt it is the best Filterer in the world. Every Druggist and Liquor Dealer must have one.

COTTON AND WEATHER.

Oor.cos, middling uplands closed in Liverpool y storday, at 6 9-16d; in New York, at 11 13 16c; Atlanta at 11¹/₄c.

The Signal Service Bureau report indicates for ath Atlantic states, winds shifting to south and west, falling barometer, increasing cloudiness

Patly Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.,

KIMBALL HOUSE, January 4, 10:21, P. M. servations taken at the same moment of

A. A.		ster		WI	ND.		
NAME OF STATION.	Barometer	Thermometer	Daw Point	Direction	Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30 43				Fresh		Cloudy.
Augusta	30,49			S. W.	Light		Fair.
Galveston	30,19				Fresh		Cloudy.
indianola	30,19		60		Fresh		Cloudy.
Key West	80.32			N. E.	Fresh		Fair
Mobile	30, 33			S. E.	Light		Clear.
	30,36	54	45		Fresh		Clear.
Fort Fads	30.32	59	58	E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
	30.36		58	E.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30.24	55	45			.00	
avannah	30.45	48		N.	Light	.00	Clear.

NOTE—FORCE OF WIND: Light, 1 to 2 miles per aour, inclusive; Gentle, 2 to 5, inclusive; Fresh, 9 to 18 inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive; High, 30 to 18 inclusive;

		eter.		WI	WIND.		Weather
TIME	Barometer	The mom	Dev. Poin	Direction Force.		Rainfall.	
6:81 e. m. 0:81 2:00 p. m.	30.40 30.43		27 28	E. E.	Fresh Fresh		Cloudy. Cloudy.
9:81 " 9 00 " 0:81 "	30.37 30.39 30.43	47	85	N. E.	Fresh Fresh Fresh	.00	Fair. Fair. Cloudy.

Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A. EXPOSITION FACTS.

fean daily ther.... 46.0 Minimum ther...... 38.0 Minimum ther...... 38.0 Minimum ther...... 38.0 Minimum ther....... 38.0

THE FINEST DISPLAY OF ELECTRO, GOLD and SILVER-PLATED WARE is the one of the MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO. in the ART BUIIDING, up-stairs. These goods can be bought of A. F. PICKERT, No. 5 Whitehall street, near the railroad crossing.

rossing.

The best selected stock of DIAMONDS, WATCHES and JEWELRY can be found at No. 5 Whitehall street. A. F. PICKERT.

The MERIDEN BRITANNIA CO.'S ELECTRO GOLD and SILVER-PLATED WARE is the finest in the world. A. F. PICKERT, SOUTHERN HEADQUARTERS.

Just received a large stock of SOLID Just received a large stock of SOLID SILVER WARE, at bottom prices. A. F.

PICKERT.

A beautiful selection of FINE LAMPS, smitable for BRIDAL and CHRISTMAS PRESENTS, will be found at THE SILVER PALACE, No. 5 Whitehell. reet.

Vistors to the city should not fail to see THE SILVER PALACE OF A. F. PICKERT, No. 5 WHITEHALL STREET.

For Sale.

In pursuance of a resolution of the Executive Committee of the International Cotton Exposition, the undersigned will sell for cash at auction, unless sooner disposed of at private sale, at Oglethorpe Park, A'lanta, Ga., on Tuesday, the 10th day of January, 1882, beginning at 10 o'clock a.m., all the property of said corporation, consisting of the buildings, machinery and piping, together with a large quantity of office furniture, stoves, etc. Also the building known as the Exposition Hotel, containing about 300 rooms, and the land on which it is situated, containing three acres, more or less. These buildings are all constructed of first-class lumber, and the machinery and piping were new when put in. The land fronts the right of way of the Western and Atlantic railroad and the Mariettaroad leading from Atlanta, and is situated two miles from the center of the city, and is well adapted to manufacturing or building purposes.

"Catalogues have been printed and are in the hands of each of the undersigned giving further and more minute description of the property, and will be furnished on application to cither of the undersigned.

of the undersigned giving intrininte description of the property, an
ied on application to either of the un
BENJ. F. ABBOTT,
he International Cotton Exposition.
JOHN C. PECK,
BENJ. E. CRANE,
R. F. MADDOX.
T. G. HEALEY,
C. T. SABINE,
Committee, dersigned.
Agent for the International Co

Francis, Simms & Co.

New Hardware Firm, wholesale and retail, 42 Peachtree street, will be open 15th January. Call and see them. jan3-dtf Local Notes
Fresh oysters 25 cents per can at Emery's!!

ne in America Soft Capsules Ty known that will cure Rheu-rof how long standing. It acts a blood and muscles and eracicates disease. Try it and you will never by Hutchison & Bro., 14 Whitehall. sun tues thur

We have moved our office from 10 North Broad to South Broad, near Broad street bridge, on west the of the street. W. S. WILSON & BRO.

side of the street.

jan3—d4t tues wed fri sun Terrible Loss of Life.

Millions of rats, nice, cats, bed-bugs, roaches lose their lives by collision with "Rough on Rats." Sold by druggists at 15 cents.

Building Notes.

The brick work for Captain E. F. May's residence on the boulevard is completed, and it is now receiving the roof.

The new residence for Councilman D. A. Beattie, one of the handsomest on McDonough street, is now receiving its finishing touches.

Messrs. Parkins & Bruce have prepared plans for Mr. J. A. Traynham's residence on Peachtree street, and it is now under construction.

The plans for the new city hall, Rome, Georgia, were drawn by Messrs. Parkins & Bruce.

At the Klinball From Georgia

At the Kimball From Georgia.

John C Printup, Rome; F A Frost, LaGrange;
John D Pope, Albany; L B Winstock, Savannah; J
T Brown, Kingston: A A Gates, A G Driver, Lula;
George M Lester, W M Read, Marietta; J S Raine,
Atlanta; Judge and Mrs MJ Crawford, city: Lawrence Hartshorn, Savannah; Louis L Cohen, Rome;
C A Niles, N O Bowdoin, F G Balley, Griffin; J S
Holly, Bibb county.

At the Station House Green Sloan, charged with stealing five dollars in the Adams house, slept in cell No. 4 last

ight.
Meticus Winn was arrested about one o'clock
'is morning by Officers Starnes and Brooks. Winn
scharged with shooting ten Johnson.
Andy Hesterlee, a lunatic, made things lively on
Washington street and was taken in by Officer sley Lane, charged with larceny, is in cell

At ten o'clock yesterday morning W. H. Howard, the recent assistant registry clock in the Atlanta post-office, was taken before Un ted States Commissioner W. B. Smith for a preliminary trial upon a warrant charging him with robbing the mails.

warrant charging him with robbing the mails.

The prosecution was represented by J. S. Bigby,
United States district attorney, while Mr. Hoke
Smith appeared for the defense. The prisoner satboside his attorney, and with a sweeping glance
took in all that passed before him. Captain Frey,
the post-office inspector, and Defective Williams,
were behind the district attorney ready to produce
the evidence in their possession.

When the commissioner took his seat Attorney
Bigby arose and stated that they were not ready
for trial, and asked for the appointment of a day.
Mr. Smith, for the defense, responded by saying
that his client was not only ready, but anxious to
proceed with the investigation, and asked that the
day might be as early as possible. After quite a
consultation between Inspector Frey and Attorney
Bigby, the latter and Mr. Smith agreed upon Monday next, and the commissioner appointed that as

consultation between Inspector Frey and Attorney Bigby, the latter and Mr. Smith agreed upon Monday next, and the commissioner appointed that as the day for the preliminary hearing.

Mr. Hoke Smith then asked Commissioner Smith to fix the amount of the bond for Mr. Howard. He said that while there was no doubt about the appearance of his client, he hoped the bond would be a reasonable one in its amount. Before taking his seat Mr. Smith called the attention of the commissioner to the date af the warrant—December 31st—upon which Mr. Howard had been farested, and asked why it had been field so long and then executed at night when Mr. Howard could have been found in the day time. He stated that any amount would insure Howard's presence at the trial; that Howard had seen the publication of Ehrlich's arrest and was anticipating on that account a rearrest himself but that he did not think of avoiding it, as there was no truth in Ehrlich's published statement and that he did not fear a false charge.

At the conclusion of Mr. Smith's remarks, in which he made some very pointed references to Howar's being arrested at night and thrown in jail, when his friends were in bed and unable to come to his rescue, the commissioner assessed his bond at \$2,000. The bond was signed by Howard's father, and Howard and his friends left the court room.

Howard with persistency clings to his first statement, and says that he will be able to demonstrate conclusively his innocence. He declines to be interviewed.

Mr. Hoke Smith, his attorney, yesterday evening

ment, and says that he will be able to demonstrate conclusively his innocence. He declines to be interviewed.

Mr. Hoke Smith, his attorney, yesterday evening said to a Constitution reporter: "Before the first investigation it was claimed that conclusive proof could be brought against Mr. Howard, but on the trial the prosecution failed entirely to sustain the charges." He further said that his client felt no uneasiness about the result, and was perfectly willing to have a jury pass upon the case.

Entitle, upon whose statement Howard was rearrested is rill, in the Fulton county jail. Just what charge will be brought against him by the inspector cannot be said. He is a German and has enough sense to take care of himself. He declines to take to anyone upon his troubles, and seems to realize his position. His statement, which has been reduced to writing and acknowledged by him to be true and correct covers quite a space. In it he details many facts, which, if proven, will result disastrously to Howard and himself. He tells of a lavish expenditure of money and details the mirth and pleasure it gave at the time. The dates and amounts are given, and here is where the prosecution will attempt to produce corroborative evidence. The tone and character of the confession show rounds of dissipation rarely met with.

Inspector Frey is certain that he can establish beyond all doubt the truth of Ehrlich's story, and says, "I know what I am doing" He claims to be in possession of evidence that will convict both, and is ready for trial.

Mr. Booth, one of Inspector Frey's aids, and to whom Howard probably owes his first arrest, is perfectly familiar with the evidence that will be adduced, and says there can be no doubt as to the result.

Mr. Williamson, the secret service man who followed English to Division of the control of the definition of the details and the control of the definition of the control of the details and the control of the details and to whom Howard probably owes his first arrest, is perfectly familiar with th

sult.

Mr. Williamson, the secret service man who followed Ehrlich to Ohio, reiterates the convictions of his associates. Mr. Howard, however, takes the case coolly, and with a persistency rarely seen, adheres to his first statement. His friends claim, as is indicated above, that he knew Ehrlich would be returned and that he could have left the country if he had felt inclined, but that he preferred to stay and establish conclusively his innocence.

THE WHITEWASHERS

The Men Who Make Lime for the South Congregate In Atlanta.

Yesterday afternoon the Southern Lime associaon convened in their third annual session in the

tion convened in their third annual session in the gentlemen's parlor at the Markham house.

Major R. L. Pollard, of Youngsboro, Alabama, president of the association, called the meeting to order, and in a beautiful three minutes' speech expressed great pleasure at meeting so many mem-hors. bers.

The call of the roll ascertained that there were present representatives of twenty-five kilns located in Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina.

The journal of the last meeting was read and approved, after which the good of the order was generally discussed, every one present taking part in the debate and submitting valuable suggestions.

After attending to the usual routine of business an election of officers was entered into with the following result:

owing result: President—Maj. R. E. Pollard, of Youngsboro, Ala-

bama.
Vice President—Mr. J. D. Hardy, of Calera, Alabama.
Secretary and Treasurer—A, C. Ladd, of Atlanta.
Subsequent to this election the body retired to the banquet hall where they spent an hour in social chat while discussing the good things set before

chat while discussing the good things set before them.

The Southern lime association was organized three years ago. Then there were thirteen kilns represented in the organization, and upon a consolidation of the amount of lime produced it was ascertained that there were only about 150,000 barrels. Now there are twenty-five kilns in the association, and the annual production is over half a million barrels. Besides this the organization has succeeded in establishing a uniformity of price. In the association there is quite an amount of In the association there is quite an amount of capital invested. The Chewacla Lime works, of cast Alabama, about twenty miles from the Georgia line has a capital of \$100,000. It is a joint stock company, and, under the presidency of Major Pollard is doing a fine business.

J. D. Hardy & Co., at and near Calera, Alabama, have several klins, and rate their investment at \$75,000.

\$75,000.

B. B. Warren has \$30,000 invested in kilns at Long View, Alabama.

Ladd's lime works at Ladd, Georgia, has quite an amount invested, and ships to Atlanta annually 30,000 barrels of lime.

The Catoosa lime works, at Greysville. Georgia, belongs to C. W. Grey & Co., who value the investment at \$75,000.

The Lime Stone Springs company, of South Carolina, produce 25,000 barrels yearly and have good figures on their property.

Kimball liouse Rates. From the rates given below it appears that Scoville intends to give everybody a chance to stop at the Kimball. He tells us that his rate for translent guests are \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00 and \$1.00 per day, according to room; also has a number of rooms suitable for couples as permanent boarders at \$60.00, \$75.00, \$85.00, \$90.00, \$100.00 and upwards per month. We consider any one fortunate to secure a home at the Kimball under its present management.

New Year's. Owing to a misunderstanding an imperfect notice of New Year's receptions and calls appeared in Tuesday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION. In Sunday's supplement will appear a full and complete list.

PERSONAL.

J. B. Wrenn, of the Pennsylvania route, leaves to-night for Waukausn to attend the convention of the "Tack Hammers"

MISS FANNIE E. ROY'S STUDIO 16 Capitol Place,

(Old Crew street, between Mitchell and Peters.) Orders taken for Paintings in oils, water colors, on china, tiles, satin, silk, etc China fired. Instruction given in any of the above.

Miss Roy's training has been in the academy of design, and in the academy of fine arts at Chicago. Some of her oil painting were in the art hall or the exposition. Some may now be seen at Goodman's, 28 Whitehall. The latest style of home decoration is a fire screen, a sample of which may be seen in the show window at Snook's warerooms.

jan4 1w 2d col 8th p

Jan4 Iw 2d col 8th p

CUARDIAN'S SALE—WITHIN THE LEGAL
hours of sale on the first Tuesday in February
next before the Court-house door in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, two city lots, numbers thirty-two (32)
and thirty-three (33), each fronting fity-two and a
half (52/2) feet, more or less, on McDaniel street and
running back one hundred (100) feet, more or less,
east to city lots (31) thirty-one and thirty-four (34)
of the same subdivision, being part of the subdivision of the John A. Doake property fin the second
ward of the city of Atlanta, and in land lot eightysix (86) of said county of Fulton. Sold under authority of an order of the Court of Ordinary of
Floyd county, Georgia, as the property of Una S,
and Rollie C. Hammond, minots of said Floyd
county, for the purpose of reinvestment.

OTICE IS HEKEBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS

NOTICE IS HEKEBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having demands against the estate of Isaac 6. Mitchell, deceased, to present them to the undersigned for payment. Notice is also given to all persons indebted to the estate to call and settle with the undersigned. RUSSELL C. MITCHETT. Administrator of the estate of Isaac 6. Mitchell.

CHAMBERLIN, BOYNTON & CO. DRY GOO

Have on approbation a LARGE LOT of

HANDSOME DOLMANS AND FINE JACKETS, which they propose to sell at very low figures rather than return them to the manufacturer.

BEAUTIFUL LINE NEW CARPETS JUST RECEIVED.

NEW BOOTS AND SHOES JUST IN

AGENTS BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS

Below we publish a letter just received from a gentleman belonging to one of the first families in the state—well known in middle Georgia. It speaks for itself.

We are not at liberty to publish his name, but are authorized to show his letter to any one suffering with the same complaint, and give them a general history of his case.

We would say that in all our experience we have never known or heard of a more remarkable case—each member of our company knew the gentleman well and considered his case hopeless. Yours truly,

THE Swift Specific Co.

Atlanta, Ga., January 2, 1882.

December 29, 1881. Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.:

Gents: I have delayed thus long in writing Gents: I have delayed thus long in writing because I wanted to make "assurance doubly sure" in the trial of S. S. S. in my own case. And am, indeed, most happy to report that it has entirely eradicated every symptom of the disease from my system. Had I followed the advice of Tom Swift in years gone by it would have saved me ten long years of intense suffering. I have not felt the least return of the disease, and can fully and truly recommend it to all suffering from the scourge, and especially to the physicians in Macon, who knew my condition, and when I can positively my condition, and when I can positively assure them that it has not only relieved me of pain, but has entirely removed every symptom of the disease from my system, it ought to convince even them of its infallible quelifies.

qualities.

I do not care to have my name published, but you are at liberty to show my letter to those who formerly knew of my condition especially to Dr. M——, who is so celebrated with his 555 and 471. Let him take the worst case he can find he will be convinced against his orthodox principles. You can also call the attention of Drs. F., B., H., H. and H., to any letter, all of whom knew of my lamentable condition.

It is a shame that human kind should suffer from the prejudices of physicians to anything

from the prejudices of physicians to anything not laid down in the text books. Let me assure you of my gratitude, and be-lieve me ever, yours truly.

Second Baptist Church. Parties wishing to retain their pews, or reat fo his year, will please notify John H. James or John Pendleton. jan4 3t

The Best Thing I Ever Saw. MACON, GA., March 9, 1881.

Sanodine is the best thing I ever saw in a Livery Stable for abrasions of the skir.

W. C. TIMBERLAKE, Of Timberlake & Chapmans.

D. H. DOUGHERTY.

My business has been unusually large and very satisfactory for the past season, and I am very thankful to the public. I have decided to give them the advantage of decidedly reduced prices for the next thirty days. I am determined to reduce my stock, and you will find bargains throughout my entire house. Please call,

D. H. DOUGHERTY.

His Shoe department is unusually attractive. He keeps the very best goods in Ladies', Misses and Children's. His Gents' and Boys' boots and shoes are kept down stairs, where you can find anything you may wish at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

HOLIDAY GOODS GAY'S

JUST RECEIVED

The Largest and Most Superb Stock of Silk Scarfs and Silk Handkerchiefs

Ever shown in Atlanta. Full lines of Kid and other kinds of Gloves, Hosiery, Hats and a complete assortment of Men's, Boy's and Children's Clothing. Can't enumerate everything, but if you want to buy a present for anybody, from a child to an overgrown man, you will find it at

GAY'S CLOTHING HOUSE. 37 PEACHTREE STREET,

ATLANTA, :- GEORGIA

OVERCOATS!

REVERSIBLES!

ULSTERETTES!

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

Childs', in great variety and at prices that defy competition, at W. H. HROTHERTON'S.

W. H. BRUTHERTON'S

DRESS GOODS, SILKS

All wool black cashmere very

Black satin, a splendid article,

Colored satins in all colors,

Animmense stock dress goods

in all the latest novelties, at

prices that are far below their

W.H. BROTHERTON

Sole Agent in and for Atlanta for the sale of Mme. Demorest's

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

5c COUNTER!

Is the great wonder of the

age. Tin and Glassware, Knives

regular way in other houses for

nov5wla3wm

CEORGIA, JASPER COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

office, Monticello, Georgia, September 26, 1881.
John M Aaron, administrator of James C Aaron, deceased, represents to the Court in his petition duly filed that he has fully administered James C Aaron's estate;
All persons concerned are hereby notified to show cause, if any they can, why said administrator should not be discharged from his administration on the first Monday in January, 1882.

F. M. SWANSON, served wheather the property of the

Sep29 wlaw\$m

Ordinary.

EORGIA, MILTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

office, November 3d, 1881. Whereas, H. I.

Seale, administrator of Nuev Barrett, represents to the court in his petition, duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully administered Nancy Barrett's estate. This is, therefore, to cite all persons concerned, helfs and creditors, to show cause. If any concerned, helfs and creditors, to show cause. If any concerned, helfs and creditors, to show cause. If any concerned, helfs and instructor should not be discharged from his administrator should not be discharged from his administration and should not be discharged from his administrator should not be discharged from his administrator should not be discharged from his administrator should not be discharged from his administration and his administration and his administration and his administrator should not be discharged from his administration and his administration and his administration and his administration and hi

CEORGIA, MILTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S office, November 3d, 1881. Whereas, H. I seale, administrator of Faniel Butler, represents to the court in his petition duly filed and entered on record, that he has fully, administered Definal Butler's estate. This is, therefore, to cite all persons concerned, heirs and creditors, to show cause, if any

GEORG.A. MILTON COUNTY—ORDINARY office. November ad. 1881. Whereas, H. Scale, administrator of John R. Shrifey, representation and enter-

on record, that he has the referre, to cite all persone state. This is, therefore, to cite all persone state, the same referred to the concerned, heirs and ereditors, to show cause, sifey can, why said administration, and receive the charged from his administration, and receive for dispuission, on the first Monday in February nowswiaswm

W. H. NESBIT, Ordina

W. H. BROTHERTON'S

W. H. BROTHERTON'S.

superior goods, 40c.

handsome goods, 1.00.

striped silks, 5oc.

market value, at

Reliable Patterns.

the 5c Counter at

NOBBY BUSINESS SUITS! ELEGANT DRESS SUITS! LARGE INVOICE NE.W DESIGNS

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA.

W. H. BROTHERTON'S MILLINERY

MILLINERY

MILLINERY.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING CLOTHING.
Gents', Youths', Boys' and Presided over by Mrs. B. Lyon, assisted by Mrs. M. A. Durand. The finest retail millinery establishment south of Baltimore, at

W. H. BROTHERTON'S GREAT

IN PRICES OF

DRY GOODS.

I WANT TO CLOSE OUT MY

WINTER STOCK.

AND OFFER

ALL GOODS

-AT A-

GREAT REDUCTION.

FOR 30 DAYS and Forks, Spoons, and over one come and GET THEM!

W.H. BROTHERTON'S I Promise You I Will Not 25c. If you want bargains go to ADVERTISE a Reduction Without

PROVING IT

To all who will do me the favor

I make this offer now while the people still need

WINTER GOODS

Respectfully,

D.H. DOUGHERTY

We have moved our coal and lumber office from 10 N. Broad to 15 South Broad street, near the bridge. W. S. Wilson & Bro. jan3-dit tues wed fri sun

42 PEACHTREE ST. 44 ANDREW J. MILLER Has a Magnificent Line of New

Come and See Our Exqusite

Sole Agent for, in Atlanta, using the Francis Carr Furniture and Carpets at the same CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

Peachtree Street 44

IMPORTANT

JOHN KEELY'S BARGAINS FOR

NEW YEAR'S WEEK.

THERE IS MONEY IN IT

The Exposition is closed, and after a season of unprecedented

JOHN KEELY

Finds himself in a position to place the residue of his

IMMENSE EXPOSITION STOCK

On sale at prices which stagger belief. However, he is going to do it, and New Year's week Beautiful black, colored and will present such a

BONANZA

READ AND REMEMBER That if you want to secure some of the bargains you must do so at once, as they are placed on sale at prices to clear them out at a run!

SOME OF THE ITEMS! CLOAKS!

TO CLOSE OUT! TO CLOSE OUT! 111 Child's Cloaks, 4 and 6 years old, \$1.09 each, Reduced from \$2.25. Something wonderful: 217 Misses' Cloaks, 6 to 16 years old, \$1.25 each. The most videulously cheap garments ever offered in Atlanta! A few Ladies' Cloaks, will be closed our regardless of value!

NOW'S YOUR TIME! NOW'S YOUR TIME!

DOLMANS

To be Disposed Of.

thousand articles that sell in a YOU WILL NOT FIND FAULT WITH THE PRICE. About 50 Ladies' Ulsters, best quality, will be sold for prices preposterously low. Some 30 Heavy Ulsters, good goods, sold formerly at \$7.50, will be closed out \$2.75—a fearful bargain i About 100 Misses' Fine Cloaks, half price.

DRESS GOODS

GEORGIA, MILTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
Office, November 3d, 1881. Whereas, H. I.
seale, administrator of Robert Thompson, represents
to the court in his petition; duly filed and entered
on record, that he has fully administered Robert
Thompson's estate. This is, therefore, to cite all
persons concerned, heirs and cred tors, to show
cause, if any they can, why said administrator
should not be discharged from his administration,
and receive letters of dismission, on the first. Mcn.
day in February, 1882.

N. H. NESBIT,
novigilabum

C. CORGIA, JASPER COUNTY—ORDINARY'S

SOME SPLENDID LINES IN

ard, worth 30 cents any war 00 yards Heavy Blue Twilled Flannels, 20 cents rd, worsh 45 cents anywhere. tyards Good White Shaker Flannel, nearly a wide, 12% centsa yard, worth 25 cents. 00 yards Grey and Black Checked Twilled Flan-15 cents a yard, worth 25 cents.

BOULEVARDSKIRTS

100 Balmoral Skirts, 35 cents

BARGAINS

HOSIERY!

Bargains in Handkerchiefs! Bargains in Shirts and Men's Underwear!

Bargains in every Department! No Humbug!

No Catchpenny Stuff! FACTS!

JOHN KEELY'S

The Leader of Low Prices."